



Verizon
Internet
Gateway
for Business

**USER
GUIDE**



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01 /

INTRODUCTION

- 1.0** Inside the box
- 1.1** Getting to Know Your Verizon Internet Gateway for Business
- 1.2** Setting Up Your Verizon Internet Gateway for Business

INSIDE THE BOX

1.0/ INSIDE THE BOX

Inside the product package you should find the following items. Contact Verizon if any item is missing or damaged.

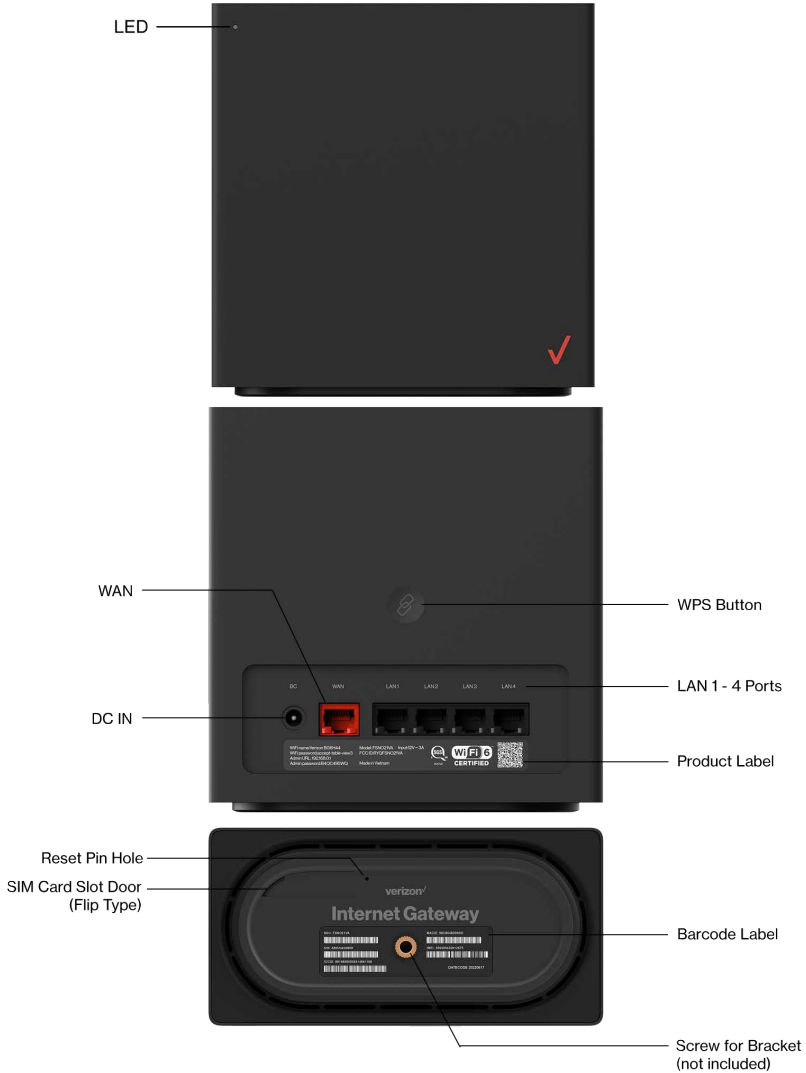
- Verizon Internet Gateway for Business
- Setup guide
- Power adapter
- Ethernet cable



1.1/ GETTING TO KNOW YOUR VERIZON INTERNET GATEWAY FOR BUSINESS

Your Verizon Internet Gateway for Business (Gateway) provides fast dual-band Wi-Fi (with channel steering) for all your devices, and features built-in network security as well as content controls, guest Wi-Fi and automatic software updates.

Take a moment to familiarize with your product:



GETTING TO KNOW YOUR VERIZON INTERNET GATEWAY FOR BUSINESS

1.1a/ RESET BUTTON

If you experience difficulties with your Gateway or you want to revert all settings that you have changed, the reset function allows you to reset the Gateway back to its factory default state. To perform a factory reset and return the Gateway to default settings, insert a pin into the reset button pin hole, press and hold the reset button for 3+ seconds. The LED will flash yellow to indicate a reset has been triggered, followed by fading in/out (white) while the Gateway restarts.

1.1b/ WPS BUTTON

WPS is an easy way to add supported Wi-Fi devices to your network. Press the WPS button on the back of the Gateway to activate WPS. You will need to activate WPS on your Wi-Fi device too. Refer to “3.1d/ Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS)” on page 40 for more information.

1.1c/ LED

The LED indicates the system and connection status, and WPS activity.

Front LED Mode	Status	LED Pattern
Bootup	System off	Off
	System booting	Soft blink white
	Firmware update	Fast blink white
Cellular signal (or after single click pair button)	Passing signal	Solid white
	No signal/cold SIM	Solid red
	No SIM card	Hard blink red
Regular usage	Setup complete	50% bright white
	Wi-Fi disabled by user	Solid green
Pairing	WPS pairing	Hard blink blue
Other	Factory reset	Fast blink lime
	Firmware error	Soft blink red

SETTING UP YOUR VERIZON INTERNET GATEWAY FOR BUSINESS

Ethernet Port LED Mode	Status	Left LED	Right LED
Wired LAN connection * Threshold level can be decided based on port capability	Ethernet > 100M* Link	Off	Solid white
	Ethernet > 100M* Activity	Off	Blinking white
	Ethernet < 100M* Link	Solid yellow	Off
	Ethernet < 100M* Activity	Blinking yellow	Off
	No Ethernet connection	Off	Off

1.2/ SETTING UP YOUR VERIZON INTERNET GATEWAY FOR BUSINESS

Your Gateway comes with a pre-installed SIM card and can be up and running in just a couple of minutes. The SIM card is only authorized for use in the Gateway. You may not remove the SIM card and insert it into another device.

1.2a/ POSITIONING YOUR GATEWAY

For the best wireless signal transmission from the Gateway to your network devices:

- Place the Gateway in a central area near a window.
- Avoid keeping the device in the basement to get better signal.
- Avoid having obstacles near the device, clear any objects near the window that could interfere with getting a signal.
- Keep the Gateway away from metal obstructions and away from direct sunlight.
- Keep the Gateway away from 802.11g or 20MHz only Wi-Fi devices, 2.4GHz computer peripherals, Bluetooth devices, cordless phones, transformers, heavy-duty motors, fluorescent lights, microwave ovens, refrigerators, and other industrial equipment to prevent signal interference or loss.

1.2b/ SETUP REQUIREMENTS

To configure your wireless network via computer, you need a computer that meets the following system requirements:

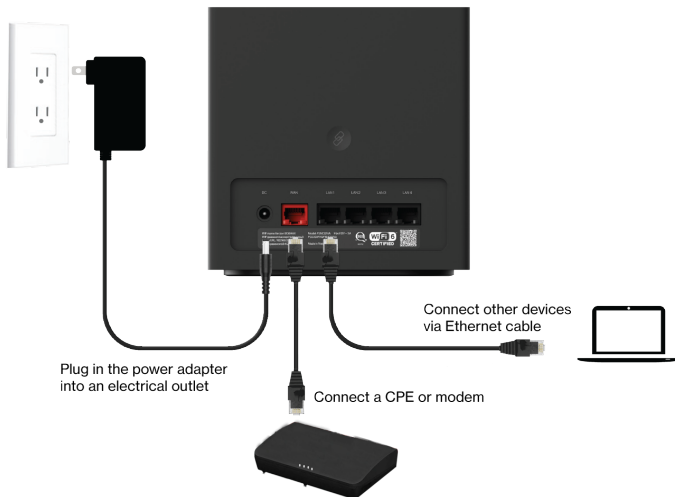
- For Wired Connection: Ethernet RJ-45 (LAN) port (10Base-T/100Base-TX/1000Base-TX)
- For Wi-Fi Connection: IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax wireless capability
- An installed TCP/IP service
- Web browser such as Microsoft Edge, Firefox, Safari, or Google Chrome

SETTING UP YOUR VERIZON INTERNET GATEWAY FOR BUSINESS

1.2c/ SETTING UP

Before you begin, if you are replacing an existing router, disconnect it. Remove all old router components, including the power supply. They will not work with your new Verizon Internet Gateway for Business.

1. Plug the Gateway into a power outlet with the included power adapter.
2. Wait for a couple of minutes for the Gateway to power up and establish an LTE/5G connection. The LED should display on (white) after starting up.
3. That's it! You can connect your wireless devices to the Gateway's Wi-Fi networks named Verizon_<your network> (check your Gateway's product label on the back side for your unique Wi-Fi network name and password). You can also connect Internet devices to your Gateway by connecting the device's LAN ports with an Ethernet cable.



- **Wi-Fi Network**

You can automatically connect your device to the Gateway by scanning the QR code on the product label.

To connect manually:

- i. Scan available Wi-Fi networks with your mobile device.
- ii. Select the Wi-Fi network named Verizon_<your network> from the list of discovered Wi-Fi networks. Check your Gateway's product label on the back side for your unique Wi-Fi network name.
- iii. Enter the password that is printed next to the Password on the label on the back of your Gateway.

The Gateway has one Wi-Fi name supporting 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz signals. The Self-Organizing Network (SON) feature lets your devices move between the two signals automatically for an optimized Wi-Fi connection.

4. Go to 2.2/ Main Screen to login to your Gateway and configure settings such as Wi-Fi security.

02 /

CONFIGURING YOUR VERIZON INTERNET GATEWAY FOR BUSINESS

- 2.0** Configure Your Verizon Internet Gateway for Business
- 2.1** Computer Network Configuration
- 2.2** Main Screen

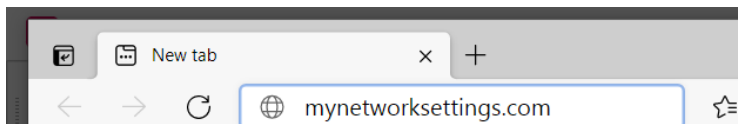
Connecting your Verizon Internet Gateway for Business and accessing its web-based User Interface (UI) are both simple procedures.

Accessing the UI may vary slightly, depending on your device's operating system and web browser.

CONFIGURE YOUR VERIZON INTERNET GATEWAY FOR BUSINESS

2.0/ CONFIGURE YOUR VERIZON INTERNET GATEWAY FOR BUSINESS

1. Open a web browser on the device connected to your Verizon Internet Gateway for Business network.
2. In the browser address field (URL), enter: <https://192.168.0.1>, then press the **Enter** key on your keyboard.



3. You may see a security message warning that **Your connection is not private** when you visit <https://192.168.0.1> for GUI management. To get to the login screen, click the **ADVANCED** button, then on [Proceed to 192.168.0.1 \(unsafe\)](#) link.



Your connection is not private

Attackers might be trying to steal your information from [192.168.0.1](#) (for example, passwords, messages, or credit cards). [Learn more](#)

NET:ERR_CERT_AUTHORITY_INVALID

To get Chrome's highest level of security, [turn on enhanced protection](#)

Hide advanced

Back to safety

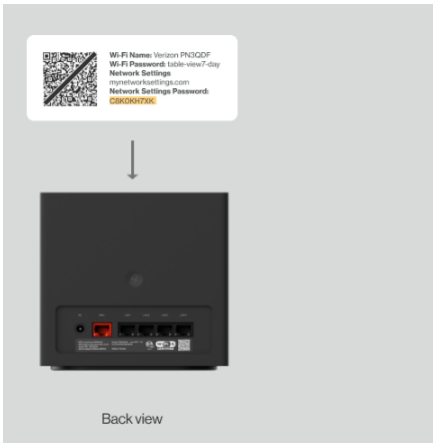
This server could not prove that it is [192.168.0.1](#): its security certificate is not trusted by your computer's operating system. This may be caused by a misconfiguration or an attacker intercepting your connection.

[Proceed to 192.168.0.1 \(unsafe\)](#)

4. The login screen will appear.

The first time you access your Gateway, an Easy Setup Wizard displays to help step you through the setup process.

5. On the **Log in to Verizon Internet Gateway** screen, enter the password that is printed next to the Password on the label on the back of your Gateway.



Log in to Verizon Internet Gateway

Enter the Network Settings Password located on the information sticker on your router.

Network Settings Password

Keep Me Signed In ⓘ

Log In

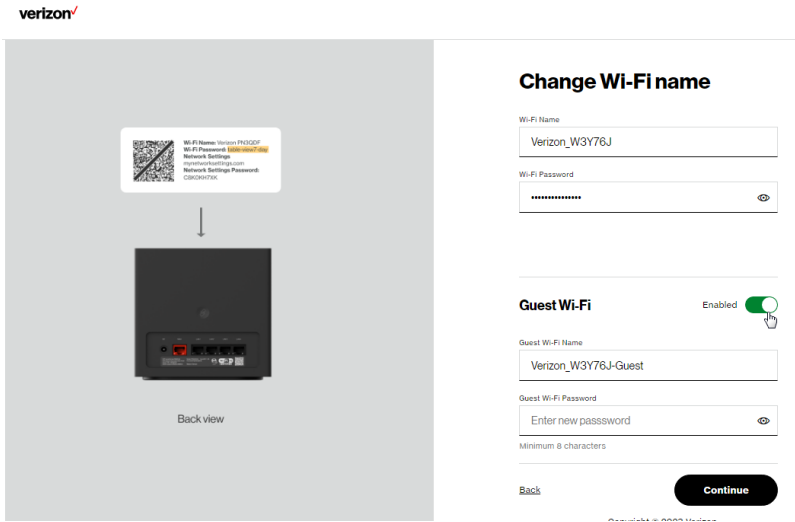
WiFi name: Verizon BG6H44
WiFi password: accept-table-view3
Admin URL: 192.168.0.1
Admin password: B4QC49SWQ

Model: FSNO21VA Input: 12V ~ 3A
FCC ID: RYQFSNO21VA
Made in Vietnam



6. Click **Continue**. The **Change Wi-Fi name** screen displays. Move the selector to **on** for setting up your **Guest Wi-Fi** to personalize your Guest Wi-Fi Name and Password.

CONFIGURE YOUR VERIZON INTERNET GATEWAY FOR BUSINESS



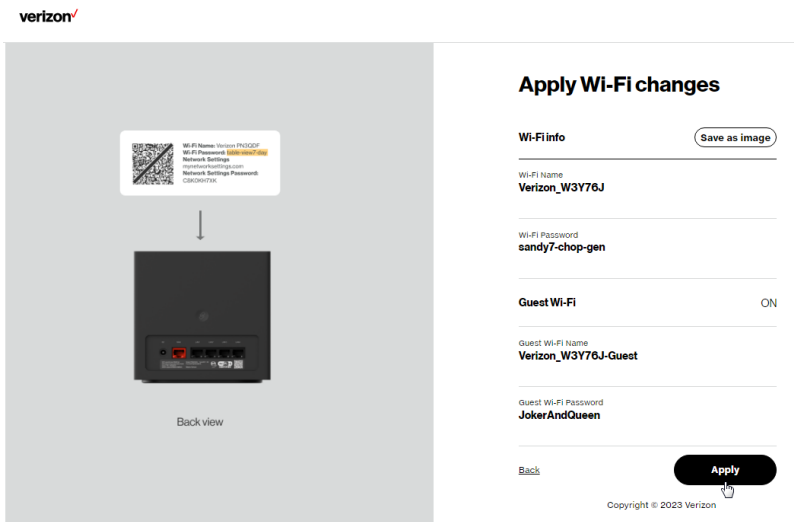
For your protection, your Gateway is pre-set at the factory to use WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access II) encryption for your Wi-Fi network. This is the best setting for most users and provides security.

7. Click **Continue**. The **Apply Wi-Fi changes** screen appears. You have an option of saving the Wi-Fi settings as an image on your device by clicking the **Save as image** button. After you click **Save as image** to save your Wi-Fi settings as an image, click **Apply** to save the Wi-Fi changes to Gateway.

Note: If you select **Save as image**, the image file is saved to your web browser's download folder.

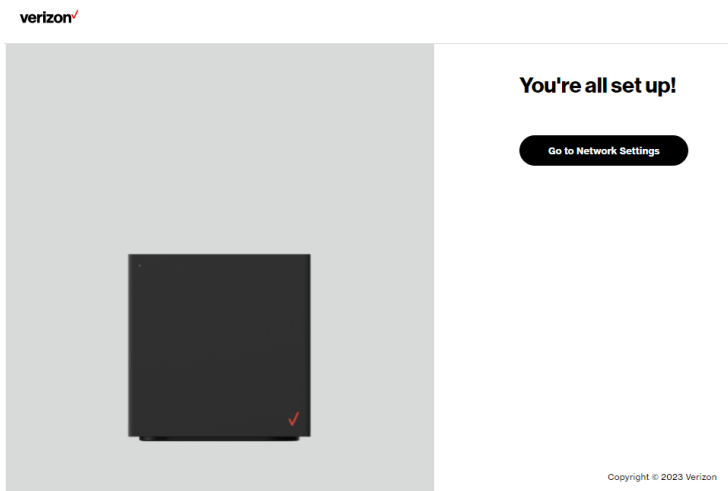
Important: If you are on a Wi-Fi device when setting up your Gateway, you will be disconnected from the Wi-Fi network

when you change the Wi-Fi name or Wi-Fi password. When this occurs, your Gateway will detect this situation and prompt you to reconnect using the new settings.



The **You're all set up!** screen displays once your Gateway verifies the final settings and has successfully connected to the internet and is ready for use. You can click on **Go to Network Settings** to access the main screen of the Gateway.

CONFIGURE YOUR VERIZON INTERNET GATEWAY FOR BUSINESS



If your Gateway is subsequently reset to the factory default settings, the settings printed on the label will again be in effect.

If your Gateway fails to connect, follow the troubleshooting steps in the Troubleshooting section of this guide.

2.1/ COMPUTER NETWORK CONFIGURATION

Each network interface on your computer should either automatically obtain an IP address from the upstream Network DHCP server (default configuration) or be manually configured with a statically defined IP address and DNS address. We recommend leaving this setting as it is.

2.1a/ CONFIGURING DYNAMIC IP ADDRESSING

To configure a computer to use dynamic IP addressing:

WINDOWS 7/8

1. In the Control Panel, locate **Network and Internet**, then select **View Network Status and Tasks**.
2. In the **View your active networks – Connect or disconnect** section, click **Local Area Connection** in the **Connections** field. The Local Area Connection Status window displays.
3. Click **Properties**. The Local Area Connection Properties window displays.
4. Select **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)**, then click **Properties**. The Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties window displays.
5. Click the **Obtain an IP address automatically** radio button.
6. Click the **Obtain DNS server address automatically** radio button, then click **OK**.
7. In the Local Area Connection Properties window, click **OK** to save the settings.
8. To configure Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6) to use dynamic IP addressing, repeat steps 1 to 7. However for step 4, select **Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)** in the **Properties** option (refer to IPv6 section for Gateway configuration).

COMPUTER NETWORK CONFIGURATION

WINDOWS 10

1. On the Windows desktop, click on the **Start** icon. Select **Settings** and click **Network & Internet**.
2. In the Network & Internet, click **Ethernet**.
3. Select **Network and Sharing Center**. The **View your basic network information and set up connections** window displays.
4. In the **View your active networks**, click **Ethernet** in the **Connections** field. The **Ethernet Status** window displays.
5. Click **Properties**. The **Ethernet Properties** window displays.
6. Select **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)**, then click **Properties**. The **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties** window displays.
7. Click the **Obtain an IP address automatically** radio button.
8. Click the **Obtain DNS server address automatically** radio button, then click **OK**.
9. In the **Local Area Connection Properties** window, click **OK** to save the settings.
10. To configure Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6) to use dynamic IP addressing, repeat steps 1 to 9. However for step 6, select **Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)** in the **Properties** option (refer to IPv6 section for Gateway configuration).

MACINTOSH OS X

1. Click the **Apple** icon in the top left corner of the desktop. A menu displays.
2. Select **System Preferences**. The System Preferences window displays.
3. Click **Network**.
4. Verify that **Ethernet**, located in the list on the left, is highlighted and displays **Connected**.
5. Click **Assist Me**.
6. Follow the instructions in the Network Diagnostics Assistant.

2.1b/ CONNECTING OTHER COMPUTERS AND NETWORK DEVICES

You can connect your Gateway to other computers or set top boxes using an Ethernet cable or Wi-Fi connection.

ETHERNET

1. Plug one end of an Ethernet cable into one of the Ethernet ports on the back of your Gateway.
2. Plug the other end of the Ethernet cable into an Ethernet port on the computer.
3. Repeat these steps for each computer to be connected to your Gateway using Ethernet.

COMPUTER NETWORK CONFIGURATION

CONNECTING A WI-FI DEVICE USING WPS

Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) is an easier way for many devices to set up a secure Wi-Fi network connection. Instead of manually entering passwords or multiple keys on each Wi-Fi client, such as a laptop, printer, or external hard drive, your Gateway creates a secure Wi-Fi network connection.

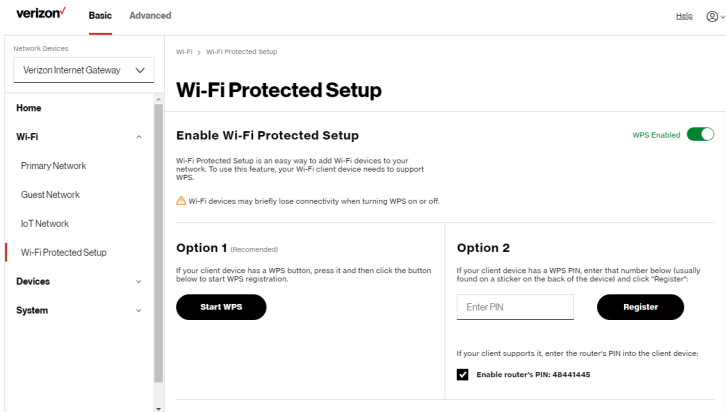
In most cases, this only requires the pressing of two buttons – one on your Gateway and one on the Wi-Fi client. This could be either a built-in button or one on a compatible Wi-Fi adapter/card, or a virtual button in software. Once completed, this allows Wi-Fi clients to join your Wi-Fi network.

To initialize the WPS process, you can either press and hold the WPS button located on the rear of your Gateway for more than two seconds or use the UI and press the on-screen button.

You can easily add Wi-Fi devices to your Wi-Fi network using the WPS option if your Wi-Fi device supports the WPS feature.

To access WPS using the user interface:

1. From the **Basic** menu, select **Wi-Fi** settings, then click **Wi-Fi Protected Setup**.



2. Enable the protected setup by moving the selector to on.
3. Use one of the following methods:
 - If your Wi-Fi client device has a WPS button, press the WPS button on your Gateway for more than two seconds, then click the **Start WPS** button in **Option 1** to start the WPS registration process.
 - If your client device has a WPS PIN, locate the PIN printed on the client's label or in the client documentation. Enter the PIN number in **Option 2** on the user interface.
 - Click **Register**.
 - Alternatively, you can enter the Gateway's PIN shown on this screen into the WPS user interface of your device, if this PIN mode is supported by your Wi-Fi device.

COMPUTER NETWORK CONFIGURATION

4. After pressing the WPS button on your Gateway, you have two minutes to press the WPS button on the client device before the WPS session times out.

When the WPS button on your Gateway is pressed, the Status LED on the front of your Gateway begins flashing blue. The flashing continues until WPS pairing to the client device completes successfully. At this time, the Status LED turns solid blue.

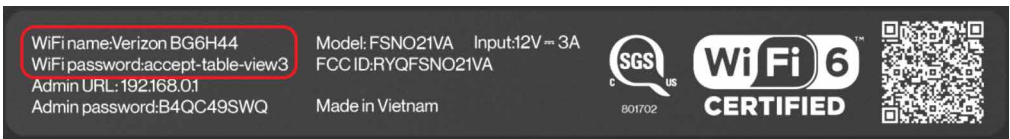
If WPS fails to establish a connection to a Wi-Fi client device within two minutes, the Status LED on your Gateway flashes red for two minutes to indicate the WPS pairing process was unsuccessful. After flashing red, the light returns to solid white to indicate that Wi-Fi is on.

Note: Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) cannot be used if WPA3 security is enabled or SSID broadcast is disabled or if MAC address authentication is enabled with an empty white list.

CONNECTING A WI-FI DEVICE USING A PASSWORD

1. Verify each device that you are connecting with Wi-Fi has built-in Wi-Fi or an external Wi-Fi adapter.
2. Open the device's Wi-Fi settings application.
3. Select the Wi-Fi network name (SSID) of your Gateway from the device's list of discovered Wi-Fi networks.
4. When prompted, enter your Gateway's Wi-Fi password (WPA2 or WPA3 key) into the device's Wi-Fi settings. Your

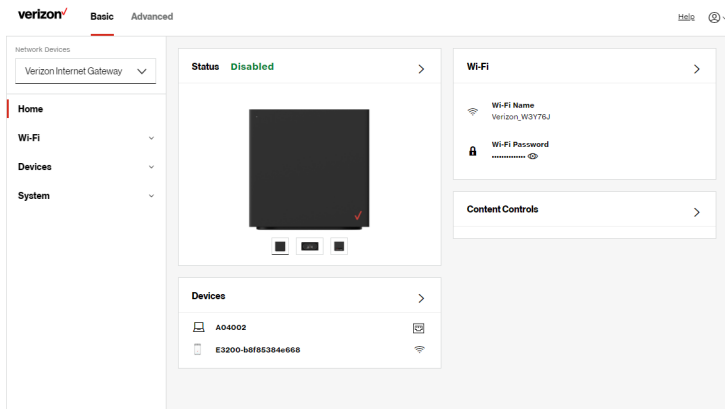
Gateway's default Wi-Fi network name and password are located on the sticker on the back of your Gateway.



5. Verify the changes were implemented by using the device's web browser to access a site on the internet.
6. Repeat these steps for every device that you are connecting with Wi-Fi to your Gateway.

2.2/ MAIN SCREEN

When you log into your Gateway, the dashboard main page displays the navigation menus of Basic and Advanced settings, Wi-Fi settings, Devices, Content Controls, and connection status, and Basic quick links.



MAIN SCREEN

The configuration options available via the left-hand main menu are described in the following chapters:

- Basic Settings
 - System - this chapter
 - Wi-Fi - Chapter 3
 - Devices - Chapter 4
- Advanced Settings - Chapter 5

2.2a/ SYSTEM

SYSTEM STATUS

To view the status:

1. Access the dashboard **Home** page.
2. You can quickly view your Gateway's status by clicking **System\System Status** on the screen. This section displays the status of your Gateway's local network (LAN) and internet connection (WAN), firmware and hardware version numbers, MAC Address, IP settings of Verizon Internet Gateway for Business and Wi-Fi extender(s) (if connected).

System Status Auto-refresh Refresh

WAN1 (Ethernet)

Broadband IPv4	Broadband IPv6
Status Disconnected	Status Disconnected
IPv4 address is from: DHCP	IPv6 address is from: DHCPv6-FD
IPv4 address	Delegated Prefix
Subnet Mask	IPv6 Address
IPv4 Default Gateway	Link-Local Address
IPv4 DNS Address 1	IPv6 Default Gateway
IPv4 DNS Address 2	IPv6 DNS Address 1
NATs Supported (used / max) 0 / 30000	IPv6 DNS Address 2

System Status Auto-refresh Refresh

WAN2 (Cellular)

Broadband IPv4	Broadband IPv6
Status Disconnected	Status Disconnected
IPv4 address is from: Cellular Modem	IPv6 address is from: Cellular Modem
IPv4 address	Assigned Prefix
Subnet Mask	IPv6 Address
IPv4 Default Gateway	Link-Local Address
IPv4 DNS Address 1	IPv6 Default Gateway
IPv4 DNS Address 2	IPv6 DNS Address 1
NATs Supported (used / max) 0 / 30000	IPv6 DNS Address 2

MAIN SCREEN

verizon **Basic** Advanced Help

Network Devices
Verizon Internet Gateway

Home

Wi-Fi

Devices

System

System Status

Open Source Software

System > System Status

System Status

Auto-refresh **Refresh**

Modem

Firmware Version
NIS-SDX62-8140-0000-B01

Mobile Number
-

IMEI
356405430010752

ICCID
89148000008314862495

Sim Status
Ready

Roaming Status
-

4G LTE Signal Strength
-

5G Signal Strength
-

verizon **Basic** Advanced Help

Network Devices
Verizon Internet Gateway

Home

Wi-Fi

Devices

System

System Status

Open Source Software

System > System Status

System Status

Auto-refresh **Refresh**

Router

Firmware Version
3.2.0.6-eng0

Hardware Version
4.0

Model Name
FSN021WA

Serial Number
ABH23300946

LAN IP Address
192.168.0.1

Broadband MAC address
98:C8:54:80:98:1D

Broadband Physical Connection
Disconnected

Router has been active for
0 days(s) 5 hours 1 minutes 13 seconds

LED Status
LTE coverage only / No signal

verizon **Basic** Advanced Help

Network Devices
Verizon Internet Gateway

Home
Wi-Fi
Devices
System
System Status
Open Source Software

System > System Status

System Status

Auto-refresh **Refresh**

Extender

Device Name
E3200-6985384e668

Model Name
E3200

Firmware Version
3.11.15

Hardware Version
1102

Serial Number
E30120071800005

MAC Address
88 F8 53 84 E6 68

System Up Time
0 days 2 hours 54 minutes 23 seconds

LED Status
Extender is too close to the Router. Poor Wi-Fi coverage

Backhaul Type
5 GHz Wi-Fi

Play Rate
1.8 Mbps

Wi-Fi Band

verizon **Basic** Advanced Help

Network Devices
Verizon Internet Gateway

Home
Wi-Fi
Devices
System
System Status
Open Source Software

System > System Status

System Status

Auto-refresh **Refresh**

Backhaul Type
5 GHz Wi-Fi

Play Rate
1.7 Mbps

Wi-Fi Band
5 GHz

Wi-Fi Protocol
AX

Channel
Ch. 144

Channel Width
80 MHz

Security
WPA2

IPv6 Address
192.168.0.100

IPv6 Address

Subnet Mask
255.255.255.0

Default Gateway
192.168.0.1

MAIN SCREEN

OPEN SOURCE SOFTWARE

The screenshot shows the Verizon Basic menu interface. At the top, the Verizon logo is on the left, and 'Basic' and 'Advanced' are in the center. On the right, there is a 'Help' icon and a user profile icon. Below the navigation bar, the left pane shows a dropdown menu for 'Verizon Internet Gateway' and a list of menu items: Home, Wi-Fi, Devices, System, System Status, and Open Source Software. The 'System' item is expanded, and 'Open Source Software' is selected. The main content area displays the title 'Open Source Software' and the following text: 'This product includes software made available under open source licenses. Additional information about that software, applicable licenses, and downloadable copies of source code, is available at: <https://verizon.com/opensource/>. All open source software contained in this product is distributed WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY. All such software is subject to the copyrights of the authors and to the terms of the applicable licenses included in the download. This information is provided for those who wish to edit or otherwise change such programs. You do not need a copy of any of such open source software source code to install or operate the device.' At the bottom right, it says 'Copyright © 2023 Verizon'.

To view: From the **Basic** menu, select **System** from the left pane and then click **Open Source Software**.

03 /

WI-FI SETTINGS

- 3.0** Overview
- 3.1** Basic Settings
- 3.2** Advanced Settings

Wi-Fi networking enables you to free yourself from wires, making your devices more accessible and easier to use.

You can create a Wi-Fi network, including accessing and configuring Wi-Fi security options.

OVERVIEW

3.0/ OVERVIEW

Your Verizon Internet Gateway for Business provides you with Wi-Fi connectivity using the 802.11a, b, g, n, ac or ax standards. These are the most common Wi-Fi standards.

802.11b has a maximum data rate of 11 Mbps, 802.11a and 802.11g have a maximum data rate of 54 Mbps, 802.11n has a maximum data rate of 450 Mbps, 802.11ac has a maximum data rate of 3.12 Gbps, and 802.11ax has a maximum data rate of 4.8 Gbps.

802.11b and g standards operate in the 2.4 GHz range. 802.11ac operates in the 5 GHz range. 802.11n and ax operate in both the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz ranges.

Note: 802.11a, 802.11b, and 802.11g are legacy modes and are not recommended. Even one such device connected to the network will slow your entire Wi-Fi network.

The Wi-Fi service and Wi-Fi security are activated by default. The level of security is preset to WPA2 encryption using a unique default WPA2 key (also referred to as a passphrase or password) pre-configured at the factory. This information is displayed on a sticker located on the back of your Gateway.

Your Gateway integrates multiple layers of security. These include Wi-Fi Protected Access, and firewall.

WiFi name:Verizon BG6H44
WiFi password:accept-table-view3
Admin URL: 192.168.0.1
Admin password:B4QC49SWQ

Model: FSNO21VA Input:12V ~ 3A
FCC ID:RYQFSNO21VA

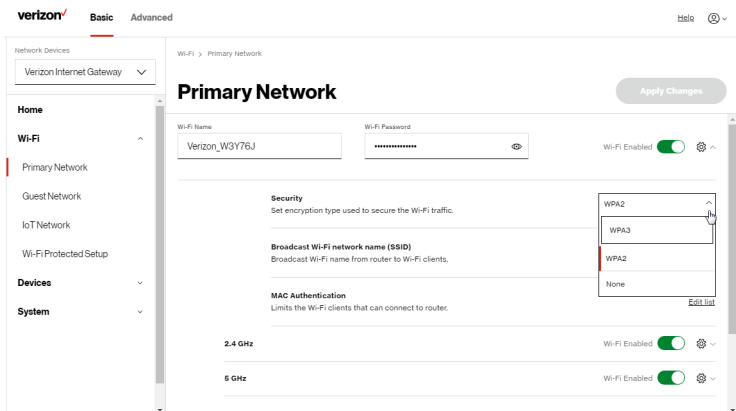
Made in Vietnam



3.1/ BASIC SETTINGS

3.1a/ PRIMARY NETWORK

You can configure the basic security settings for either 2.4 GHz or 5 GHz of your Wi-Fi network.



To configure the basic security radio, SSID and security settings:

1. From the **Basic** menu, select **Wi-Fi** from the left pane and then click **Primary Network**.
2. To activate the Wi-Fi radio, move the selector to **on**. If the radio is not enabled, no Wi-Fi devices will be able to connect to the office network.
3. If desired, enter a new name and password for the Wi-Fi network or leave the default name and password that displays automatically.

Note: The SSID is the network name. All devices must use the same SSID.

BASIC SETTINGS

4. To configure the Wi-Fi **Security**, click the setup  button and select **WPA2** or **WPA3**.

Caution: These settings should only be configured by experienced network technicians. Changing the settings could adversely affect the operation of your Gateway and your local network.

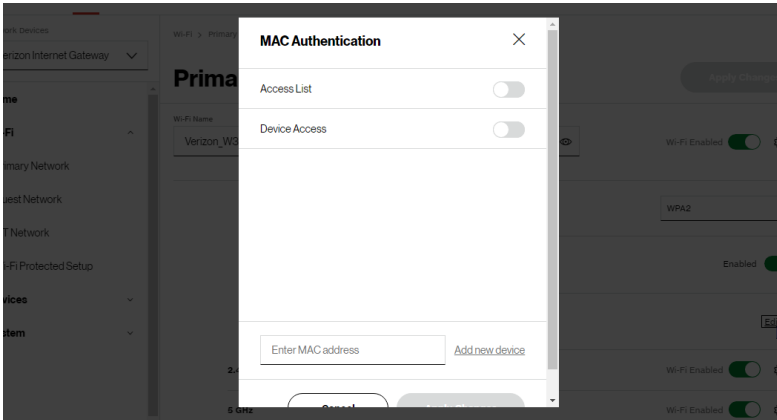
- **Broadcast Wi-Fi network name (SSID)**

You can configure the Gateway's SSID broadcast capabilities to allow or disallow Wi-Fi devices from automatically using a broadcast SSID name to detect your gateway Wi-Fi network.

- To enable SSID broadcasting, move the selector to **on**. SSID broadcast is enabled by default. The SSID of the Wi-Fi network will be broadcast to all Wi-Fi devices.
- To disable SSID broadcasting, move the selector to **off**. The public SSID broadcast will be hidden from all Wi-Fi devices. You will need to manually configure additional Wi-Fi devices to join the Wi-Fi network.

- **MAC Authentication**

You can configure your Gateway to limit access to your Wi-Fi network to only those devices with specific MAC addresses.



To set Wi-Fi MAC authentication:

1. To setup access control, click on the **Edit List**.
2. Select either:
 - **Access List** – allows the listed devices to access the Wi-Fi network.

Warning: This will block Wi-Fi network access for all devices not in the list. Only devices in the list will be able to connect to the Wi-Fi network.

- **Device Access** – Wi-Fi devices will be able to access the Wi-Fi network if they use the correct Wi-Fi password.
3. Enter the MAC address of a device and click **Add new device**.
4. Repeat step 2 and step 3 to add additional devices, as needed.

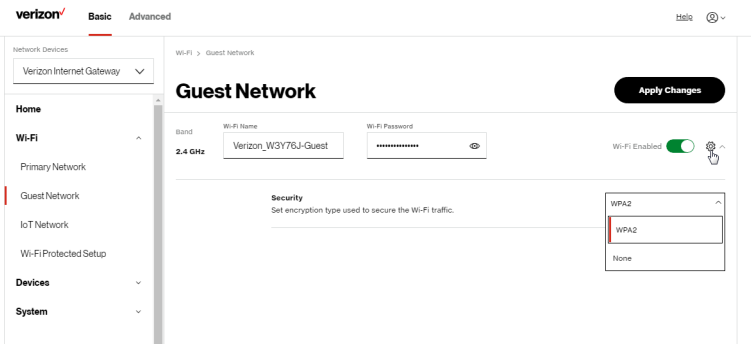
BASIC SETTINGS

5. When all changes are complete, click **Apply Changes** to save the changes.

3.1b/ GUEST NETWORK

The **Guest Network** is designed to provide internet connectivity to your guests while restricting access to your primary network and shared files. The primary network and the guest network are separated from each other through firewalls. You create one Guest Wi-Fi SSID and one password, and use it for all guests. The guest network SSID does not change when you make a change to your primary network SSID.

The Verizon Internet Gateway for Business is shipped from the factory with Guest Wi-Fi turned off. The default SSID for Guest Wi-Fi is preconfigured at the factory to the default Wi-Fi network name (SSID) which is displayed on a sticker located on the back of the Gateway followed by hyphen guest (-Guest). For example, if the Gateway is shipped with a default SSID of “Verizon-ABCDE” then the default SSID for Guest Wi-Fi is “Verizon-ABCDE-Guest”.



To configure the security settings for your guest network:

1. From the **Basic** menu, select **Wi-Fi** and then click **Guest Network**.
2. Move the selector to **on**.
3. If desired, enter a new name and password for the Wi-Fi network or leave the default name and password that displays automatically.
4. Press **Apply Changes** to save the changes.

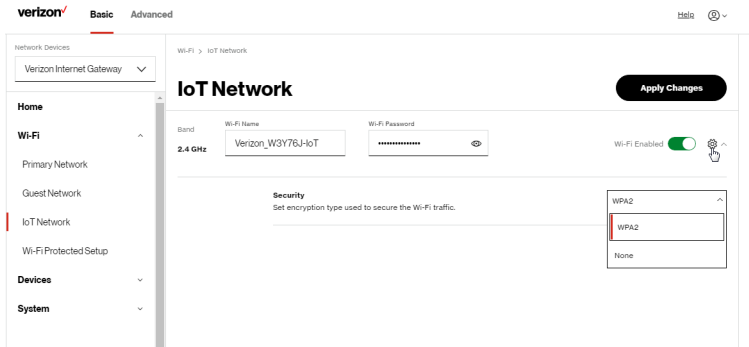
***Important:** It is not recommended to create a guest network without a password.*

3.1c/ IOT NETWORK

The Gateway supports connection of multiple IoT devices on a separate Wi-Fi SSID. The IoT Network is designed to provide an easier setup experience for your Internet of Things (IoT) devices which benefit from connecting to the 2.4 GHz band while keeping your Primary Network settings unchanged. IoT devices and Primary devices can communicate with no firewall restrictions separating them.

The Gateway is shipped from the factory with IoT Wi-Fi turned off. The default SSID for IoT Wi-Fi is preconfigured at the factory to the default Wi-Fi network name (SSID) which is displayed on a sticker located on the back of the Gateway followed by hyphen IoT (-IoT). For example, if the Gateway is shipped with a default SSID of “Verizon-ABCDE” then the default SSID for IoT Wi-Fi is “Verizon-ABCDE-IoT”.

BASIC SETTINGS



To enable IoT Wi-Fi link:

1. From the **Basic** menu, select **Wi-Fi** and then click **IoT Network**.
2. Move the selector to **on**.
3. If desired, enter a new name and password for the Wi-Fi network or leave the default name and password that displays automatically.
4. Press **Apply Changes** to save the changes.

3.1d/ WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP (WPS)

Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) is an easier way for many devices to set up a secure Wi-Fi network connection. Instead of manually entering passwords or multiple keys on each Wi-Fi client, such as a laptop, printer, or external hard drive, your Gateway creates a secure Wi-Fi network connection.

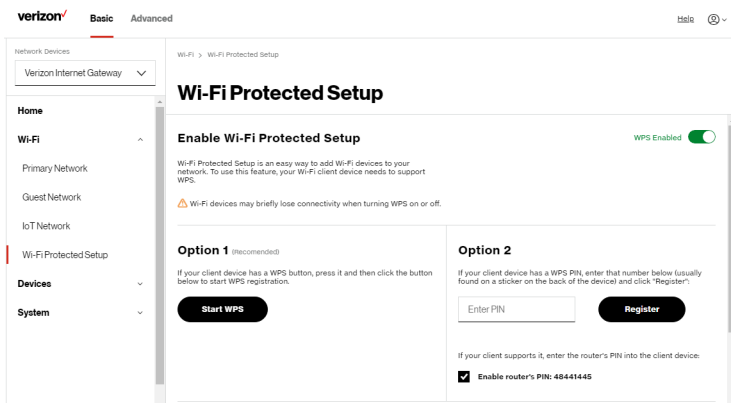
In most cases, this only requires the pressing of two buttons – one on your Gateway and one on the Wi-Fi client. This could be either a built-in button or one on a compatible Wi-Fi adapter/card, or a virtual button in software. Once completed, this allows Wi-Fi clients to join your Wi-Fi network.

To initialize the WPS process, you can either press and hold the WPS button located on the rear of your Gateway for more than two seconds or use the UI and press the on-screen button.

You can easily add Wi-Fi devices to your Wi-Fi network using the WPS option if your Wi-Fi device supports the WPS feature.

To access WPS using the user interface:

1. From the **Basic** menu, select **Wi-Fi** and then click **Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS)**.



2. Enable the protected setup by moving the selector to **on**.

BASIC SETTINGS

3. Use one of the following methods:
 - If your Wi-Fi client device has a WPS button, press the WPS button on your Gateway for more than two seconds, then click the **Start WPS** button in **Option 1** to start the WPS registration process.
 - If your client device has a WPS PIN, locate the PIN printed on the client's label or in the client documentation. Enter the PIN number in **Option 2** on the user interface.
 - Click **Register**.
 - Alternatively, you can enter the Gateway's PIN shown on this screen into the WPS user interface of your device, if this PIN mode is supported by your Wi-Fi device.
4. After pressing the WPS button on your Gateway, you have two minutes to press the WPS button on the client device before the WPS session times out.

When the WPS button on your Gateway is pressed, the Status LED on the front of your Gateway begins flashing blue. The flashing continues until WPS pairing to the client device completes successfully. At this time, the Status LED turns solid white.

If WPS fails to establish a connection to a Wi-Fi client device within two minutes, the Status LED on your Gateway flashes red for two minutes to indicate the WPS pairing process was unsuccessful. After flashing red, the light returns to solid white to indicate that Wi-Fi is on.

Note: Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) cannot be used if WPA3 security is enabled or SSID broadcast is disabled or if MAC address authentication is enabled with an empty white list.

3.2/ ADVANCED SETTINGS

3.2a/ PRIMARY NETWORK

Self-Organizing Network (SON)

The Verizon Internet Gateway for Business supports 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz signals. The Self-Organizing Network (SON) feature lets your devices move between the two signals automatically for an optimized Wi-Fi connection.

The screenshot shows the Verizon Internet Gateway for Business Advanced Settings page. The left sidebar contains navigation options: Home, Wi-Fi, Primary Network (selected), Guest Network, IoT Network, Wi-Fi Protected Setup, Radio Management, Devices, Security & Firewall, Network Settings, and Diagnostics & Monitoring. The main content area is titled "Primary Network" and includes an "Apply Changes" button. The "Self-Organizing Network (SON)" section is expanded, showing a description: "Allow devices to move seamlessly between Wi-Fi bands and extenders, when connected." The "SON Enabled" toggle is turned on. Below this, the "Wi-Fi Name" is set to "Verizon_W3Y76J" and the "Wi-Fi Password" is masked with asterisks. The "Wi-Fi Enabled" toggle is also turned on. The "Security" section shows "WPA2" selected for encryption. The "Broadcast Wi-Fi network name (SSID)" toggle is turned on. The "MAC Authentication" section is partially visible, with a link to "Edit list". At the bottom, the "2.4 GHz" section is partially visible, with its "Wi-Fi Enabled" toggle turned on.

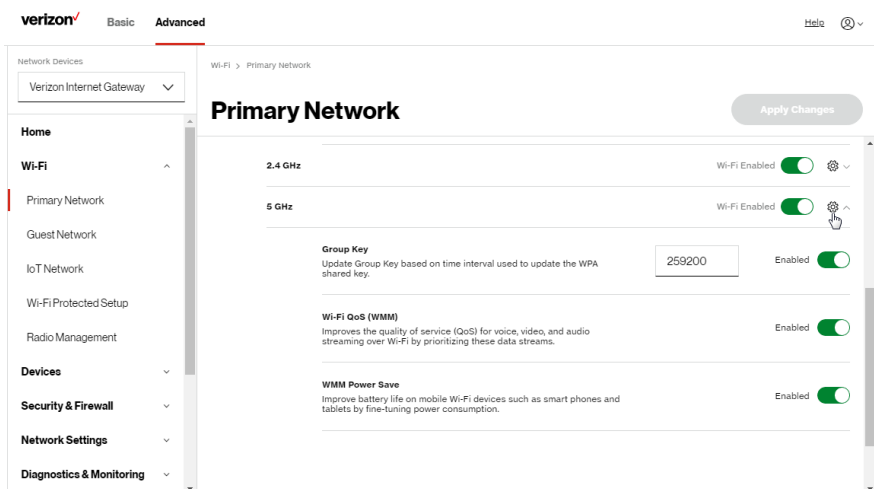
ADVANCED SETTINGS

To configure SON, Wi-Fi radio, SSID and security settings:

1. From the **Advanced** menu, select **Wi-Fi** from the left pane and then click **Primary Network**.
2. To enable SON, move the selector to **on**.
3. To activate the Wi-Fi radio, move the selector to **on**. If the radio is not enabled, no Wi-Fi devices will be able to connect to the primary network.
4. If desired, enter a new name and password for the Wi-Fi network or leave the default name and password that displays automatically.

Note: The SSID is the network name. All devices must use the same SSID.

5. To configure the Wi-Fi security, click the setup  button.



The screenshot displays the Verizon Advanced Settings interface for the Primary Network. The left sidebar shows the navigation menu with 'Wi-Fi' selected. The main content area is titled 'Primary Network' and includes an 'Apply Changes' button. The settings are as follows:

Setting	Value / Status
2.4 GHz Wi-Fi Enabled	Enabled
5 GHz Wi-Fi Enabled	Enabled
Group Key (Update Group Key based on time interval used to update the WPA shared key)	259200, Enabled
Wi-Fi QoS (WMM) (Improves the quality of service (QoS) for voice, video, and audio streaming over Wi-Fi by prioritizing these data streams)	Enabled
WMM Power Save (Improve battery life on mobile Wi-Fi devices such as smart phones and tablets by fine-tuning power consumption)	Enabled

***Caution:** These settings should only be configured by experienced network technicians. Changing the settings could adversely affect the operation of your Gateway and your local network.*

- **Group key** - to update the WPA shared key, move the selector to on.
- **Wi-Fi QoS (WMM)** - improves the quality of service (QoS) for voice, video, and audio streaming over Wi-Fi by prioritizing these data streams.
- **WMM Power Save** - improves battery life on mobile Wi-Fi devices such as smart phones and tablets by fine-tuning power consumption.

ADVANCED SETTINGS

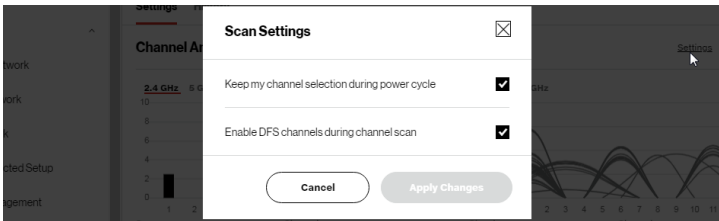
3.2b/ RADIO MANAGEMENT

You can configure the channel settings for the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz band(s) of your Wi-Fi network.

The screenshot displays the Verizon Wi-Fi management interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Basic' and 'Advanced', with 'Advanced' selected. A 'verizon' logo is on the left, and a 'Help' icon is on the right. The main content area is titled 'Radio Management' and includes an 'Apply Changes' button. Below the title are 'Settings' and 'History' tabs, with 'Settings' active. The 'Channel Analysis' section features two graphs: a bar chart for 'Score' (0-10) across channels 1-11, and a line graph for 'Signal' (-90 to -10) across channels 1-14. A 'Recent scan' timestamp is shown as 'January 6, 2080 12:08:51 AM'. The 'Channel Settings' section at the bottom includes fields for 'Band' (2.4 GHz), 'Channel' (Ch. 1 (Auto)), 'Width' (20/40MHz), and 'Health' (2.49), along with a 'Radio Enabled' toggle switch.

To view and configure the channel settings:

1. From the **Advanced** menu, select **Wi-Fi** and then click **Radio Management**.
2. Click on **Settings** on the top right-hand side of the **Radio Management** page to configure the channel scan settings:



- Select the **Keep my channel selection during power cycle** check box to save your channel selection when your Gateway is rebooted.
- **Enable DFS channels during channel scan:** DFS channels are enabled by default during channel scans.

***Note:** DFS channels are a subset of the 5 GHz network that is shared with radar systems. Some consumer devices do not support these channels and cannot connect to gateways using them. Examples include some media streaming devices. Disabling this feature will allow the Gateway to select the best available channel to broadcast on and allow these devices to connect.*

- Press **Apply Changes** to save the changes.
3. Click **Scan** to perform a channel availability scan for the Gateway to identify the radio channels providing the best Wi-Fi performance.
 4. On the **Radio Management** page for either 2.4 GHz or 5 GHz, the following information displays and can be configured:

ADVANCED SETTINGS

- **Channel Analysis** - scans and displays channel bandwidth and signal strength of available APs. **Channel Score** displays a network congestion score of zero to ten in each Wi-Fi channel. It can be used to determine which channels to use or to avoid. Higher score indicates less congestion in a channel.
- **Channel Settings** - this is the radio channel used by the Wi-Fi router and its clients to communicate with each other. The channel must be the same on the Gateway and all of its Wi-Fi clients. Select the channel you want the Wi-Fi radio to use to communicate, or accept the default (**Auto**) channel selection. Then the Gateway will automatically assign itself a radio channel.
- **Width** - displays the bandwidth available to the Wi-Fi channel currently in use on each band. Users can select from available channels.
- **802.11 Mode**

You can limit the Wi-Fi access to your network by selecting the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz Wi-Fi communication standard best suited for the devices you allow to access your Wi-Fi network.

Select the Wi-Fi mode as follows:

- **Compatibility** – This is the default mode setting on 5 GHz, providing a good balance of performance and interoperability with existing Wi-Fi devices. 802.11a,n,ac and ax devices can connect.

- Legacy – This is the default mode setting on 2.4 GHz, providing broad connection support for old and new Wi-Fi devices. 802.11a,b,g,n and ac devices can connect.

Notes:

802.11n is available on both 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz frequencies.

Connecting 802.11a, b or g devices will cause your Wi-Fi network to slow on that radio and is not recommended.

To view the channel settings history:

1. From the **Advanced** menu, select **Wi-Fi** and then click **Radio Management**.
2. Click on **History** to display the channel settings history.

The screenshot shows the Verizon Business Internet Gateway interface. The top navigation bar includes the Verizon logo, 'Basic', and 'Advanced' (which is selected). On the right, there are links for 'Help' and a user profile icon. The main content area is titled 'Radio Management' and has two tabs: 'Settings' and 'History' (which is active). A table displays the channel settings history with the following data:

Band	Channel	Time	Date
2.4 GHz	Ch. 1	N/A	N/A
5 GHz	Ch. 144	N/A	N/A
5 GHz	Ch. 157	07:33pm	01 / 05 / 80
5 GHz	Ch. 140	07:33pm	01 / 05 / 80
5 GHz	Ch. 157	07:32pm	01 / 05 / 80
5 GHz	Ch. 140	07:32pm	01 / 05 / 80
2.4 GHz	Ch. 11	N/A	N/A

04 /

CONNECTED DEVICES

- 4.0** Device Settings
- 4.1** Setting Content Controls
- 4.2** Universal Plug & Play

You can view the settings of the network devices connected to the network of your Verizon Internet Gateway for Business.

The abundance of harmful information on the internet poses a serious challenge for employers and parents alike as they ask “How can I regulate what my employee or child does on the internet?”

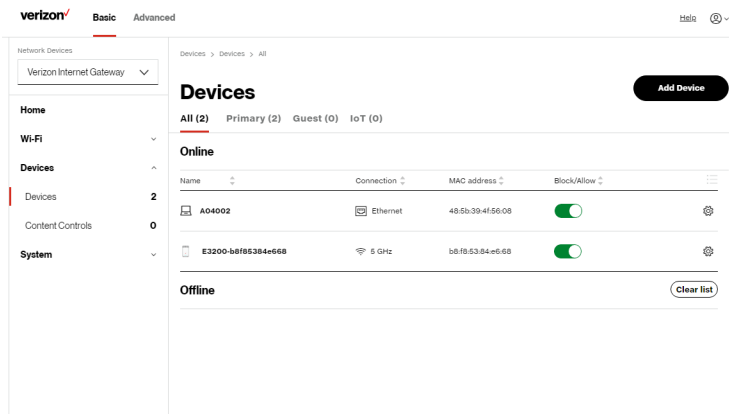
With that question in mind, the Content Controls of your Gateway were designed to allow control of internet access on all locally networked devices.

DEVICE SETTINGS

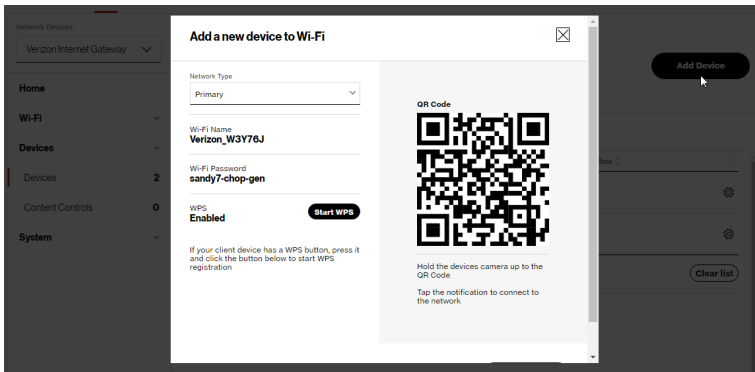
4.0/ DEVICE SETTINGS

To view and manage the connected devices on your network:

1. From the **Basic** menu, select **Devices** from the left pane.
2. The screen displays information about connected devices including **Device Name** and identifiers, **Content Controls**, the type of network connection, and settings that you can view and configure.



3. To easily add a new device to the network:
 - i. Click **Add Device** button on the screen.
 - ii. Select the preferred **Network Type** from the dropdown list (**Primary**, **Guest** or **IoT**).
 - iii. Scan the provided QR code with the new device's camera.
 - iv. Tap the push notification to connect the device to your network.



- v. You can add the new device to your Wi-Fi network by clicking the **Start WPS** button if your Wi-Fi device supports the WPS feature. Refer to “3.1d/ Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS)” on page 40 for detailed information.
- vi. Click **Done** to save the changes.

- 4. Click and drag the horizontal scrolling bar to the right on the screen for device configuration.
- 5. Click the **Block/Allow** option to quickly disable/enable a device from having internet access.

For additional information about blocking websites, refer to “Setting Content Controls” on page 57.

- 6. Click the Settings icon to access the **Device Settings** page for that device:

DEVICE SETTINGS

verizon **Basic** Advanced Help

Network Devices
Verizon Internet Gateway


Home
Wi-Fi
Devices
Devices 2
Content Controls 0
System

Devices > Devices > Device Settings

Device Settings

Save

Device Information

Device:  Extender Online

Name: E3200-s8f85384e668

Host Name: E3200-s8f85384e668

Location: Select

Mobility: Portable

Device Add-Ons

Port Forwarding N/A	DMZ host N/A
Access Control N/A	DNS Server N/A

verizon **Basic** Advanced Help

Network Devices
Verizon Internet Gateway

Home
Wi-Fi
Devices
Devices 2
Content Controls 0
System

Devices > Devices > Device Settings

Device Settings

Save

Device Connection

Connection Info

Connection: Wi-Fi / 5 GHz

Connection Type: 802.11ax

Frequency: 5

Protocol Supported: AX

Encryption: WPA2

Radio Configuration: 4 x 4 : 4

PHY Rate / Modulation Rate: 192.1 Mbps

RSSI: -8

SNR:

Network Info

Mac Address: bb:1b:53:64:e6:68

Connected to: FSN021VA

IPv4 Address: 192.168.0.100

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

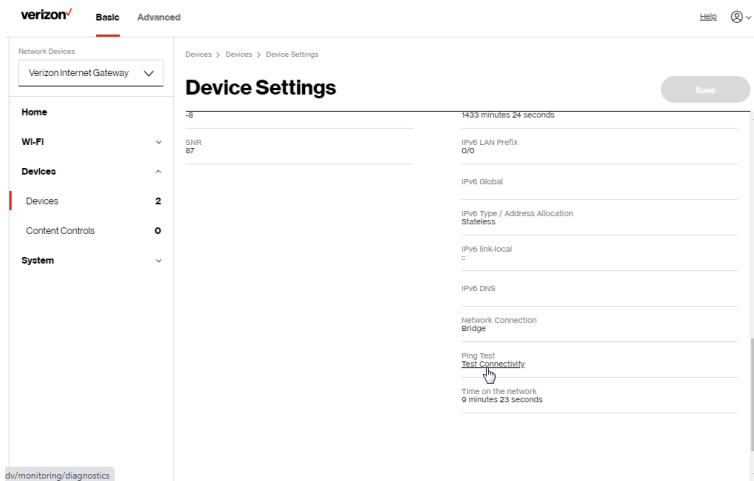
IPv4 DNS: 192.168.0.1

IPv4 Address Allocation: Dynamic

Lease Type: DHCP

DHCP lease time remaining: 1433 minutes 24 seconds

IPv6 LAN Prefix:



– Device Information:

Device Type, Name/Host Name, Location, and Mobility

- Displays the current known information of the device. These can be updated or corrected as needed. Click **Edit** and **Save** to apply any changes.

– Device Add-Ons

Port Forwarding - Port Forwarding allows your network to be exposed to the internet in specific limited and controlled ways. For example, you could allow specific applications, such as video conferencing, voice, and chat, to access servers in the local network. To access the Port Forwarding page, click the setup button.

DEVICE SETTINGS

For additional information, refer to the Port Forwarding section in Chapter 5 Configuring Advanced Settings.

Access Control - Access Control restricts access from the local network to the internet. To access the Access Control page, click the setup button.

For additional information, refer to the Access Control section in Chapter 5 Configuring Advanced Settings.

DMZ host - DMZ host allows a single device on your primary network to be fully exposed to the internet for special purposes such as an email server. To access the DMZ host page, click the setup button.

For additional information, refer to the section in Chapter 5 Configuring Advanced Settings.

DNS Server - DNS Server manages the DNS server host name and IP address. To access the DNS Server page, click the setup button.

For additional information, refer to the section in Chapter 5 Configuring Advanced Settings.

– **Device Connection**

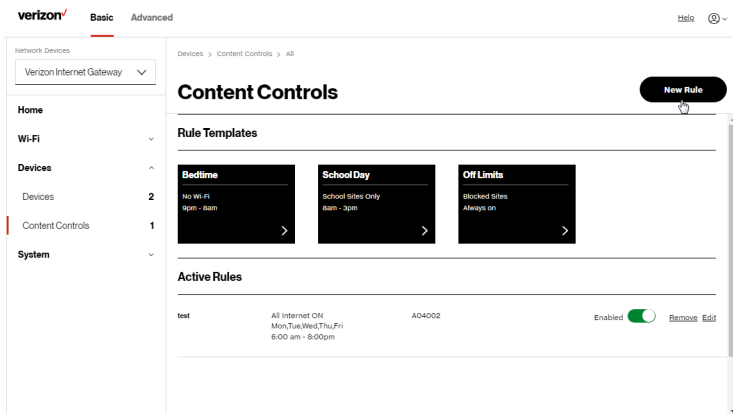
- This section provides the device MAC Address, Access Point information the device is connected to as well as the IPv4 Address of the device.
- This section displays Connection information of how and how well the device is connected to the Access Point. It also displays the Network related information, including IPv6 addresses and a **Ping Test** option.

4.1/ SETTING CONTENT CONTROLS

4.1a/ ACTIVATING CONTENT CONTROLS

You can create a basic access policy by using the provided **Rule Templates** for any computer or device on your Gateway network. Content Controls limit internet access to specific websites based on a schedule that you create.

Access can be limited on specific websites or keywords embedded in a website. For example, you can block access to the 'www.anysite.com' as well as block any website that has the word 'any' in its site name.

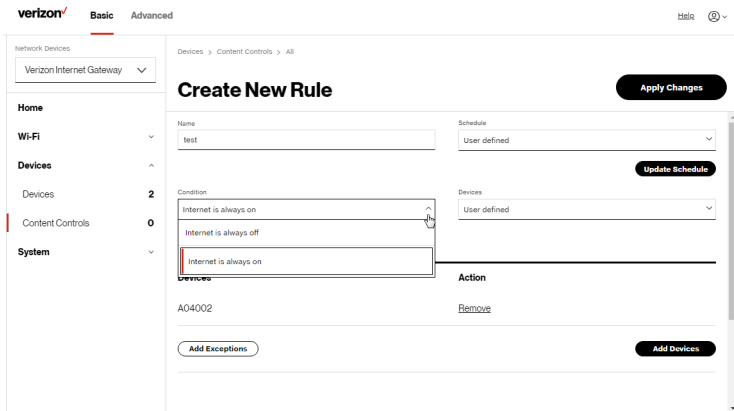


To limit device access:

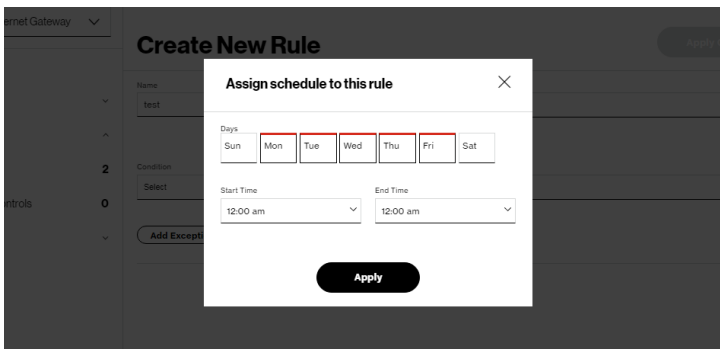
1. From the **Basic** menu, select **Devices** from the left pane and then click **Content Controls**.

SETTING CONTENT CONTROLS

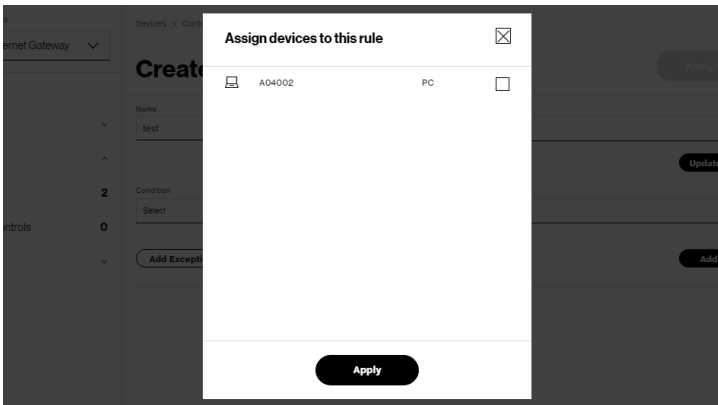
2. To use the default **Rule Templates**, select one of the pre-defined rules as shown on screen to quickly setup access policy for devices on your network.
3. To create a new access policy, click on the **New Rule** and the configuration page displays.



4. Create a rule name.
5. Create a **Schedule** by selecting **User defined** from the dropdown list.



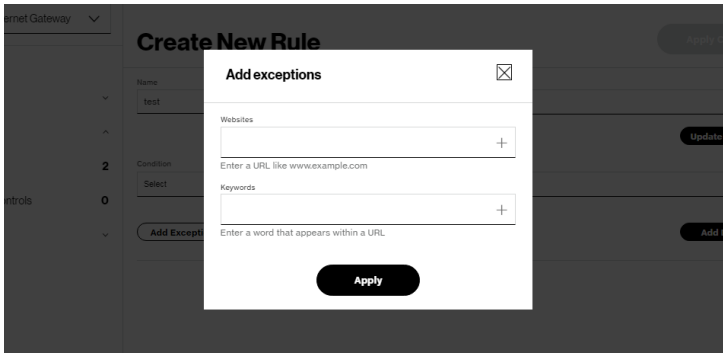
6. Select the days of the week when the rule will be active or inactive.
7. Set the time when the rule will be active or inactive, then specify the start time and end time.
8. Click **Apply** to save changes.
9. Select the **Condition** rule of **Internet is always off/Internet is always on** to block/allow the access to all internet websites.
10. Create the **Devices** rule by selecting **User defined** from the dropdown list and select the computers or clicking **Add Devices** to add a device where you are limiting access.



11. Click **Apply** to save changes.
12. To remove a device from the list, click **Remove** for the assigned device.

SETTING CONTENT CONTROLS

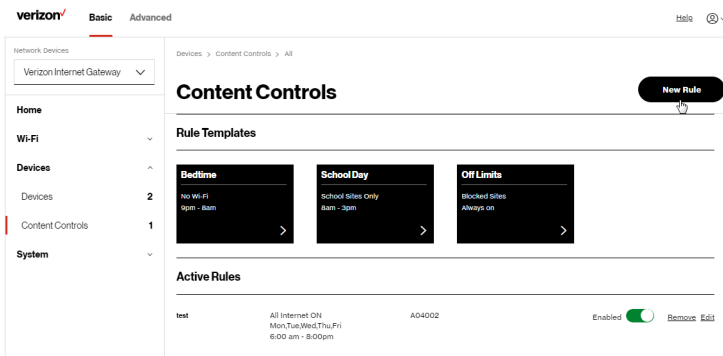
13. Click **Add Exceptions** for the following exception options:
 - Enter the name of the website or keywords within a URL to block/allow the specified websites and websites with names containing the specified keyword.



14. Click **Apply** to save changes.

4.1b/ ACTIVE RULES

You can view the rules created for your Gateway shown on the **Content Controls** page.



4.2/ UNIVERSAL PLUG & PLAY

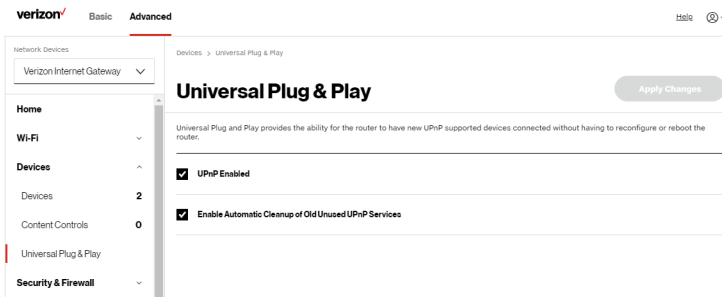
You can use Universal Plug and Play (UPnP) to support new devices without configuring or rebooting your Gateway.

In addition, you can enable the automatic cleanup of invalid rules. When enabled, this functionality verifies the validity of all UPnP services and rules every five minutes. Old and unused UPnP defined services are removed, unless a user-defined rule depends on it.

UPnP services are not deleted when disconnecting a computer without proper shutdown of the UPnP applications, such as messenger. Services may often not be deleted and eventually this leads to the exhaustion of rules and services. No new services can be defined. The cleanup feature locates the invalid services and removes them, preventing services exhaustion.

To access this setting:

1. From the **Advanced** menu, select **Devices** from the left pane and then click **Universal Plug & Play**.



UNIVERSAL PLUG & PLAY

2. To enable UPnP and allow UPnP services to be defined on any network hosts, select the **UPnP Enabled** check box.
3. To enable automatic cleanup of invalid rules, select **Enable Automatic Cleanup of Old Unused UPnP Services** check box.
4. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

05 /

CONFIGURING ADVANCED SETTINGS

- 5.0** Security & Firewall
- 5.1** Network Settings
- 5.2** Diagnostics & Monitoring
- 5.3** System

Advanced settings cover a wide range of sophisticated configurations for your Verizon Internet Gateway for Business' firmware, security setup and network.

The security suite of your Gateway includes comprehensive and robust security services, such as stateful packet inspection, firewall security, user authentication protocols, and password protection mechanisms.

These and other features help protect your computers from security threats on the internet.

This chapter covers the following advanced features:

Security & Firewall

- General Firewall – manages the security level for the firewall.
- Access Control – restricts access from the local network to the internet.
- DMZ Host – allows a single device on your primary network to be fully exposed to the internet for special purposes such as video conferencing.
- IPv6 Pinholes – provides access tunnel to a service on a host for a particular application.
- Port Forwarding – enables access from the internet to specified services provided by computers on the local network.
- Port Forwarding Rules – displays port forwarding rules.
- Port Triggering – defines port triggering entries to dynamically open the firewall for some protocols or ports.
- Scheduler Rules Settings – limits the activation of firewall rules to specific time periods.
- SIP ALG – supports the Application Layer Gateway for Session Initiation Protocol.

Network Settings

- ARP Table – displays active devices with their IP and MAC addresses.
- DNS Server – manages the DNS server host name and IP address.
- Dynamic DNS – allows a static domain name to be mapped to the dynamic IP address.
- IPv4/IPv6 Address Distribution – adds computers configured as DHCP clients to the network.
- IPv6 – enables IPv6 support.
- MAC Cloning – clones the MAC address.
- NDP (Neighbor Discovery Protocol) Table – displays active devices with their IPv6 and MAC addresses of DHCP connection.
- Network Connections – displays and manages the details of a specific network connection.
- Network Objects – defines a group, such as a group of computers.
- Port Configuration – sets up the Ethernet ports as either full- or half-duplex ports, at either 10 Mbps, 100 Mbps, or 1000 Mbps.
- Routing – manages the routing and IP address distribution rules.

Diagnostics & Monitoring – performs diagnostic tests and displays the details and status of:

- Bandwidth Monitoring
- System Logging
- Full Status/System wide Monitoring of Connections/Traffic Monitoring
- Backhaul Logging

Advanced System Settings

- Date & Time Settings – sets the time zone and enables automatic time updates.
- Factory Reset – resets your Gateway to its default settings.
- LED Brightness – controls the Status LED light to either dim or brighten.
- Reboot Router – restarts your Gateway.
- Remote Administration - enables remote configuration of your Gateway from any internet-accessible computer.
- System Settings – sets up various system and management parameters.

5.0/ SECURITY & FIREWALL

The firewall is the cornerstone of the security suite for your Gateway. It has been exclusively tailored to the needs of the residential or office user and is pre-configured to provide optimum security.

The firewall provides both the security and flexibility that office users seek. It provides a managed, professional level of network security while enabling the safe use of interactive applications, such as video conferencing.

Additional features, including surfing restrictions and access control, can also be configured locally through the user interface or remotely by a service provider.

The firewall regulates the flow of data between the local network and the internet. Both incoming and outgoing data are inspected, then either accepted and allowed to pass through your Gateway or rejected and barred from passing through your Gateway, according to a flexible and configurable set of rules. These rules are designed to prevent unwanted intrusions from the outside, while allowing local network users access to internet services.

The firewall rules specify the type of services on the internet that are accessible from the local network and types of services in the local network that are accessible from the internet.

SECURITY & FIREWALL

Each request for a service that the firewall receives is checked against the firewall rules to determine whether the request should be allowed to pass through the firewall. If the request is permitted to pass, all subsequent data associated with this request or session is also allowed to pass, regardless of its direction.

For example, when accessing a website on the internet, a request is sent to the internet for this site. When the request reaches your Gateway, the firewall identifies the request type and origin, such as HTTP and a specific computer in the local network. Unless your Gateway is configured to block requests of this type from this computer, the firewall allows this type of request to pass to the internet.

When the website is returned from the web server, the firewall associates the website with this session and allows it to pass; regardless HTTP access from the internet to the local network is blocked or permitted. It is the origin of the request, not subsequent responses to this request, which determines whether a session can be established.

5.0a/ SETTING FIREWALL CONFIGURATION

You can select a normal, high, or low security level to limit, block, or permit all traffic. The following table shows request access for each security level.

Security Level	Internet Requests Incoming Traffic	Local Network Requests Outgoing Traffic
High	Blocked	Limited
Normal	Blocked	Unrestricted
Low	Unrestricted	Unrestricted

The request access is defined as:

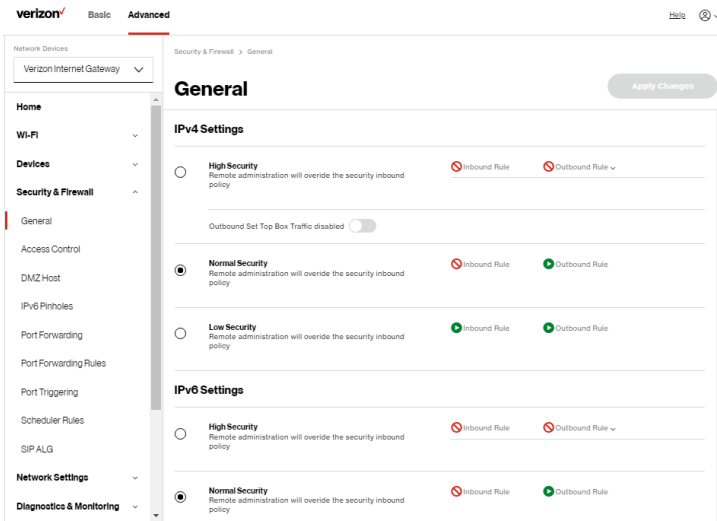
- Blocked traffic – no access allowed, except as configured in Port Forwarding and Remote Access
- Limited – permits only commonly used services, such as email and web browsing
- Unrestricted – permits full access of incoming traffic from the internet and allows all outgoing traffic, except as configured in Access Control

SPECIFYING GENERAL SETTINGS FOR IPV4 OR IPV6

To set your firewall configuration:

1. From the **Security & Firewall General** settings page, click on desired **IPv4 settings/IPv6 settings** option to configure IPv4/IPv6 security.

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2. Select a security level by clicking one of the radio buttons. Using the **Low Security** setting may expose the local network to significant security risks, and should only be used for short periods of time to allow temporary network access.
3. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

5.0b/ ACCESS CONTROL

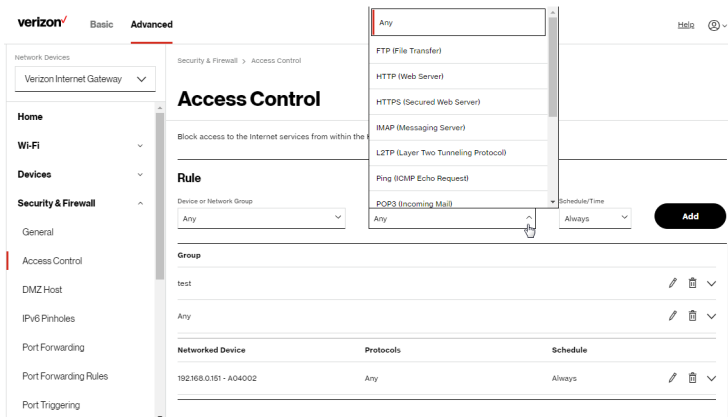
You can block individual computers on your local network from accessing specific services on the internet. For example, you could block one computer from accessing the internet, then block a second computer from transferring files using FTP as well as prohibit the computer from receiving incoming email.

Access control incorporates a list of preset services, such as applications and common port settings.

ALLOW OR RESTRICT SERVICES

To allow or restrict services:

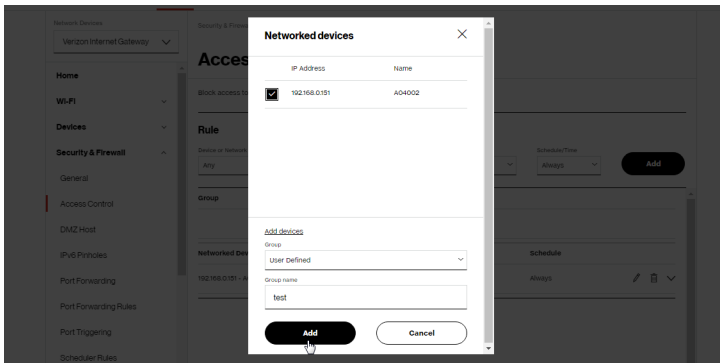
1. From the **Advanced** menu, select **Security & Firewall** from the left pane and then click **Access Control**. The **Access Control** page opens with the allowed and blocked status displayed. The allowed section only displays when the firewall is set to maximum security.



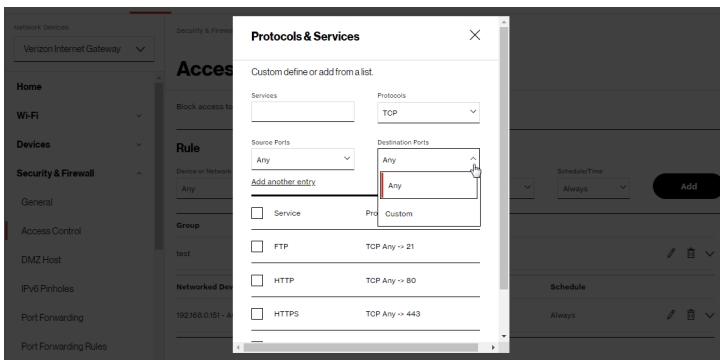
2. To apply the rule to:
 - Networked Device or Network Group - select **Any**.
 - Specific devices only – select networked device or **User Defined**.
3. Select the networked device to be allowed or blocked in the list.

SECURITY & FIREWALL

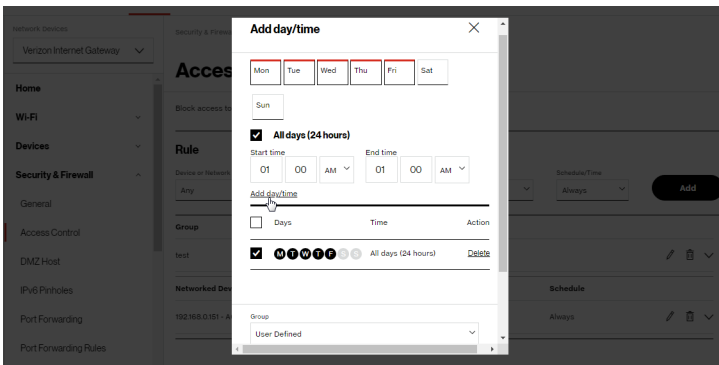
4. In the **Add devices**, enter the group name, then click **Add**. The new network group is automatically added to the **Access Control** section.



5. To block a service, select the internet protocol to be blocked in the **Protocol** field.
6. If the service is not included in the list, select **User Defined**, define the service, then click **Add another entry**.
7. Click **Add**. The service is automatically added to the **Access Control** section.



- Specify when the rule is active as **Always** or **User Defined**.
- Specify days of the week, and set the start time and end time when the rule will be active or inactive.



- Click **Add day/time** to create the schedule time and choose the schedule rule by clicking on the check box on the screen.
- Click **Add** to apply the changes.
- The **Access Control** page displays a summary of the new access control rule.
- To modify the current settings, click the edit icon in the action column and then the **Apply** button.
- To remove an access restriction, click the trash icon. The rule is removed from the Access Control table.

SECURITY & FIREWALL

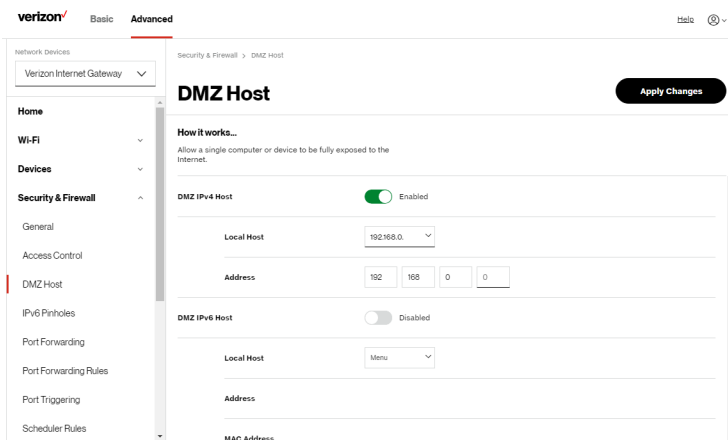
5.0c/ DMZ HOST

DMZ Host allows a single device on your primary network to be fully exposed to the internet for special purposes like video conferencing.

***Warning:** Enabling DMZ Host is a security risk. When a device on your network is a DMZ Host, it is directly exposed to the internet and loses much of the protection of the firewall. If it is compromised, it can also be used to attack other devices on your primary network.*

Follow these steps to designate a device on your primary network as a DMZ Host:

1. From the **Advanced** menu, select **Security & Firewall** and then click **DMZ Host**.
2. Select **Enable** for the DMZ Host.
3. Enter the IP address or select the MAC address of the device you want to designate as the DMZ Host.



4. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

5.0d/ IPV6 PINHOLES

The IPv6 Pinhole feature of the Gateway allows an application to send incoming packets for a certain port number to the destination computer by setting up the rule of authorization.

To configure the rules:

1. From the **Advanced** menu, select **Security & Firewall** and then click **IPv6 Pinhole**.

The screenshot shows the Verizon Business Internet Gateway configuration interface. The 'Advanced' tab is selected, and the 'Security & Firewall' section is expanded to show 'IPv6 Pinholes'. The 'Create Rule' form is visible, with fields for 'External Host', 'Internal Host', 'Port', 'Protocol', and 'Schedule'. The 'Schedule' dropdown is set to 'Always'. An 'Add to list' button is located at the bottom right of the form. Below the form is a 'Rules List' table with columns for 'External Host', 'Internal Host', 'Protocol', 'Application/Port', and 'Schedule'.

2. Select external and internal host, protocol and the application port type.
3. To schedule the rule, select either **Always** or **User Defined** in the **Schedule** list box.
4. Click **Add to list**. The screen displays opened pinhole port and its status. It shows the IP addresses of remote device and connected device on your network.
5. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

SECURITY & FIREWALL

5.0e/ PORT FORWARDING

You can activate port forwarding to expose the network to the internet in a limited and controlled manner. For example, enabling applications, such as video conferencing and voice, to work from the local network as well as allowing internet access to servers within the local network.

To create port forwarding rules:

1. From the **Advanced** menu, select **Security & Firewall** from the left pane and then click **Port Forwarding**. The **Port Forwarding** page opens with the current rules displayed.

The screenshot shows the Verizon 'Port Forwarding' configuration page. The left sidebar is expanded to 'Security & Firewall' > 'Port Forwarding'. The main content area has a title 'Port Forwarding' and an 'Apply Changes' button. Below the title is a description: 'Open a tunnel between remote computers and a device port on your Home Network (LAN). Supports gaming, IoT, home security devices and more.' There is a 'Create Rule' section with the following fields:

- Application:
- Original Port:
- Protocol:
- Fwd to Addr:
- Fwd to Port:
- Schedule:

Below the form is an 'Add to list' button. At the bottom is a 'Rules List' table:

Application	Original Port	Protocol	Fwd to Addr	Fwd to Port	Schedule
	4577	TCP	127.0.0.1	4577	Always
	4567	TCP	127.0.0.1	4567	Always

2. To create a new rule, enter the application name, configure its inbound and outbound port numbers, forwarding destination address, then select the protocol.
3. To schedule the rule, select either **Always** or **User Defined** in the **Schedule** list box.

4. Click **Add to list**. The rule displays in the **Rules List** section.
5. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

5.0f/ PORT FORWARDING RULES

You can view, modify, and delete port forwarding rules.

To access the rules:

1. Select **Port Forwarding Rules** in the **Security & Firewall** section.

The screenshot shows the Verizon Business Internet Gateway interface. The left sidebar is expanded to 'Security & Firewall' > 'Port Forwarding Rules'. The main content area is titled 'Port Forwarding Rules' and contains a table of configured protocols. Below the table is an 'Add new' button circled in red.

Protocols	Ports	
FTP	TCP Any → 21	Edit Remove
HTTP	TCP Any → 80	Edit Remove
HTTPS	TCP Any → 443	Edit Remove
IMAP	TCP Any → 143	Edit Remove
LDAP	UDP Any → 1701	Edit Remove
ICMP	ICMP Echo Request	Edit Remove
POP3	TCP Any → 110	Edit Remove
SMTP	TCP Any → 25	Edit Remove
SMB	UDP Any → 161	Edit Remove
Telnet	TCP Any → 23	Edit Remove
TFTP	UDP 1024 - 65535 → 69	Edit Remove
Traceroute	UDP 32769 - 65535 → 33434 - 33523	Edit Remove

2. To create or edit a protocol rule, click the **Add new** or **Edit** icon in the action column. The **Edit Service** page displays.

SECURITY & FIREWALL

The screenshot shows the Verizon web interface for editing a service. The breadcrumb trail is "Security & Firewall > Port Forwarding Rules > Edit Service". The left sidebar lists "Security & Firewall" categories, with "Port Forwarding Rules" selected. The main content area is titled "Edit Service" and contains three sections: "Edit Service" with input fields for "Service Name" and "Service Description"; "Service Ports" with a table header for "Protocols" and "Ports"; and an "Add" button with a mouse cursor over it. At the bottom are "Cancel" and "Apply" buttons.

3. Modify the **Service Name** and **Service Description**, as needed.
4. To add server ports, click **Add**.
5. To modify the current protocol, click the **Edit** icon in the action column. The **Edit Service Server Ports** page displays.

The screenshot shows the "Edit Service Server Ports" page. The breadcrumb trail is "Security & Firewall > Port Forwarding Rules > Edit Service". The left sidebar is the same as in the previous screenshot. The main content area is titled "Edit Service Server Ports" and contains three dropdown menus: "Protocol" (set to "TCP"), "Source Ports" (set to "Any"), and "Destination Ports" (set to "Any"). At the bottom are "Cancel" and "Apply" buttons. A copyright notice "Copyright © 2023 Verizon" is visible at the bottom right.

6. Enter the **Protocol**, **Source Ports** and **Destination Ports**, as needed.
7. Click **Apply** to save changes.

5.0g/ PORT TRIGGERING

Port triggering can be described as dynamic port forwarding. By setting port triggering rules, inbound traffic arrives at a specific network host using ports that are different than those used for outbound traffic. The outbound traffic triggers the ports where the inbound traffic is directed.

For example, a web server is accessed using UDP protocol on port 2222. The web server then responds by connecting the user using UDP on port 3333, when a web session is initiated.

In this case, port triggering must be used since it conflicts with the following default firewall settings:

- Firewall blocks inbound traffic by default.
- Server replies to your Gateway IP, and the connection is not sent back to the host since it is not part of a session.

To resolve the conflict, a port triggering entry must be defined, which allows inbound traffic on UDP port 3333 only after a network host generated traffic to UDP port 2222. This results in your Gateway accepting the inbound traffic from the web server and sending it back to the network host which originated the outgoing traffic to UDP port 2222.

SECURITY & FIREWALL

To configure port triggering:

1. From the **Advanced** menu, select **Security & Firewall** and then click **Port Triggering**.

The screenshot shows the Verizon Internet Gateway configuration page for Port Triggering. The interface is divided into a left sidebar and a main content area. The sidebar includes a 'Network Devices' dropdown set to 'Verizon Internet Gateway', a 'Security & Firewall' section with various sub-options (General, Access Control, DMZ Host, IPv6 Pinholes, Port Forwarding, Port Forwarding Rules, Port Triggering, Scheduler Rules, SIP ALG), and a 'Network Settings' dropdown. The main content area is titled 'Port Triggering' and contains an 'Apply Changes' button. Below the title, it states 'Trigger opening of ports incoming data.' and a 'Create Rule' section. The 'Create Rule' section has the following fields: 'Application' (text input with 'PT'), 'Trig Port Range' (Start: 11, End: 22), 'Protocol' (dropdown menu with 'TCP'), 'Fwd Port Range' (Start: 33, End: 44), and 'Schedule' (dropdown menu with 'test2'). An 'Add to list' button is located below the 'Create Rule' section. At the bottom, there is a 'Rules List' section with a table header: Application, Trig port range, Protocol, Fwd port range, and Schedule.

2. To add a service as an active protocol, enter the application name, configure its inbound and outbound (triggered/forwarded) port range, then select the protocol.
3. To schedule the rule, select either **Always** or **User Defined** in the **Schedule** list box.
4. Click **Add to list**. The rule displays in the **Rules List** section.
5. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

5.0h/ SCHEDULER RULES

Scheduler Rules are used for limiting the activation of firewall rules to specific time periods. The time periods are either for days of the week or for hours of each day based on activity or inactivity.

To define a rule:

1. Verify that the date and time of your Gateway is correct.
2. Select **Scheduler Rules** in the **Security & Firewall** section.

The screenshot shows the Verizon Business Internet Gateway interface. The top navigation bar includes the Verizon logo, 'Basic', and 'Advanced' tabs. The left sidebar is titled 'Security & Firewall' and lists various settings: General, Access Control, DMZ Host, IPv6 Pinholes, Port Forwarding, Port Forwarding Rules, Port Triggering, Scheduler Rules (highlighted), and SIP ALG. The main content area is titled 'Scheduler Rules' and contains a table with the following data:

Rule Name	Settings	Status	
test2	Mon, Tue, Wed, Thu and Fri between 00:00 - 00:00 on the next day	Inactive	Edit Remove

Below the table is an 'Add' button with a mouse cursor pointing to it.

3. Click **Add**. The **Rule Scheduler** page displays.

The screenshot shows the 'Rule Scheduler' page. The left sidebar is the same as in the previous screenshot. The main content area is titled 'Rule Scheduler' and includes an 'Apply Changes' button. The form fields are:

- Rule name:** A text input field.
- Rule days:** A row of checkboxes for Sun, Mon, Tue, Wed, Thu, Fri, and Sat.
- Rule timer:** Two dropdown menus for 'Start Time' (set to 9:00 pm) and 'End Time' (set to 12:00 am).
- Active/Inactive:** Two radio buttons. The first is selected: 'Rule will be active during schedule'. The second is 'Rule will be inactive during schedule'.

A scrollable list of time slots is visible below the 'End Time' dropdown, ranging from 12:00 am to 7:00 am. The footer of the page includes 'Copyright © 2023'.

SECURITY & FIREWALL

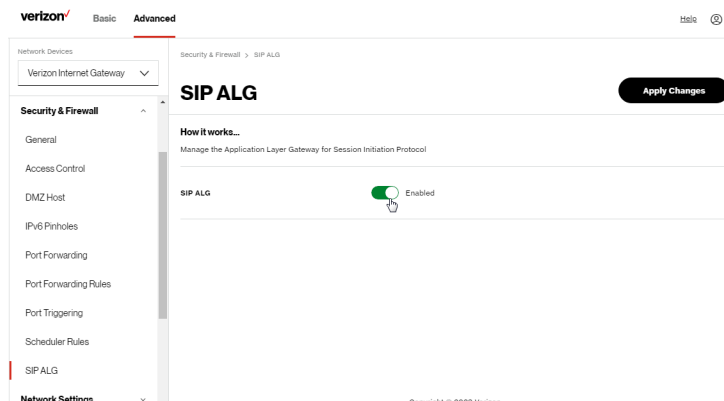
4. Enter the name of the rule, select the active or inactive days of the week and the start and end time range.
5. Specify if the rule is **active** or **inactive** at the scheduled time.
6. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

5.0i/ SIP ALG

SIP ALG (Application Level Gateway) - supports various multiple application protocols by allowing dynamic ephemeral TCP/ UDP ports to communicate with the known ports which a particular client application (such as FTP, VoIP service, net meeting or streaming media) requires.

To enable the SIP ALG settings:

1. From the **Advanced** menu, select **Security & Firewall** and then click **SIP ALG**.
2. Select **Enabled** for the SIP ALG.



3. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

5.1/ NETWORK SETTINGS

5.1a/ ARP TABLE

You can view the IPv4 and MAC addresses of each DHCP connection.

To view the IPv4 and MAC addresses for each device: From the Advanced menu, select Network Settings and then click ARP Table.

The screenshot shows the Verizon Business Internet Gateway Advanced Settings page. The left sidebar is expanded to 'Network Settings', and 'ARP Table' is selected. The main content area displays the 'ARP Table' with a 'Refresh' button. Below the title, a note states: 'The ARP Table below displays the IPv4 and MAC address of each DHCP connection'. A table follows with the following data:

IPv4 Address	MAC Address	State	Device
192.168.0.102	-	FAILED	Network (Home/Office)
192.168.0.151	48:5b:39:4f:56:08	REACHABLE	Network (Home/Office)
192.168.0.100	b8:fb:63:84:e6:68	REACHABLE	Network (Home/Office)

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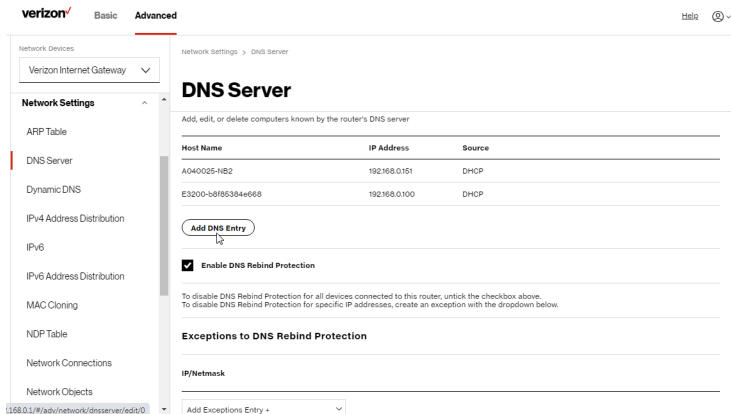
5.1b/ DNS SERVER

You can edit the host name and/or IP address, if the host was manually added to the DNS table. If not, you can only modify the host name.

To access the DNS server:

1. From the **Advanced** menu, select **Network Settings** and then click **DNS Server**.

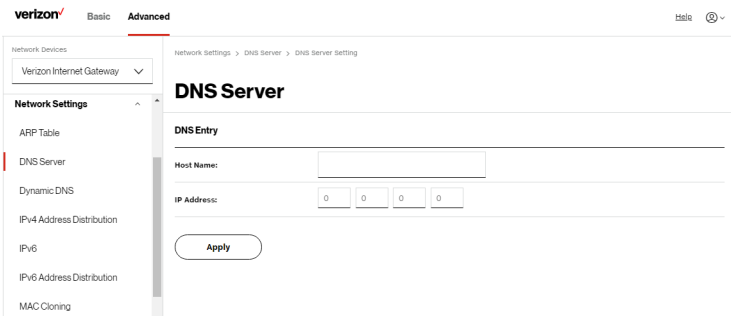
NETWORK SETTINGS



2. To disable DNS rebind protection for all devices connected to the Gateway, untick the check box of **Enable DNS Rebind Protection**.

***Warning:** Disabling this protection may create a risk of cyber security attack to devices connected to this Gateway.*

3. To add a computer stored in the DNS table, click **Add DNS Entry**. The **DNS Entry** page displays.



4. In the **Host Name** field, enter the name of the computer, then enter the **IP address** and click **Apply** to save changes.
5. Then the **DNS Server** page displays.
6. To add a new IP address entry, select the **Add Exceptions Entry** in the **Exceptions to DNS Rebind Protection** section. The **Add Exceptions List** page displays. Edit the IP address.
7. To remove a host from the DNS table, click the **Remove** icon on the screen.
8. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

5.1c/ DYNAMIC DNS

Typically, when connecting to the internet, your Gateway is assigned an unused public IP address from a pool, and this address changes periodically.

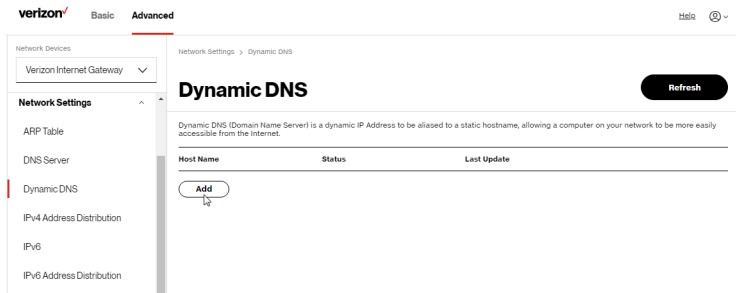
Dynamic DNS allows a static domain name to be mapped to the dynamic IP address, allowing a computer within your network to be more easily accessible from the internet.

When using Dynamic DNS, each time the public IP address changes, the DNS database is automatically updated with the new IP address. In this way, even though the IP address changes often, the domain name remains constant and accessible.

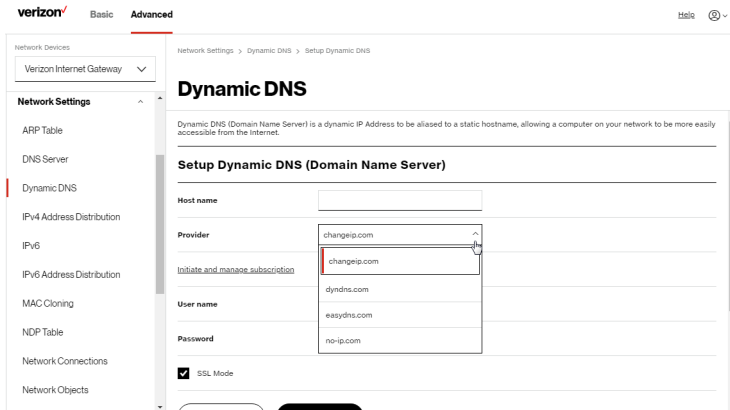
NETWORK SETTINGS

To set up dynamic DNS:

1. Select **Dynamic DNS** in the **Network Settings** section.



2. To set up a new entry, click the **Add** button.



3. Configure the following parameters:
 - **Host Name** – enter the full domain name for your Dynamic DNS domain.
 - **Provider** – select the Dynamic DNS account provider from the menu.

- **User Name** – enter your user name for your Dynamic DNS account.
 - **Password** – enter the password for your Dynamic DNS account.
 - **SSL Mode** – select if your Dynamic DNS service supports SSL.
4. Click **Apply** to save your changes.

5.1d/ IPV4 ADDRESS DISTRIBUTION

You can easily add computers configured as DHCP clients to the network. The DHCP server provides a mechanism for allocating IP addresses to these hosts and for delivering network configuration parameters to the hosts.

For example, a client (host) sends a broadcast message on the network requesting an IP address for itself. The DHCP server then checks its list of available addresses and leases a local IP address to the host for a specific period of time and simultaneously designates this IP address as taken. At this point, the host is configured with an IP address for the duration of the lease.

The host can renew an expiring lease or let it expire. If it renews a lease, the host receives current information about network services, as it did during the original lease, allowing it to update its network configurations to reflect any changes that occurred since the first connection to the network.

NETWORK SETTINGS

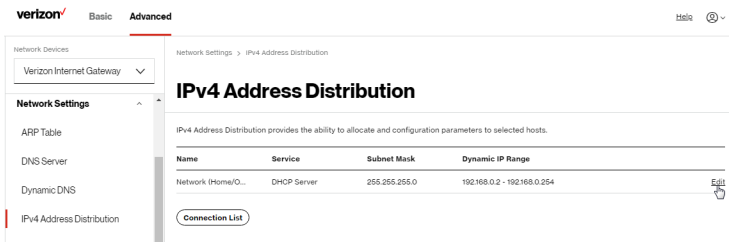
If the host wishes to terminate a lease before its expiration, it sends a release message to the DHCP server. This makes the IP address available for use by other hosts.

The DHCP server performs the following functions:

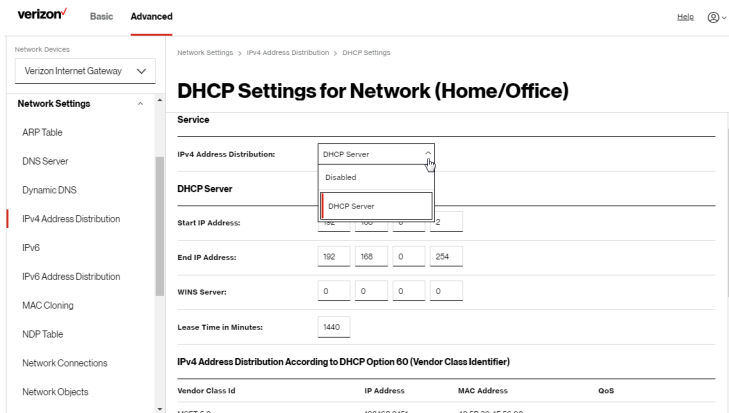
- Displays a list of all DHCP host devices connected to your Gateway
- Defines the range of IP addresses that can be allocated in the network
- Defines the length of time the dynamic IP addresses are allocated
- Provides the above configurations for each network device and can be configured and enabled or disabled separately for each network device
- Assigns a static lease to a network computer to receive the same IP address each time it connects to the network, even if this IP address is within the range of addresses that the DHCP server may assign to other computer
- Provides the DNS server with the host name and IP address of each computer connected to the network

To view a summary of the services provided by the DHCP server:

1. Select **IPv4 Address Distribution** in the **Network Settings** section.



2. You can edit the DHCP server settings for a device. On the **IPv4 Address Distribution** page, click the **Edit** icon on the screen. The DHCP Settings page opens with the device information displayed.
3. To enable the DHCP server, select **DHCP Server** in the **IPv4 Address Distribution** field.
4. Once enabled, the DHCP server provides automatic IP assignments (IP leases) based on the preset IP range defined below.



NETWORK SETTINGS

5. To configure the DHCP server, complete the following fields:

- **Start IP Address** – enter the first IP address that your Gateway will automatically begin assigning IP addresses from. Since your Gateway's default IP address is 192.168.0.1, the default start IP address should be 192.168.0.2.
- **End IP Address** – enter the last IP address that your Gateway will stop at for the IP address allocation. The maximum end IP address range that can be entered is 192.168.0.254.
- **WINS Server** – determines the IP address associated with a network device.
- **Lease Time in Minutes** – assigns the amount of time in minutes that each device is assigned an IP address by the DHCP server when it connects to the network.

When the lease expires, the server determines if the computer has disconnected from the network. If it has, the server may reassign this IP address to a newly connected computer.

6. Click **Apply** to save changes.

IPv4 Address Distribution According to DHCP option 60 (Vendor Class Identifier)

DHCP vendor class is related to DHCP option 60 configuration within the Gateway. User can add option 60 configurations such that particular vendor can get lease from a specified pool of

address. The existing vendor class ID, IP address, MAC address and QoS are shown on the screen above.

DHCP Connection List

You can view a list of the connections currently assigned and recognized by the DHCP server.

To view a list of computers:

1. On the **IPv4 Address Distribution** page, click **Connection List**.

The screenshot shows the Verizon Business Internet Gateway interface. The 'Advanced' tab is selected. The left sidebar shows 'Network Settings' with 'IPv4 Address Distribution' highlighted. The main content area is titled 'DHCP Connections' and displays a table of active connections. Below the table is an 'Add static connection' button.

Host Name	IP Address	Physical Address	Lease Type	Connection Name	Status	Expired in	
E3200-58f85384e...	192.168.0.100	88:F9:53:84:E6:68	Dynamic	Network (Home/O...	Active	1280	Search Edit
A04002	192.168.0.151	48:5B:39:4F:56:08	Dynamic	Network (Home/O...	Active	1156	Search Edit

2. To define a new static connection with a fixed IP address, click **Add static connection**.

The screenshot shows the Verizon Business Internet Gateway interface. The 'Advanced' tab is selected. The left sidebar shows 'Network Settings' with 'IPv4 Address Distribution' highlighted. The main content area is titled 'DHCP Connection Settings' and displays a form for configuring a static connection. The form includes fields for Host name, IP Address (with individual octet input boxes), and MAC Address (with individual octet input boxes). An 'Apply' button is at the bottom.

NETWORK SETTINGS

3. Enter the host name.
4. Enter the fixed IP address to be assigned.
5. Enter the MAC address of the network interface of the computer used with this DHCP static connection.
6. Click **Apply** to save changes.

5.1e/ IPV6

Use the IPv6 feature settings to enable, disable, or configure an IPv6 Internet connection and IPv6 LAN settings.

1. To configure your network to use the IPv6 Internet connection type, select **IPv6** in the **Network Settings** section to display the IPv6 service options:

The screenshot shows the Verizon Network Settings interface for IPv6 Configuration Controls. The interface is divided into a left sidebar and a main content area. The sidebar lists various network settings, with 'IPv6' highlighted. The main content area is titled 'IPv6 Configuration Controls' and includes an 'Apply Changes' button. It is organized into three numbered sections:

- 1. Enable IPv6 Support**: A toggle switch is set to 'Enabled'.
- 2. Specify the method to be used to obtain your WAN IPv6 Address**: This section contains several fields:
 - IPv6 WAN Configuration:** A dropdown menu with 'DHCPv6-PD' selected.
 - Delegated Prefix:** A dropdown menu with 'None' selected.
 - Expires In:** A dropdown menu with 'DHCPv6-PD' selected.
 - Prefix Lifetime:** A dropdown menu with 'Static (Auto-Configure)' selected.
 - Static (Manually Configure):** A dropdown menu with 'Static (Manually Configure)' selected.
 - WAN Link Local Address:** A text input field.
- 3. Specify the method to be used to assign LAN IPv6 addresses**: This section contains one field:
 - IPv6 LAN Configuration:** A dropdown menu with 'Stateless' selected.

2. Select **Enabled** in the **Enable IPv6 Support** field.

3. Click **Apply Changes** to have changes take effect.

Note: The Internet IPv6 service is required for this feature to work over the internet.

4. To disable the IPv6 service, move the selector to **off** in the **Enable IPv6 Support** field.
5. Click **Apply Changes** to have changes take effect.

Once configured using valid IPv6 WAN and LAN configurations, you should not see any errors when you click on the **Apply Changes** button and the **Basic/System/System Status** page will reflect the Gateway's new IPv6 address.

You should also see the IPv6 address for all IPv6 supported devices on your local network displayed on the **Basic/Devices/Devices** page by selecting the Settings icon to access the **Device Settings** page for that device.

The screenshot displays the 'Devices' page in the Verizon Business Internet Gateway interface. The page is divided into a left sidebar with navigation options (Home, Wi-Fi, Devices, Content Controls, System) and a main content area. The main content area shows a 'Devices' section with a sub-header 'All (2) Primary (2) Guest (0) IoT (0)'. Below this, there is a table of online devices. The table has columns for Name, Connection, MAC address, and Block/Allow. Two devices are listed: A04002 (Ethernet) and E3200-b8f85384e668 (5 GHz). Both devices have their Block/Allow toggle switches turned on. There is an 'Add Device' button in the top right corner and a 'Clear list' button at the bottom right of the table.

Name	Connection	MAC address	Block/Allow
A04002	Ethernet	48:5b:39:4f:56:08	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
E3200-b8f85384e668	5 GHz	b8:f8:53:84:e6:68	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

NETWORK SETTINGS

LAN IPv6 Stateful (DHCPv6) with No WAN Settings

1. To configure IPv6 LAN Stateful mode with no WAN connection, select the Stateful option on the **IPv6 Configuration Controls** page as shown below:

The screenshot shows the Verizon Network Settings interface. The left sidebar lists various network settings, with 'IPv6' selected. The main content area is titled 'IPv6 Configuration Controls' and includes an 'Apply Changes' button. The settings are organized into three sections:

- 1. Enable IPv6 Support:** A toggle switch is turned on (green).
- 2. Specify the method to be used to obtain your WAN IPv6 Address:** The 'IPv6 WAN Configuration' dropdown is set to 'None'. The 'WAN Link-Local Address' field is empty.
- 3. Specify the method to be used to assign LAN IPv6 addresses:** The 'IPv6 LAN Configuration' dropdown is set to 'Stateful (DHCPv6)'. The 'DHCPv6 Client Address Range' is set to 'Stateless'. The 'LAN Link-Local Address' field is empty. Below this, 'Router Advertisement Lifetime' is set to 15 minutes (0-150) and 'IPv6 Address Lifetime' is set to 60 minutes (3-150).

At the bottom, there is an 'Option' section with a checked checkbox: 'Allow ICMPv6 Echo Requests for LAN devices using their Global IPv6 Address from WAN side'.

2. Specify the **Stateful (DHCPv6)** settings to be used to assign LAN IPv6 addresses by entering the following details:
 - **IPv6 LAN Configuration** (select **Stateful** from the dropdown list)
 - **DHCPv6 Client Address Range** (start and end)
 - **LAN Link Local Address** (automatically populated)
 - **Router Advertisement Lifetime** (minutes between 0-150)

- **IPv6 Address Lifetime** (minutes between 3-150)
 - **Option: Allow ICMPv6 Echo Request for LAN devices using their Global IPv6 Address from WAN side** - requesting an IPv6 address from any available DHCPv6 servers available on the ISP
3. After entering all appropriate IPv6 settings, click **Apply changes** to have changes take effect.

LAN IPv6 Stateless with No WAN Settings

1. To configure IPv6 LAN Stateless mode with no WAN connection, select the **Stateless** option on the **IPv6 Configuration Controls** page as shown below:

The screenshot displays the Verizon Business Internet Gateway configuration interface. The main heading is "IPv6 Configuration Controls".

- 1. Enable IPv6 Support:** A toggle switch is turned on (Enabled).
- 2. Specify the method to be used to obtain your WAN IPv6 Address:** The "IPv6 WAN Configuration:" dropdown menu is set to "None".
- 3. Specify the method to be used to assign LAN IPv6 addresses:** The "IPv6 LAN Configuration:" dropdown menu is open, showing three options: "Stateless" (highlighted with a red box), "Stateless", and "Stateful (DHCPv6)".
- Router Advertisement Lifetime:** Set to 120 minutes (0-150).
- Option:** A checkbox labeled "Allow ICMPv6 Echo Requests for LAN devices using their Global IPv6 Address from WAN side" is checked.

A "Apply Changes" button is visible in the top right corner of the configuration area.

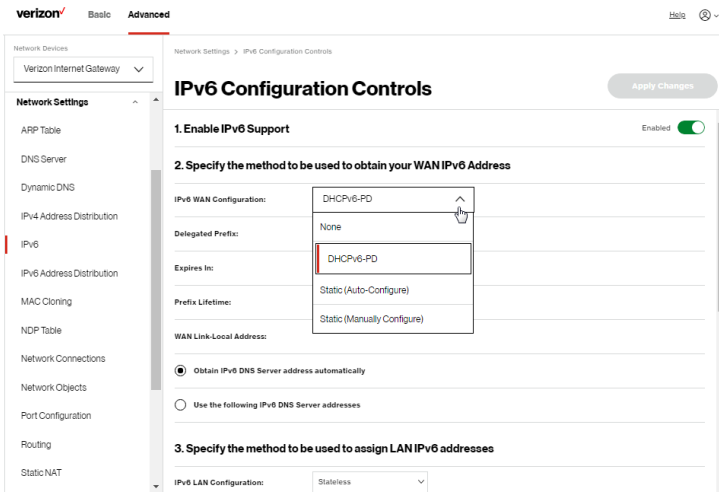
NETWORK SETTINGS

2. Specify the settings to be used to assign LAN IPv6 addresses by entering the following details:
 - **IPv6 LAN Configuration** (select **Stateless** from the dropdown list)
 - **LAN Link Local Address** (automatically populated)
 - **Router Advertisement Lifetime** (minutes between 0-150)
 - **Option: Allow ICMPv6 Echo Request for LAN devices using their Global IPv6 Address from WAN side** - requesting an IPv6 address from any available DHCPv6 servers available on the ISP
3. After entering all appropriate IPv6 settings, click **Apply changes** to have changes take effect.

DHCPv6 PD - WAN IPv6 Address Connection

The IPv6 WAN DHCPv6 configurations are IPv6 settings that you enter that will allow your IPv6 connection to be updated by the ISP as needed.

1. To configure IPv6 WAN Stateful (DHCPv6) mode, select the **DHCPv6-PD** option on the **IPv6 Configuration Controls** page as shown below:



2. Check to either **Obtain IPv6 DNS Server address automatically**, or **Use the following IPv6 DNS Server addresses**
3. After entering all appropriate IPv6 settings, click **Apply changes** to have changes take effect.

DHCPv6 WAN with LAN IPv6 Stateful (DHCPv6) Settings

1. To configure IPv6 WAN Stateful (DHCPv6) mode, select the **Stateful (DHCPv6)** option on the **IPv6 Configuration Controls** page as shown below:

NETWORK SETTINGS

The screenshot shows the Verizon network settings interface. The top navigation bar includes the Verizon logo, 'Basic', and 'Advanced' tabs. The main content area is titled 'IPv6 Configuration Controls' and features an 'Apply Changes' button. A sidebar on the left lists various network settings, with 'IPv6' selected. The main configuration area is titled '3. Specify the method to be used to assign LAN IPv6 addresses' and contains the following fields:

- IPv6 LAN Configuration:** A dropdown menu with 'Stateful (DHCPv6)' selected.
- LAN Prefix:** An empty text input field.
- IPv6 LAN Address:** An empty text input field.
- DHCPv6 Client Address Range:** Two text input fields containing '1000' and '2000'.
- LAN Link-Local Address:** An empty text input field.
- Router Advertisement Lifetime:** A text input field containing '15' with a unit of 'minutes (0-150)'.
- IPv6 Address Lifetime:** A text input field containing '60' with a unit of 'minutes (3-150)'.

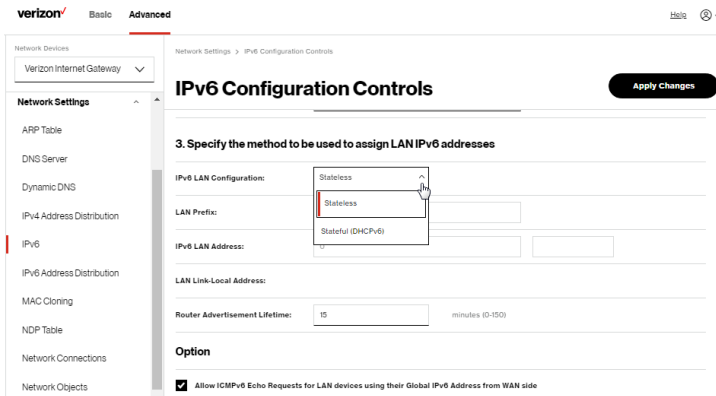
Below the configuration fields, there is an 'Option' section with a checked checkbox labeled 'Allow ICMPv6 Echo Requests for LAN devices using their Global IPv6 Address from WAN side'.

2. Specify the **Stateful (DHCPv6)** settings to be used to assign LAN IPv6 addresses by entering the following details:
 - **IPv6 LAN Configuration** (select **Stateful** from the dropdown list)
 - **LAN Prefix** (automatically populated)
 - **IPv6 LAN Address** (automatically populated)
 - **DHCPv6 Client Address Range** (start and end)
 - **LAN Link Local Address** (automatically populated)
 - **Router Advertisement Lifetime** (minutes between 0-150)
 - **IPv6 Address Lifetime** (minutes between 3-150)

- Option: Allow ICMPv6 Echo Request for LAN devices using their Global IPv6 Address from WAN side - requesting an IPv6 address from any available DHCPv6 servers available on the ISP
3. After entering all appropriate IPv6 settings, click **Apply changes** to have changes take effect.

DHCPv6 WAN with LAN IPv6 Stateless Settings

1. To configure IPv6 LAN Stateless mode with DHCPv6 WAN, select the **Stateless** option on the **IPv6 Configuration Controls** page as shown below:



2. Specify the settings to be used to assign LAN IPv6 addresses by entering the following details:

NETWORK SETTINGS

- **IPv6 LAN Configuration** (select **Stateless** from the dropdown list)
 - **LAN Prefix** (automatically populated)
 - **IPv6 LAN Address** (automatically populated)
 - **LAN Link Local Address** (automatically populated)
 - **Router Advertisement Lifetime** (minutes between 0-150)
 - **Option: Allow ICMPv6 Echo Request for LAN devices using their Global IPv6 Address from WAN side** - requesting an IPv6 address from any available DHCPv6 servers available on the ISP
3. After entering all appropriate IPv6 settings, click **Apply changes** to have changes take effect.

Static - WAN IPv6 Address Connection

The IPv6 WAN Static configurations are IPv6 settings that you enter manually. These specific IPv6 addresses and settings are not expected to change frequently.

1. To configure IPv6 WAN Static mode, select the **Static** option on the **IPv6 Configuration Controls** page as shown below:

Network Devices
Verizon Internet Gateway

Network Settings

ARP Table
DNS Server
Dynamic DNS
IPv4 Address Distribution
IPv6
IPv6 Address Distribution
MAC Cloning
NDP Table
Network Connections
Network Objects
Port Configuration
Routing
Static NAT

Network Settings > IPv6 Configuration Controls

IPv6 Configuration Controls

Apply Changes

1. Enable IPv6 Support Enabled

2. Specify the method to be used to obtain your WAN IPv6 Address

IPv6 WAN Configuration: Static (Auto-Configure)

Assigned Prefix: None

IPv6 WAN Address: DHCPv6-PD

Default Gateway: Static (Auto-Configure)

WAN Link-Local Address: Static (Manually Configure)

IPv6 DNS Address 1:

IPv6 DNS Address 2:

3. Specify the method to be used to assign LAN IPv6 addresses

IPv6 LAN Configuration: Stateless

- Specify the **Static** method to be used to obtain your WAN IPv6 Address by entering:
 - IPv6 WAN Configuration** (select Static)
 - Assigned Prefix** (A numeric value between 16 and 128)
 - IPv6 WAN Address**
 - Default Gateway:** Verizon Internet Gateway for Business
 - WAN Link Local Address**
 - IPv6 (Primary) DNS Address 1**
 - IPv6 (Secondary) DNS Address 2**
- After entering all appropriate IPv6 settings, click **Apply changes** to have changes take effect.

NETWORK SETTINGS

Static WAN with LAN IPv6 Stateful Settings

1. To configure IPv6 LAN Stateful mode with **Static WAN**, select the **Stateful (DHCPv6)** option on the **IPv6 Configuration Controls** page as shown below:

The screenshot shows the Verizon Network Settings interface for IPv6 Configuration Controls. The page is titled "IPv6 Configuration Controls" and has an "Apply Changes" button. The "IPv6 LAN Configuration" dropdown menu is open, showing three options: "Stateful (DHCPv6)", "Stateless", and "Stateful (DHCPv6)". The "Stateful (DHCPv6)" option is selected. Below the dropdown, the "LAN Prefix" field is empty. The "IPv6 LAN Address" field is also empty. The "DHCPv6 Client Address Range" is set to "1000" and "2000". The "LAN Link-Local Address" field is empty. The "Router Advertisement Lifetime" is set to "15" minutes (0-150). The "IPv6 Address Lifetime" is set to "60" minutes (3-150). Under the "Option" section, the checkbox "Allow ICMPv6 Echo Requests for LAN devices using their Global IPv6 Address from WAN side" is checked.

2. Specify the **Stateful (DHCPv6)** settings to be used to assign LAN IPv6 addresses by entering the following details:
 - **IPv6 LAN Configuration** (select **Stateful** from the dropdown list)
 - **LAN Prefix** (automatically populated)
 - **IPv6 LAN Address** (automatically populated)
 - **DHCPv6 Client Address Range** (start and end)
 - **LAN Link Local Address** (automatically populated)

- **Router Advertisement Lifetime** (minutes between 0-150)
 - **IPv6 Address Lifetime** (minutes between 3-150)
 - **Option: Allow ICMPv6 Echo Request for LAN devices using their Global IPv6 Address from WAN side** - requesting an IPv6 address from any available DHCPv6 servers available on the ISP
3. After entering all appropriate IPv6 settings, click **Apply changes** to have changes take effect.

Static WAN with LAN IPv6 Stateless Settings

1. To configure IPv6 LAN Stateless mode with **Static WAN**, select the **Stateless** option on the **IPv6 Configuration Controls** page as shown below:

The screenshot shows the Verizon Business Internet Gateway configuration page for IPv6. The 'Basic' tab is selected, and the 'Advanced' section is expanded to show 'IPv6 Configuration Controls'. A dropdown menu for 'IPv6 LAN Configuration' is open, showing three options: 'Stateless' (selected), 'Stateless', and 'Stateful (DHCPv6)'. Below this, the 'LAN Prefix' and 'IPv6 LAN Address' fields are visible. The 'Router Advertisement Lifetime' is set to 15 minutes. In the 'Option' section, the checkbox 'Allow ICMPv6 Echo Requests for LAN devices using their Global IPv6 Address from WAN side' is checked. An 'Apply Changes' button is located at the top right of the configuration area.

2. Specify the settings to be used to assign LAN IPv6 addresses by entering the following details:

NETWORK SETTINGS

- **IPv6 LAN Configuration** (select **Stateless** from the dropdown list)
 - **LAN Prefix** (automatically populated)
 - **IPv6 LAN Address** (automatically populated)
 - **LAN Link Local Address** (automatically populated)
 - **Router Advertisement Lifetime** (minutes between 0-150)
 - **Option: Allow ICMPv6 Echo Request for LAN devices using their Global IPv6 Address from WAN side** - requesting an IPv6 address from any available DHCPv6 servers available on the ISP
3. After entering all appropriate IPv6 settings, click **Apply changes** to have changes take effect.

5.1f/ IPV6 ADDRESS DISTRIBUTION

To view a summary of the services provided by the DHCP server:

1. Select **IPv6 Address Distribution** in the **Network Settings** section.

The screenshot shows the Verizon Network Settings interface. The 'Basic' tab is selected, and the 'Advanced' section is expanded to show 'IPv6 Address Distribution'. The page title is 'IPv6 Address Distribution'. Below the title, there is a table with the following data:

Name	Service	Prefix	IP Range
Network (Home/Office)	Stateless	0/0	--

Below the table, there is a 'Connection List' button.

-
2. You can edit the DHCP server settings for a device. On the **IPv6 Address Distribution** page, click the **Edit** icon on the screen column. The DHCP Settings page opens with the device information displayed.
 3. To configure the DHCP server complete the following fields:
 - **Start IPv6 Address** – the starting IPv6 address in the consecutive list of addresses that makes up this LAN pool for the DHCPv6 server.
 - **End IPv6 Address** – the ending IPv6 address in the consecutive list of addresses that makes up this LAN pool for the DHCPv6 server.
 - **Lease Time in Minutes** – assigns the amount of time in minutes that each device is assigned an IP address by the DHCP server when it connects to the network.

When the lease expires, the server determines if the computer has disconnected from the network. If it has, the server may reassign this IP address to a newly connected computer.
 4. Click **Apply** to save changes.

NETWORK SETTINGS

DHCP Connection List

You can view a list of the connections currently assigned and recognized by the DHCP server.

To view a list of computers:

1. On the **IPv6 Address Distribution** page, click **Connection List**.
2. To define a new static connection with a fixed IP address, click **Add static connection**.
3. Enter the host name.
4. Enter the fixed IP address to be assigned.
5. Enter the MAC address of the network interface of the computer used with this DHCP static connection.
6. Click **Apply** to save changes.

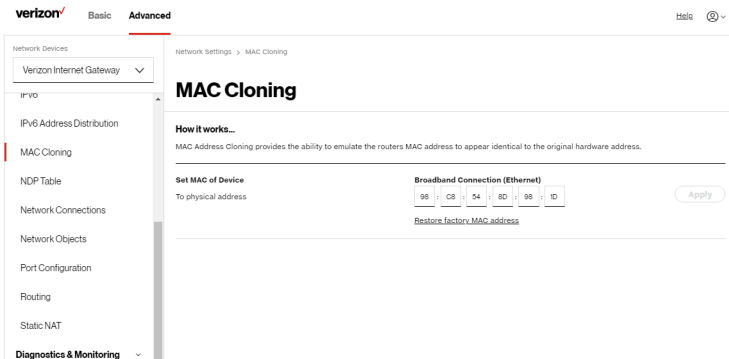
5.1g/ MAC CLONING

A MAC address is a hexadecimal code that identifies a device on a network. All networkable devices have a unique MAC address.

When replacing a network device on your Verizon Internet Gateway for Business, you can simplify the installation process by copying the MAC address of the existing device to your Verizon Internet Gateway for Business.

To copy the MAC address of the existing device:

1. Select **MAC Cloning** in the **Network Settings** section.



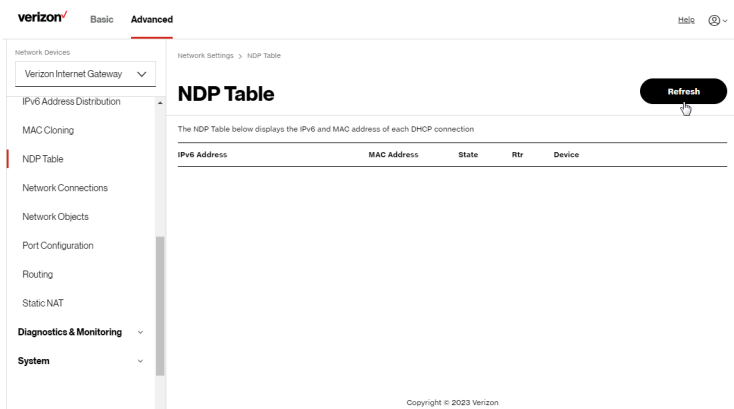
2. In the **To physical address** field, enter the MAC address of your new device.
3. To locate the MAC address, refer to the documentation from the device manufacturer.
4. Click **Apply** to save changes.

NETWORK SETTINGS

5.1h/ NDP TABLE

You can view the IPv6 and MAC addresses of each DHCP connection.

To view the IPv6 and MAC addresses for each device: select NDP (Neighbor Discovery Protocol) Table in the Network Settings section.

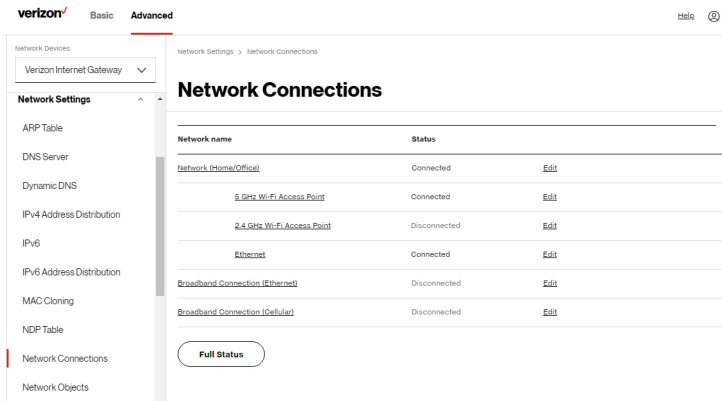


5.1i/ NETWORK CONNECTIONS

Caution: *The settings described in this chapter should only be configured by experienced network technicians. Changes could adversely affect the operation of your Gateway and your local network.*

To view the network connections:

1. From the **Advanced** menu, select **Network Settings** from the left pane and then click **Network Connections**.



2. To view and edit the details of a specific network connection, click the hyperlinked name or the action icon. The following sections detail the types of network connections that you can view.

NETWORK (HOME/OFFICE) CONNECTION

You can view the properties of your local network. This connection is used to combine several network interfaces under one virtual network. For example, you can create a home/office network connection for Ethernet connection and other networked devices.

Note: When a network connection is disabled, the underlying devices formerly connected to it will not be able to obtain a new DHCP address from that Gateway network interface.

NETWORK SETTINGS

To view the connection:

1. On the **Network Connections** page, click the **Network (Home/Office)** connection link. The **Network (Home/ Office) Properties** page displays.

The screenshot shows the Verizon Network (Home/Office) Settings page. The interface includes a navigation menu on the left with options like ARP Table, DNS Server, and Network Connections. The main content area displays the following settings:

Name:	Network (Home/Office)
Status:	Connected
Network:	Network (Home/Office)
Underlying Device:	2.4 GHz Wi-Fi Access Point 2.4 GHz Wi-Fi Access Point Ethernet
Connection Type:	Bridge
MAC Address:	98.C8.54.8D.97.80
IPv4 Address:	192.168.0.1

The screenshot shows the Verizon Network (Home/Office) Settings page, displaying the bottom section of the configuration. The settings are as follows:

IPv4 Address:	192.168.0.1
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0
IP Address Distribution:	DHCP Server
IPv6 LAN Prefix:	
IPv6 Address:	
Link Local Address:	
IPv6 Address Distribution:	Stateless
Received Packets:	4997
Sent Packets:	3870
Time Span:	0:28:16

2. To rename a network connection, enter the new network name in the **Name** field.
3. Click **Save** to save the changes.

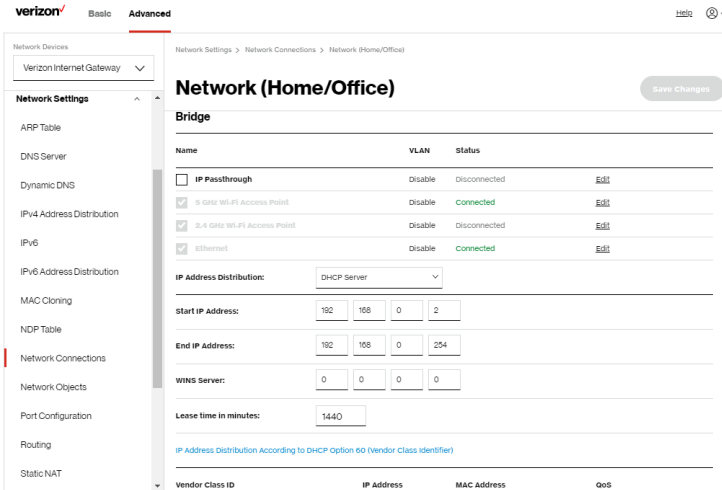
CONFIGURING THE HOME/OFFICE NETWORK

To configure the network connection:

1. In the **Network (Home/Office)** properties page, click **Settings**. The configuration page displays.

The screenshot shows the Verizon Business Internet Gateway configuration interface. The top navigation bar includes the Verizon logo, 'Basic', and 'Advanced' tabs. The breadcrumb trail is 'Network Settings > Network Connections > Network (Home/Office)'. The main heading is 'Network (Home/Office)' with a 'Save Changes' button. A warning message states: 'Important: Only advanced technical users should use this feature.' The 'General' section includes: Status: Connected; Connection Type: Network (Home/Office); Physical Address: 98.C8.54.8D.97.80; MTU: Automatic (dropdown) and 1500 (input); IP Address: 192, 168, 0, 1 (input fields); Subnet Mask: 255, 255, 255, 0 (input fields). The 'Bridge' section has a table with columns 'Name', 'VLAN', and 'Status'. It contains one entry: 'IP Passthrough' with 'Disable' in the VLAN column and 'Disconnected' in the Status column, with an 'Edit' link. A footer note reads: 'IP Passthrough is only available on Business Internet Gateway. For more information, see the Business Internet Gateway User Guide.' Below the table, there is a row with 'Disable' and 'Connected' options and an 'Edit' link.

NETWORK SETTINGS



Verizon Basic Advanced Help ?

Network Devices
Verizon Internet Gateway

Network Settings

- ARP Table
- DNS Server
- Dynamic DNS
- IPv4 Address Distribution
- IPv6
- IPv6 Address Distribution
- MAC Cloning
- NDP Table
- Network Connections
- Network Objects
- Port Configuration
- Routing
- Static NAT

Network Settings > Network Connections > Network (Home/Office) Save Changes

Network (Home/Office)

Bridge

Name	VLAN	Status	
<input type="checkbox"/> IP Passthrough	Disable	Disconnected	Edit
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8 GHz Wi-Fi Access Point	Disable	Connected	Edit
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5.4 GHz Wi-Fi Access Point	Disable	Disconnected	Edit
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ethernet	Disable	Connected	Edit

IP Address Distribution: DHCP Server

Start IP Address: 192 168 0 2

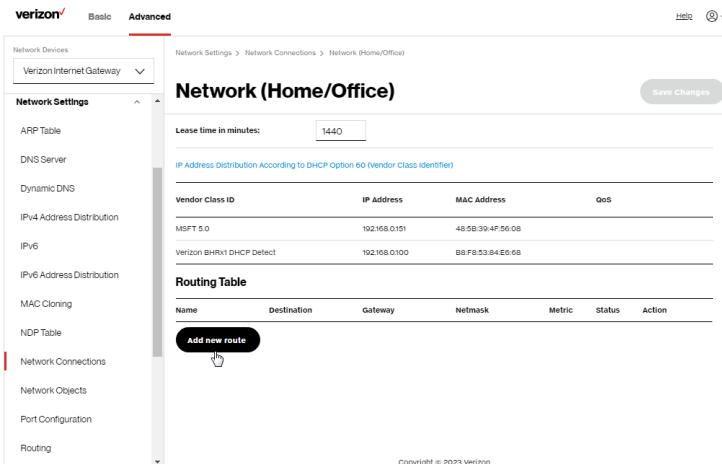
End IP Address: 192 168 0 254

WINS Server: 0 0 0 0

Lease time in minutes: 1440

IP Address Distribution According to DHCP Option 60 (Vendor Class Identifier)

Vendor Class ID	IP Address	MAC Address	QoS
-----------------	------------	-------------	-----



Verizon Basic Advanced Help ?

Network Devices
Verizon Internet Gateway

Network Settings

- ARP Table
- DNS Server
- Dynamic DNS
- IPv4 Address Distribution
- IPv6
- IPv6 Address Distribution
- MAC Cloning
- NDP Table
- Network Connections
- Network Objects
- Port Configuration
- Routing

Network Settings > Network Connections > Network (Home/Office) Save Changes

Network (Home/Office)

Lease time in minutes: 1440

IP Address Distribution According to DHCP Option 60 (Vendor Class Identifier)

Vendor Class ID	IP Address	MAC Address	QoS
MSFT 5.0	192.168.0.151	48:5B:39:4F:56:08	
Verizon BHRM1 DHCP Detect	192.168.0.100	88:F8:53:84:E6:08	

Routing Table

Name	Destination	Gateway	Netmask	Metric	Status	Action
------	-------------	---------	---------	--------	--------	--------

Add new route

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2. Configure the following sections, as needed.

General

In the **General** section, verify the following information:

- **Status** – displays the connection status of the network.
- **Connection Type** – displays the type of connection interface.
- **Physical Address** – displays the physical address of the network card used for the network.
- **MTU** – displays the Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) indicating the largest packet size permitted for internet transmissions:
 - **Automatic:** sets the MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) at 1500.
 - **Automatic by DHCP:** sets the MTU according to the DHCP connection.
 - **Manual:** allows you to manually set the MTU.
- **IP address and Subnet Mask:** the network connection uses a permanent or static **IP address** and **Subnet Mask** address, provided by Verizon or experienced network technician.
- **Bridge**
In the **Bridge** section of the **Network (Home/Office)** properties, you can configure the various LAN interfaces.

NETWORK SETTINGS

***Caution:** Do not change these settings unless specifically instructed to by Verizon. Changes could adversely affect the operation of your Gateway and your local network.*

Verify the following information:

- **IP Passthrough** – select to disable Wi-Fi and routing capabilities of the Gateway. May be necessary if connecting 3rd party routers to the Gateway and disabling the IP Passthrough mode into the device.
 - **Status** – displays the connection status of a specific network connection.
 - **Action** – contains an **Edit** hyperlink that, when clicked, generates the next level configuration page for the specific network connection or network device.
- **IP Address Distribution**

The **IP Address Distribution** section is used to configure the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server parameters of your Gateway.

Once enabled and configured, the DHCP server automatically assigns IP addresses to any network devices which are set to obtain their IP address dynamically.

If DHCP Server is enabled on your Gateway, configure the network devices as DHCP Clients. There are 2 basic options in this section: **Disabled** and **DHCP Server**.

To set up the Gateway's network bridge to function as a DHCP server:

1. In the **IP Address Distribution** section, select the **DHCP server**. Once enabled, the DHCP server provides automatic IP assignments (also referred to as IP leases) based on the preset IP range defined below.
 - **Start IP Address** – Enter the first IP address in the IP range that the Gateway will automatically begin assigning IP addresses from. Since your Gateway's IP address is 192.168.0.1, the default Start IP Address is 192.168.0.2.
 - **End IP Address** – Enter the last IP address in the IP range that the Gateway will automatically stop the IP address allocation at. The maximum end IP address range that can be entered is 192.168.0.254.
 2. If Windows Internet Naming Service (WINS) is being used, enter the **WINS Server** address.
 3. In the **Lease time in minutes** field, enter the amount of time a network device is allowed to connect to the Gateway with its currently issued dynamic IP address.
- **IP Address Distribution According to DHCP option 60 (vendor class Identifier)**

DHCP vendor class is related to DHCP option 60 configuration within the Gateway. Adding option 60 configurations allows a particular vendor to get a lease from a specified pool of addresses.

NETWORK SETTINGS

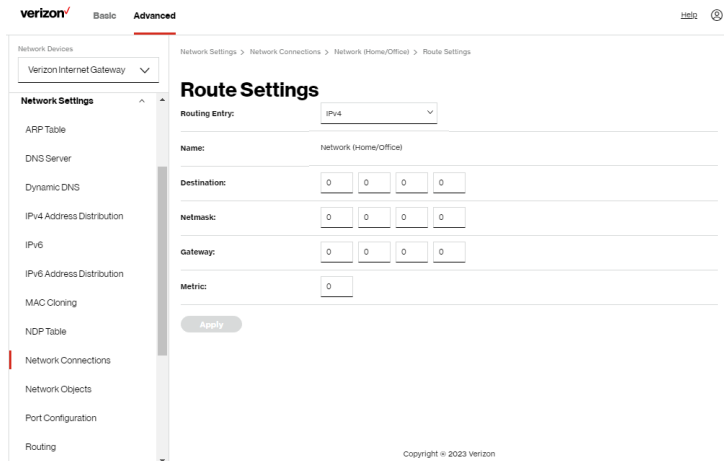
Routing Table

You can configure your Gateway to use static or dynamic routing.

- **Static routing** – specifies a fixed routing path to neighboring destinations based on predetermined metrics.
- **Dynamic routing** – automatically adjusts how packets travel on the network. The path determination is based on network/device reachability and the status of the network being traveled.

To configure routing:

1. In the **Routing Table** section, click the **Add new route** button to display and modify the new route configuration page.



The screenshot shows the Verizon Network Settings interface. The top navigation bar includes the Verizon logo, 'Basic', and 'Advanced' tabs. The left sidebar lists various network settings, with 'Network Connections' highlighted. The main content area is titled 'Route Settings' and shows a configuration form for a new route. The 'Routing Entry' is set to 'IPv4'. The 'Name' is 'Network (Home/Office)'. The 'Destination' is '0.0.0.0', the 'Netmask' is '0.0.0.0', and the 'Gateway' is '0.0.0.0'. The 'Metric' is '0'. An 'Apply' button is visible at the bottom of the form. The footer of the page reads 'Copyright © 2023 Verizon'.

2. To save your changes click **Apply**.

Wi-Fi ACCESS POINT CONNECTION

A Wi-Fi Access Point network connection allows Wi-Fi devices to connect to the local area network (LAN) using the 2.4 GHz or 5 GHz Wi-Fi network.

Note: Once disabled, all Wi-Fi devices connected to that Wi-Fi network will be disconnected from the LAN network and internet.

To view the connection settings:

1. From the **Advanced** menu, select **Network Settings** from the left pane and then click **Network Connections**.
2. To access the connection settings pages, click on the link of the Wi-Fi Access Point connections listed under **Network name** on the **Network Connections** page.

The screenshot shows the Verizon Business Internet Gateway Advanced Settings page. The left sidebar is expanded to 'Network Settings' > 'Network Connections'. The main content area is titled '5 GHz Wi-Fi Access Point' and shows the 'Enable Settings' toggle is turned on. Below the toggle, there is a table of settings for the access point.

Setting	Value
Name	5 GHz Wi-Fi Access Point
Status	Connected
Network	Network (Home/Office)
Connection Type	5 GHz Wi-Fi Access Point
MAC Address	98:C8:54:8D:9A:11
IP Address Distribution	Disable
Received Packets	0
Sent Packets	0
Time Span	0:37:09

At the bottom of the settings table, there are 'Apply' and 'Settings' buttons. The 'Settings' button is highlighted with a mouse cursor.

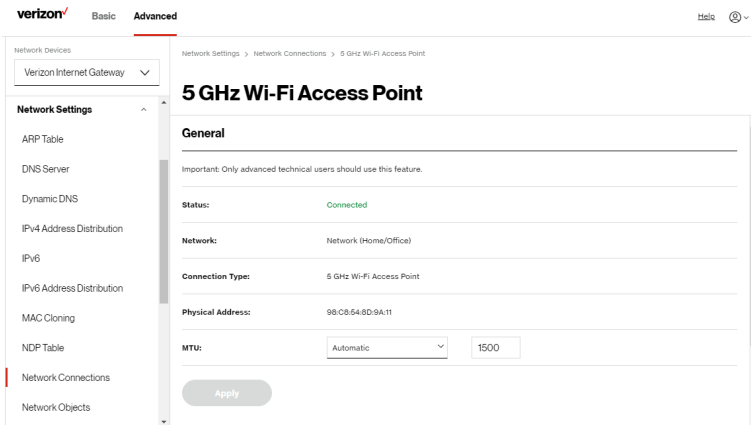
NETWORK SETTINGS

3. From the connection's **Enable Settings** page, to enable or disable the connection, move the selector to **on** or **off**.
4. To rename the connection, enter a name in the **Name** field.
5. Click **Apply** to save the changes.
6. Reboot your Gateway.

CONFIGURING WI-FI ACCESS POINT PROPERTIES

To configure the connection:

1. On the bottom of the Access Point's specific **Enable Settings** page, click **Settings**. The configuration page displays.



2. Verify the following information:

General

- **Status** - displays the connection status of the network.
- **Network** – displays the type of network connection.

- **Connection Type** – displays the type of connection interface.
 - **Physical Address** – displays the physical address of the network card used for the network.
 - **MTU** - specifies the largest packet size permitted for internet transmissions:
 - **Automatic:** set the MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) at 1500.
 - **Automatic by DHCP:** sets the MTU according to the DHCP connection.
 - **Manual:** allows you to manually set the MTU.
3. Click **Apply** to save changes.

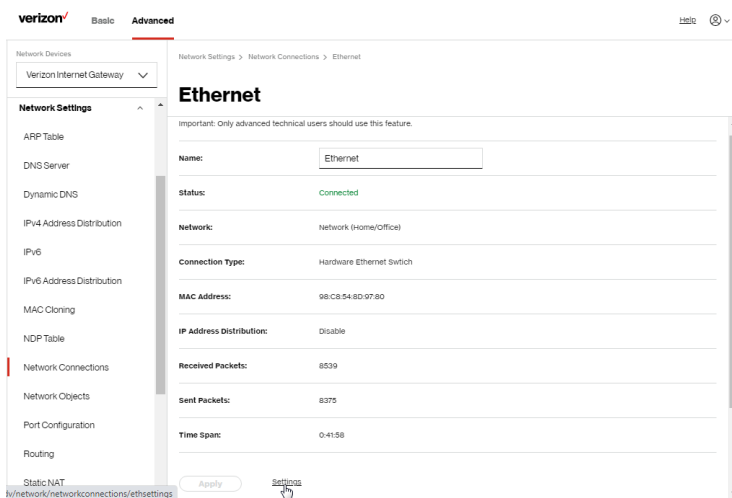
ETHERNET CONNECTION

You can view the properties of your Ethernet LAN connection using an Ethernet cable inserted into one of your Gateway's Ethernet LAN ports.

To view the connection settings:

1. To access the **Ethernet** properties page, click the **Ethernet** link listed under **Network name** on the **Network Connections** page.

NETWORK SETTINGS

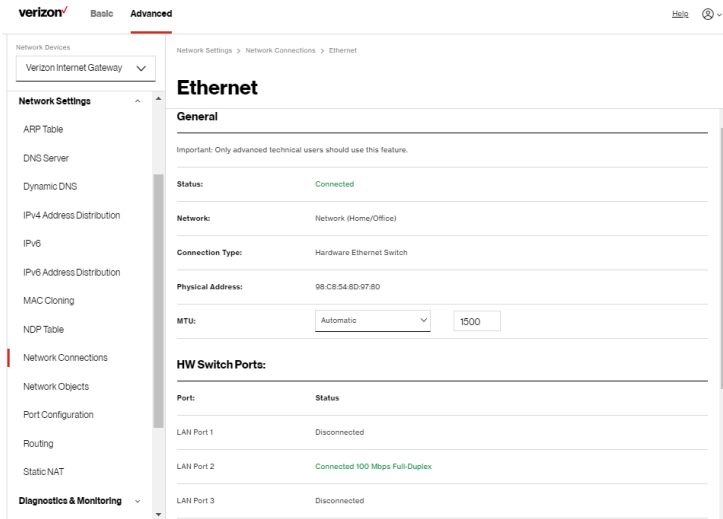


2. To rename the network connection, enter the new name in the **Name** field.
3. Click **Apply** to save changes.

CONFIGURING ETHERNET PROPERTIES

To configure the connection:

1. In the **Ethernet** page, click **Settings**. The configuration page displays.



2. Verify the following information:

General

- **Status** – displays the connection status of the network.
- **Network** – displays the type name of network connection.
- **Connection Type** – displays as **Hardware Ethernet Switch**.
- **Physical Address** – displays the physical address of the network card used for the network.
- **MTU** - specifies the largest packet size permitted for
 - **Automatic**: sets the MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit at 1500).

NETWORK SETTINGS

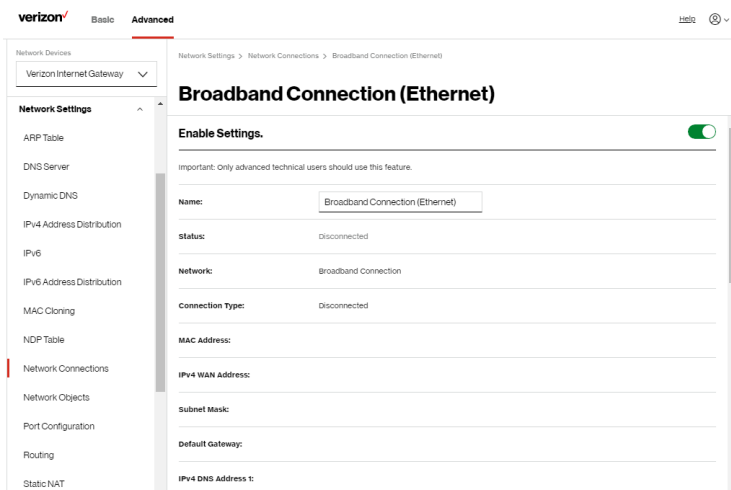
- **Automatic by DHCP:** sets the MTU according to the DHCP connection.
 - **Manual:** allows you to manually set the MTU.
 - **HW Switch Ports** – displays the status of each LAN port.
3. Click **Apply** to save the changes.

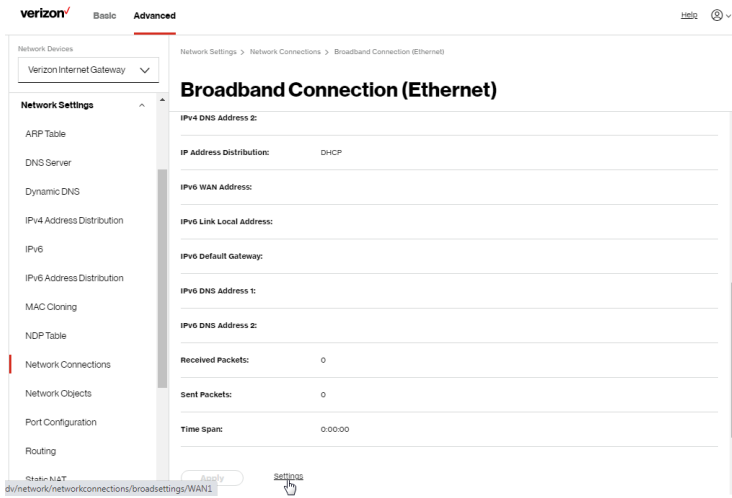
BROADBAND CONNECTION (ETHERNET)

You can view the properties of your broadband connection (your connection to the internet). This connection may be via Ethernet cable.

To view the connection settings:

1. In the **Network Connections** page, click the **Broadband Connection (Ethernet)**.





2. From the connection's **Enable Settings** page, to enable or disable the connection, move the selector to **on** or **off**.
3. To rename the network connection, enter the new name in the **Name** field.
4. Click **Apply** to save changes.

CONFIGURING THE ETHERNET CONNECTION

To configure the connection:

1. In the **Broadband Connection (Ethernet)** page, click **Settings**. The configuration page displays.

NETWORK SETTINGS

verizon Basic Advanced Help

Network Devices
Verizon Internet Gateway

Network Settings

- ARP Table
- DNS Server
- Dynamic DNS
- IPv4 Address Distribution
- IPv6
- IPv6 Address Distribution
- MAC Cloning
- NDP Table
- Network Connections
- Network Objects

Broadband Connection (Ethernet) Settings

General

Important: Only advanced technical users should use this feature.

Status: Disconnected

Network: Broadband Connection (Ethernet)

Connection Type: Disconnected

Physical Address:

MTU: Automatic 1500

WANIP Address

Internet Protocol: Obtain IPv4 Address Automatically

verizon Basic Advanced Help

Network Devices
Verizon Internet Gateway

Network Settings

- ARP Table
- DNS Server
- Dynamic DNS
- IPv4 Address Distribution
- IPv6
- IPv6 Address Distribution
- MAC Cloning
- NDP Table
- Network Connections
- Network Objects

Broadband Connection (Ethernet) Settings

WANIP Address

Internet Protocol: Obtain IPv4 Address Automatically

Override Subnet Mask: 0 0 0 0

DHCP Lease: Release Renew

Expires In:

IPv4 DNS: Obtain IPv4 DNS Address Automatically

Internet Connection Firewall: Enable This feature provides the ability to change the default firewall setting on this interface. We highly recommend that you do not change the default setting.

Apply

2. Configure the following settings, as needed.

General

Verify the following information:

- **Status** - displays the connection status of the network.
- **Network** – displays the type of network connection.
- **Connection Type** - displays the type of connection interface.
- **Physical Address** - displays the physical address of the network card used for the network.
- **MTU** - specifies the largest packet size permitted for internet transmissions:
 - **Automatic:** sets the MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit at 1500).
 - **Automatic by DHCP:** sets the MTU according to the DHCP connection.
 - **Manual:** allows you to manually set the MTU.

WAN IP Address

- In the **Internet Protocol** section of **WAN IP Address**, specify one of the following:
 - **No IPv4 Address:** the connection has no IP address. This is useful if the connection operates under a bridge.

NETWORK SETTINGS

- **Obtain an IPv4 Address Automatically:** the network connection is required by Verizon to obtain an IP address automatically. The server assigning the IP address also assigns a subnet mask address, which can be overridden by entering another subnet mask address.
 - **Use the Following IP Address:** the network connection uses a permanent or static **IP address** and **Subnet Mask** address, provided by Verizon or experienced network technician.
 - To override the subnet mask, select the **Override Subnet Mask** check box, then enter the new subnet mask.
 - Click **Release/Renew** in the **DHCP Lease** field to drop/get an IP address from the DHCP server.
 - In the **Expires In** field, enter the amount of time a network device is allowed to connect to the Verizon Internet Gateway for Business with its currently issued dynamic IP address.
 - **IPv4 DNS** - selects **Obtain IPv4 DNS Address Dynamically** for using Dynamic DNS. Each time the public IP address changes, the DNS database is automatically updated with the new IPv4 address. In this way, even though the IP address changes often, the domain name remains constant and accessible.
 - **Internet Connection Firewall** - allows you to enable or disable the firewall configuration on this interface.
3. Click **Apply** to save changes.

BROADBAND CONNECTION (CELLULAR)

You can view the properties of your broadband connection (your connection to the internet).

To view the connection settings:

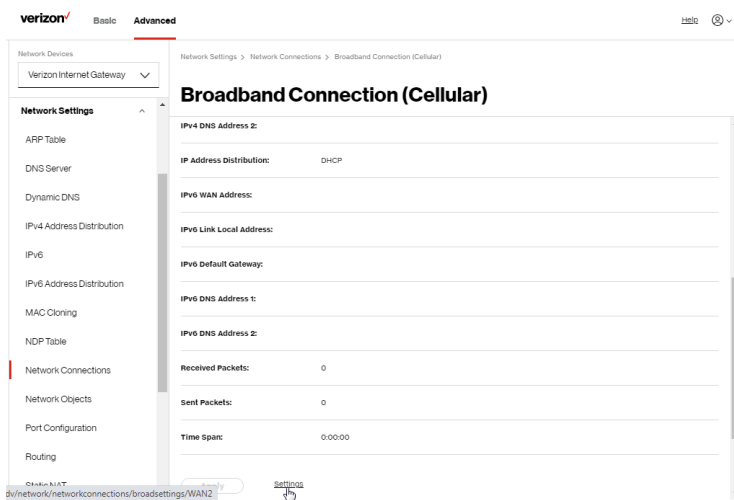
1. In the **Network Connections** page, click the **Broadband Connection (Cellular)**.

The screenshot shows the Verizon Business Internet Gateway interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Basic' and 'Advanced', with 'Advanced' selected. The breadcrumb trail reads 'Network Settings > Network Connections > Broadband Connection (Cellular)'. The main heading is 'Broadband Connection (Cellular)'. Below the heading is a toggle switch for 'Enable Settings.', which is currently turned on. A note below the toggle states: 'Important: Only advanced technical users should use this feature.' The settings are organized into several rows, each with a label and a value:

- Name:** Broadband Connection (Cellular)
- Status:** Disconnected
- Network:** Broadband Connection
- Connection Type:** Disconnected
- IPv4 WAN Address:**
- Subnet Mask:**
- Default Gateway:**
- IPv4 DNS Address 1:**

On the left side, there is a sidebar menu with 'Network Connections' highlighted. Other menu items include 'Network Devices', 'Network Settings', 'Network Objects', 'Port Configuration', and 'Routing'. The 'Network Settings' section is expanded, showing options like 'ARP Table', 'DNS Server', 'Dynamic DNS', 'IPv4 Address Distribution', 'IPv6', 'IPv6 Address Distribution', 'MAC Cloning', and 'NDP Table'.

NETWORK SETTINGS



2. From the connection's **Enable Settings** page, to enable or disable the connection, move the selector to **on** or **off**.
3. To rename the network connection, enter the new name in the **Name** field.
4. Click **Apply** to save changes.

CONFIGURING THE BROADBAND CONNECTION

To configure the connection:

1. On the bottom of the **Broadband Connection (Cellular)** page, click **Settings**. The configuration page displays.

The screenshot shows the Verizon Business Internet Gateway configuration interface. The top navigation bar includes the Verizon logo, 'Basic', and 'Advanced' tabs. The left sidebar lists various network settings, with 'Network Connections' highlighted. The main content area is titled 'Broadband Connection (Cellular) Settings' and is divided into 'General' and 'WAN IP Address' sections. The 'General' section includes a warning about advanced technical users, a 'Status' field set to 'Disconnected', a 'Network' field set to 'Broadband Connection (Cellular)', and a 'Connection Type' field set to 'Disconnected'. The 'MTU' field is set to 'Automatic' with a value of '1500'. The 'Internet APN' field is set to 'V5GADINTERNET'. The 'WAN IP Address' section shows the 'Internet Protocol' set to 'Obtain IPv4 Address Automatically'.

This screenshot shows the 'WAN IP Address' section of the 'Broadband Connection (Cellular) Settings' page. The 'Internet Protocol' is set to 'Obtain IPv4 Address Automatically'. There is an option to 'Override Subnet Mask' with a value of '0.0.0.0'. The 'DHCP Lease' section has 'Release' and 'Renew' buttons. The 'Expires In' field is empty. The 'IPv4 DNS' field is set to 'Obtain IPv4 DNS Address Automatically'. The 'Internet Connection Firewall' is checked and set to 'Enable', with a note: 'This feature provides the ability to change the default firewall setting on this interface. We highly recommend that you do not change the default setting.' An 'Apply' button is located at the bottom of the page.

NETWORK SETTINGS

2. Configure the following settings, as needed.

General

Verify the following information:

- **Status** – displays the connection status of the network.
- **Network** – displays the type of network connection.
- **Connection Type** – displays the type of connection interface.
- **MTU** – specifies the largest packet size permitted for internet transmissions:
 - **Automatic**: sets the MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit at 1500).
 - **Automatic by DHCP**: sets the MTU according to the DHCP connection.
 - **Manual**: allows you to manually set the MTU.
- **Internet APN** (Access Point Name) – you may input APN information for your private network.

WAN IP Address

- In the **Internet Protocol** section of **WAN IP Address**, specify one of the following:
 - **No IPv4 Address**: the connection has no IP address. This is useful if the connection operates under a bridge.

-
- **Obtain an IPv4 Address Automatically:** the network connection is required by your service provider to obtain an IP address automatically. The server assigning the IP address also assigns a subnet mask address, which can be overridden by entering another subnet mask address.
 - **Use the Following IP Address:** the network connection uses a permanent or static **IP address** and **Subnet Mask** address, provided by your service provider or experienced network technician.
 - To override the subnet mask, select the **Override Subnet Mask** check box, then enter the new subnet mask.
 - Click **Release/Renew** in the **DHCP Lease** field to drop/get an IP address from the DHCP server.
 - In the **Expires In** field, enter the amount of time a network device is allowed to connect to the Verizon Internet Gateway for Business with its currently issued dynamic IP address.
 - **IPv4 DNS** - selects **Obtain IPv4 DNS Address Dynamically** for using Dynamic DNS. Each time the public IP address changes, the DNS database is automatically updated with the new IPv4 address. In this way, even though the IP address changes often, the domain name remains constant and accessible.

NETWORK SETTINGS

- **Internet Connection Firewall** - allows you to enable or disable the firewall configuration on this interface.
3. Click **Apply** to save changes.

5.1j/ NETWORK OBJECTS

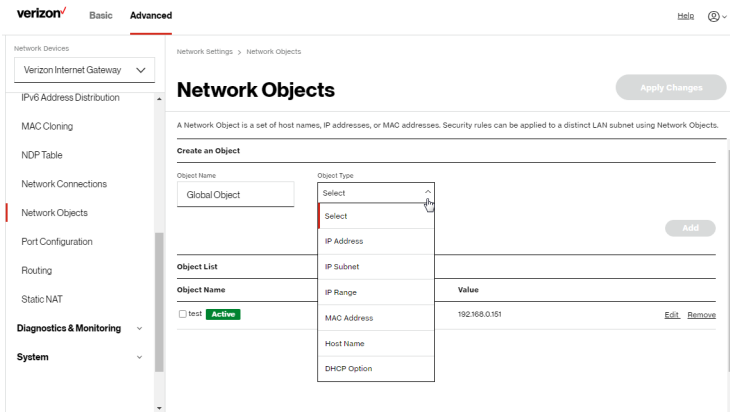
Network objects define a group, such as a group of computers, on your Gateway network by MAC address, IP address, and/or host name. The defined group becomes a network object. You can apply settings, such as configuring system rules, to all devices defined in the network object.

For example, instead of setting the same website filtering configuration individually to five computers one at a time, you can define the computers as a network object. Website filtering can then be simultaneously applied to all the computers.

You can use network objects to apply security rules based on host names, instead of IP addresses. This is useful since IP addresses change from time to time. In addition, you can define network objects according to MAC address to make the rule application more persistent against network configuration settings.

To define a network object:

1. From the **Advanced** menu, select **Network Settings**.
2. Select **Network Objects** in the **Network Settings** section.



3. To define a network object, enter a name for the network object in the **Objects Name** field.
4. Select and configure the type of network object as IP address, IP subnet, IP range, MAC address, host name, or DHCP option, and click **Add**.
5. The network object displays in the **Objects List** section.
6. Repeat the above steps to create additional network objects.
7. When complete, click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

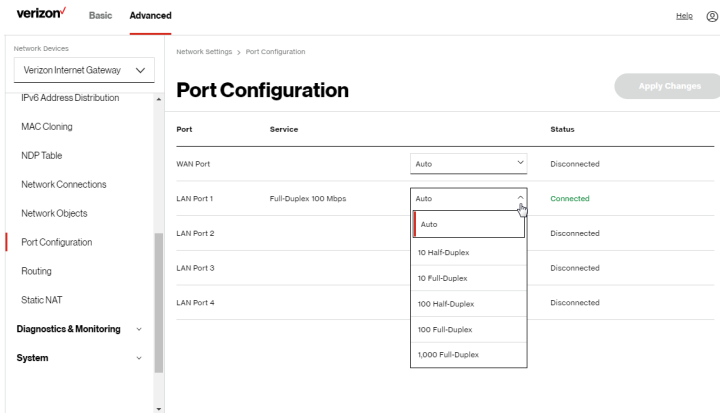
5.1k/ PORT CONFIGURATION

Ethernet port configuration allows you to set up the Ethernet ports as either full- or half-duplex ports, at either 10 Mbps, 100 Mbps, or 1000 Mbps.

NETWORK SETTINGS

To configure the ports:

1. Select **Port Configuration** in the **Network Settings** section.



2. To emulate the speed and duplex configuration of the port with which it's communicating, select **Auto** or select the port speed and duplicity.
3. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

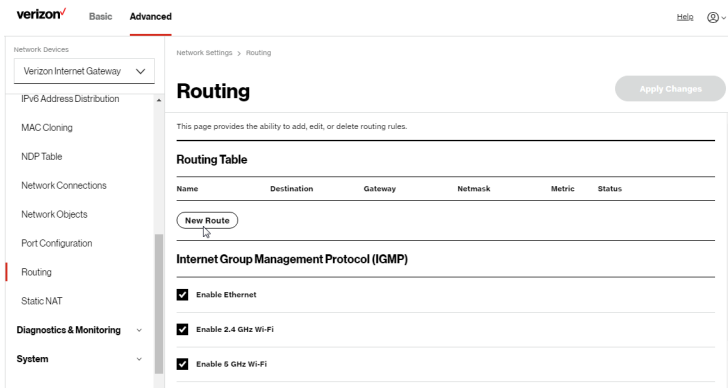
5.11/ ROUTING

You can view the routing and IP address distribution rules as well as add, edit, or delete the rules.

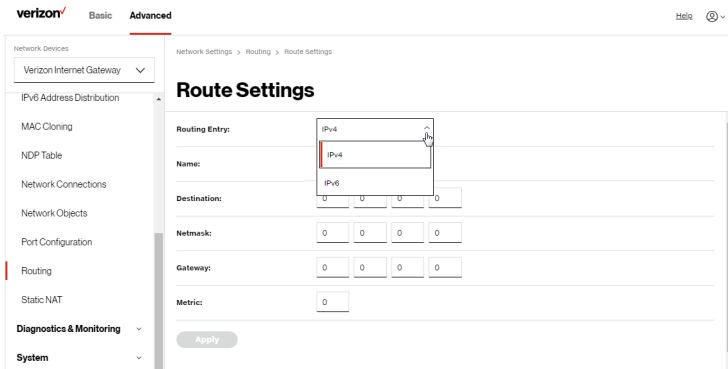
Routing Table

To view the rules:

1. Select **Routing** in the **Network Settings** section.



2. To add a new Route, click **New Route**.



3. Specify the following parameters:
- **Routing Entry** – select the IP address type.
 - **Name** – the network connection type.

NETWORK SETTINGS

- **Destination** – enter the destination IP of the destination host, subnet address, network address, or default route. The destination for a default route is 0.0.0.0.
 - **Netmask** – enter the network mask. This is used in conjunction with the destination to determine when a route is used.
 - **Gateway** – enter the IP address of your Gateway.
 - **Metric** – enter a measurement preference of the route. Typically, the lowest metric is the most preferred route. If multiple routes exist to a specific destination network, the route with the lowest metric is used.
4. Click **Apply** and **Apply Changes** to save changes.

Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP)

IGMP allows for managing a single upstream interface and multiple downstream interfaces of the IGMP/MLD (Multicast Listener Discovery)-based forwarding. This function enables the system to send IGMP host messages on behalf of hosts that the system discovers through standard IGMP interfaces. Also, IGMP snooping allows an Ethernet switch to “listen in” on the IGMP conversation between hosts and routers, while IGMP querier will send out periodic IGMP queries.

To enable this function:

1. Choose the IGMP interfaces by clicking on the check boxes on the screen.
2. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

5.2/ DIAGNOSTICS & MONITORING

5.2a/ BANDWIDTH MONITORING

You can view and monitor the recorded bandwidth usage measured in bytes.

To view the bandwidth:

1. From the **Advanced** menu, select **Diagnostics & Monitoring**.
2. In the **Diagnostics & Monitoring** section, select **Bandwidth Monitoring**.

The screenshot shows the Verizon Business Internet Gateway interface. The top navigation bar includes the Verizon logo, 'Basic', and 'Advanced' tabs. The left sidebar menu is expanded to 'Diagnostics & Monitoring', with 'Bandwidth Monitoring' selected. The main content area is titled 'Bandwidth Monitoring' and has tabs for 'WAN' and 'LAN'. Below the tabs is a table showing usage for 'Upload' and 'Download' across five time periods: 1hr, 12hr, 24hr, 1Week, and 1Month. All values are currently 0 bytes. To the right of the table are an 'Auto-refresh' toggle switch (which is turned on) and a 'Refresh' button.

Usage	1hr	12hr	24hr	1Week	1Month
Upload	0 bytes	0 bytes	0 bytes	0 bytes	0 bytes
Download	0 bytes	0 bytes	0 bytes	0 bytes	0 bytes

3. To refresh the page, click **Refresh**.
4. To continuously refresh the page, click **Auto-refresh on**.

5.2b/ DIAGNOSTICS

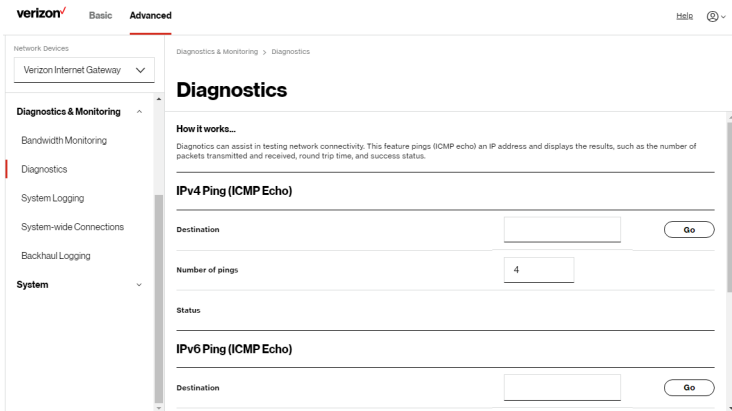
You can use diagnostics to test network connectivity.

To diagnose network connectivity:

1. Select **Diagnostics** in the **Diagnostics & Monitoring** section.

DIAGNOSTICS & MONITORING

2. To ping an IP address, enter the IP address or domain name in the **Destination** field and click **Go**.



The screenshot shows the Verizon diagnostics interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Basic' and 'Advanced', with 'Advanced' selected. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with categories: 'Network Devices' (Verizon Internet Gateway), 'Diagnostics & Monitoring' (selected), 'Bandwidth Monitoring', 'Diagnostics', 'System Logging', 'System-wide Connections', 'Backhaul Logging', and 'System'. The main content area is titled 'Diagnostics' and includes a 'How it works...' section. Below this, there are two sections for pinging: 'IPv4 Ping (ICMP Echo)' and 'IPv6 Ping (ICMP Echo)'. The IPv4 section has a 'Destination' input field, a 'Number of pings' dropdown set to '4', and a 'Go' button. The IPv6 section has a 'Destination' input field and a 'Go' button.

The diagnostics will display the number of pings, status, packets sent, and round trip time.

If no diagnostic status displays, click refresh in your web browser.

5.2c/ SYSTEM LOGGING

System logging provides a view of the most recent activity of your Gateway. In addition, you can view additional logs, such as the security, advanced, firewall, WAN link and LAN DHCP.

To view the system log:

1. Select **System Logging** in the **Diagnostics & Monitoring** section.

Network Devices
Verizon Internet Gateway

Diagnosics & Monitoring

- Bandwidth Monitoring
- Diagnosics
- System Logging**
- System-wide Connections
- Backhaul Logging
- System

Diagnosics & Monitoring > System Logging > System Log

System Logging

Options Refresh Save

Time	Event type	Log Level	Details
2000 Jan 5 19:28:00	FSNO21VA	notice	[SYS] LED dim on/off pattern: dim
2000 Jan 5 19:23:27	dnsmasq	info	[SYS:6][SYS] read /etc/ipv4_hosts - 4 addresses
2000 Jan 5 19:23:27	dnsmasq	info	[SYS:6][SYS] read /etc/ipv6_hosts - 0 addresses
2000 Jan 5 19:23:27	dnsmasq	info	[SYS:6][SYS] read /etc/hosts.dnsmasq-dns-land - 3 addresses
2000 Jan 5 19:23:27	dnsmasq	info	[SYS:6][SYS] read /etc/hosts - 3 addresses
2000 Jan 5 19:23:04	FSNO21VA	notice	[SYS] LED dim off
2000 Jan 5 19:14:00	FSNO21VA	notice	[SYS] LED dim on/off pattern: dim
2000 Jan 5 19:04:04	dnsmasq	info	[SYS:6][SYS] read /etc/ipv4_hosts - 2 addresses

- To view a specific time of log event, click on the **Options** button.

Network Devices
Verizon Internet Gateway

Diagnosics & Monitoring

- Bandwidth Monitoring
- Diagnosics
- System Logging**
- System-wide Connections
- Backhaul Logging
- System

Diagnosics & Monitoring > System Logging > System Log

System Logging

System Log Security Log Advanced Log Firewall Log WANDHCP Log LAN DHCP Log

Log viewing options

Past day

Past week

Custom range

Start Date: 01/05/80 Start Time: 12:00 am

End Date: 01/05/80 End Time: 12:00 am

Cancel Save

- Select your preferred logging time.
- Click **Save** to save changes.

DIAGNOSTICS & MONITORING

5. To view a specific type of log event such as Security Log, WAN Log, etc., click the appropriate link in the menu on the top.
6. To update the data, click **Refresh**.

5.2d/ SYSTEM-WIDE CONNECTIONS

You can view a summary of the monitored data collected for your Gateway.

To view your Gateway's full system status and traffic monitoring data:

1. Select **System-wide Connections** in the **Diagnostics & Monitoring** section.

Network Devices: Verizon Internet Gateway

Network Settings

Diagnostics & Monitoring

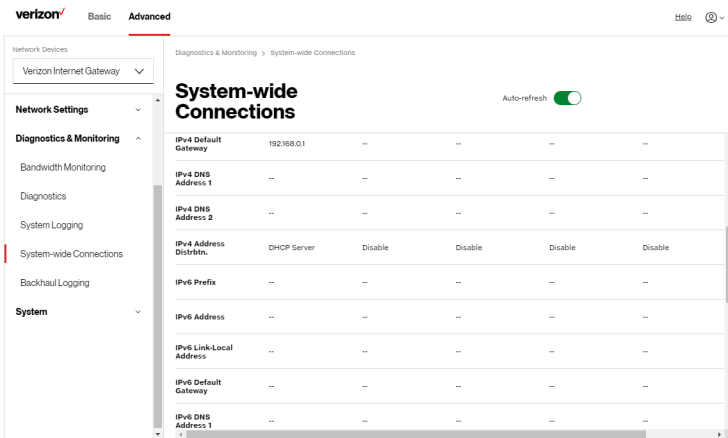
- Bandwidth Monitoring
- Diagnostics
- System Logging
- System-wide Connections
- Backhaul Logging

System

System-wide Connections

Auto-refresh

Name	Network (Home/Office)	Broadband Connection (Ethernet)	Broadband Connection (Cellular)	5 GHz Wi-Fi Access Point	2.4 GHz Wi-Fi Access Point
Status	Connected	Disconnected	Disconnected	Connected	Disconnected
Underlying Device	Network (Home/Office)	Broadband Connection (Ethernet)	Broadband Connection (Cellular)	Network (Home/Office)	Network (Home/Office)
Connection Type	5 GHz Wi-Fi Access Point 2.4 GHz Wi-Fi Access Point	Broadband Connection (Ethernet)	Cellular	5 GHz Wi-Fi Access Point	2.4 GHz Wi-Fi Access Point
MAC Address	98:CB:54:8D:97:80	--	--	98:CB:54:8D:9A:11	98:CB:54:8D:9C:05
IPv4 Address	192.168.0.1	--	--	--	--
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	--	--	--	--



Network Devices
Verizon Internet Gateway

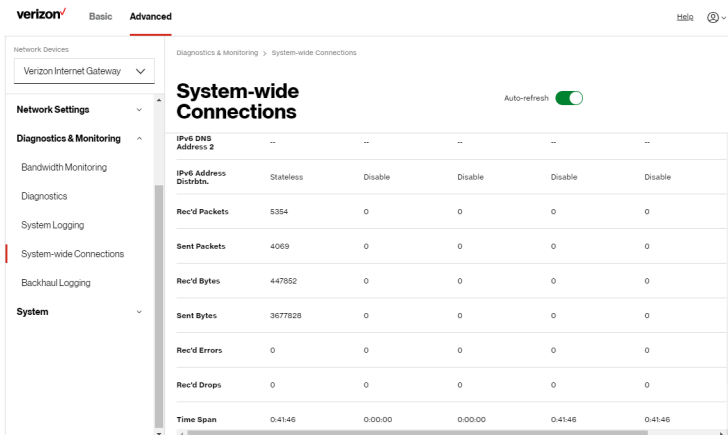
Basic **Advanced** Help

Diagnosics & Monitoring > System-wide Connections

System-wide Connections

Auto-refresh

IPv4 Default Gateway	192.168.0.1	--	--	--	--
IPv4 DNS Address 1	--	--	--	--	--
IPv4 DNS Address 2	--	--	--	--	--
IPv4 Address Distribn.	DHCP Server	Disable	Disable	Disable	Disable
IPv6 Prefix	--	--	--	--	--
IPv6 Address	--	--	--	--	--
IPv6 Link-Local Address	--	--	--	--	--
IPv6 Default Gateway	--	--	--	--	--
IPv6 DNS Address 1	--	--	--	--	--



Network Devices
Verizon Internet Gateway

Basic **Advanced** Help

Diagnosics & Monitoring > System-wide Connections

System-wide Connections

Auto-refresh

IPv6 DNS Address 2	--	--	--	--	--
IPv6 Address Distribn.	Stateless	Disable	Disable	Disable	Disable
Rec'd Packets	5354	0	0	0	0
Sent Packets	4069	0	0	0	0
Rec'd Bytes	447952	0	0	0	0
Sent Bytes	3677828	0	0	0	0
Rec'd Errors	0	0	0	0	0
Rec'd Drops	0	0	0	0	0
Time Span	0:41:46	0:00:00	0:00:00	0:41:46	0:41:46

2. To modify the connection properties, click the individual connection links.
3. To continuously refresh the page, click **Auto-refresh on**.

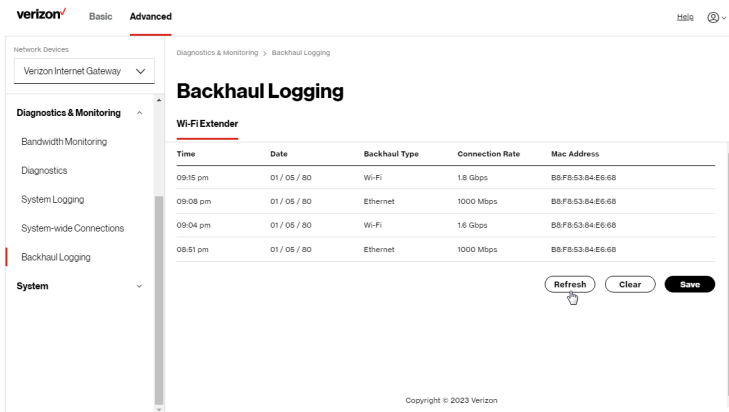
DIAGNOSTICS & MONITORING

5.2e/ BACKHAUL LOGGING

You can view a summary of the BHM (backhaul modes: Ethernet and Wi-Fi) status of your network.

To view the backhaul modes log:

1. Select **Backhaul Logging** in the **Diagnostics & Monitoring** section.



The screenshot shows the Verizon network management interface. The top navigation bar includes the Verizon logo, 'Basic', and 'Advanced' tabs. The left sidebar lists various monitoring sections, with 'Backhaul Logging' selected. The main content area is titled 'Backhaul Logging' and shows a table of logs for a 'Wi-Fi Extender'. The table has five columns: Time, Date, Backhaul Type, Connection Rate, and Mac Address. There are four log entries. Below the table are three buttons: 'Refresh', 'Clear', and 'Save'.

Time	Date	Backhaul Type	Connection Rate	Mac Address
09:15 pm	01 / 05 / 20	Wi-Fi	1.8 Gbps	B8F853.84.E6.68
09:08 pm	01 / 05 / 20	Ethernet	1000 Mbps	B8F853.84.E6.68
09:04 pm	01 / 05 / 20	Wi-Fi	1.6 Gbps	B8F853.84.E6.68
08:51 pm	01 / 05 / 20	Ethernet	1000 Mbps	B8F853.84.E6.68

2. To refresh the page, click **Refresh**.
3. To delete the log information, click **Clear**.
4. To save the log information, click **Save**.

5.3/ SYSTEM

5.3a/ SYSTEM STATUS

To view the status:

1. From the **Advanced** menu, select **System**.
2. You can quickly view your Gateway's status by selecting **System Status** in the **System** section.
3. To refresh the page, click **Refresh**.
4. To continuously refresh the page, click **Auto-refresh on**.

This section displays the status of your Gateway's local network (LAN) and internet connection (WAN), firmware and hardware version numbers, MAC Address, IP settings of Verizon Internet Gateway for Business and extender(s) (if connected).

The screenshot shows the Verizon Internet Gateway management interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Basic' and 'Advanced', with 'Advanced' selected. A 'Network Devices' dropdown menu shows 'Verizon Internet Gateway'. The main navigation sidebar on the left lists various system settings, with 'System Status' highlighted. The main content area is titled 'System Status' and shows the 'WAN1 (Ethernet)' connection status as 'Disconnected'. Below this, there are sections for 'Broadband IPv4' and 'Broadband IPv6', both also showing 'Status Disconnected'. At the top right of the main content area, there is an 'Auto-refresh' toggle switch (currently turned on) and a 'Refresh' button. The bottom of the page shows a status bar with 'WAN1 Disconnected (lined / max 0 / 30000)'.

SYSTEM

verizon Basic **Advanced** Help

Network Devices
Verizon Internet Gateway

System

- System Status
- Date & Time
- Factory Reset
- LED Brightness
- Open Source Software
- Reboot Router
- Remote Administration
- System Settings

System Status

Auto-refresh Refresh

WAN2 (Cellular)

Broadband IPv4	Broadband IPv6
Status Disconnected	Status Disconnected
IPv4 address is from: Cellular Modem	IPv6 address is from: Cellular Modem
IPv4 address	Assigned Prefix
Subnet Mask	IPv6 Address
IPv4 Default Gateway	Link-Local Address
IPv4 DNS Address 1	IPv6 Default Gateway
IPv4 DNS Address 2	IPv6 DNS Address 1
NATs Supported (used / max) 0 / 30000	IPv6 DNS Address 2

verizon Basic **Advanced** Help

Network Devices
Verizon Internet Gateway

System

- System Status
- Date & Time
- Factory Reset
- LED Brightness
- Open Source Software
- Reboot Router
- Remote Administration
- System Settings

System Status

Auto-refresh Refresh

Modem

Firmware version NFC-SDWMS-3143-0000-B01
Mobile number -
IMEI 356405430010752
ICCID 89148000008314862495
Sim status Ready
Roaming status -
4G LTE Signal Strength -
5G Signal Strength -

The screenshot shows the 'System Status' page for a Router. The interface includes a Verizon logo, navigation tabs for 'Basic' and 'Advanced', and a 'Home' link. A dropdown menu shows 'Verizon Internet Gateway'. A left sidebar lists system settings: System Status, Date & Time, Factory Reset, LED Brightness, Open Source Software, Reboot Router, Remote Administration, and System Settings. The main content area displays the following information:

- Router**
- Firmware Version: 3.2.0.6-eng0
- Hardware Version: 4.0
- Model Name: FSN021VA
- Serial Number: ABH22300946
- LAN IP Address: 192.168.0.1
- Broadband MAC address: 98-C8-54-6D-98-1D
- Broadband Physical Connection: Disconnected
- Router has been active for: 0 day(s) 0 hours 53 minutes 59 seconds
- LED Status: LTE coverage only / No signal

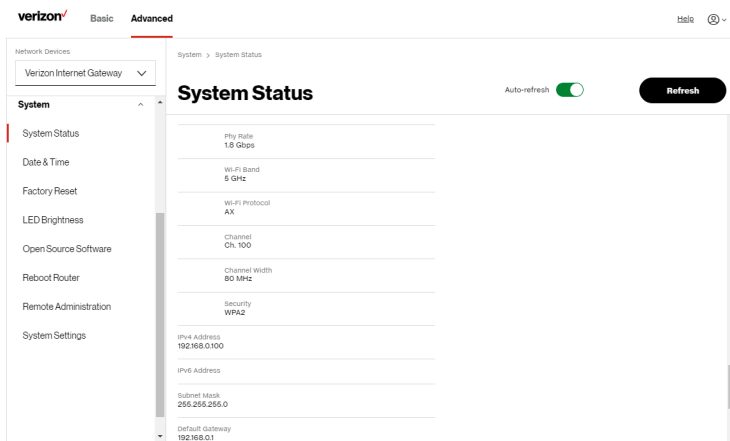
At the top right of the main content area, there is an 'Auto-refresh' toggle (turned on) and a 'Refresh' button.

The screenshot shows the 'System Status' page for an Extender. The interface is identical to the Router page above. The left sidebar is the same. The main content area displays the following information:

- Extender**
- Device Name: E3200-3869384-6568
- Model Name: E3200
- Firmware Version: 3.11.5
- Hardware Version: 1102
- Serial Number: E30120071800005
- MAC Address: 68-F8-53-84-E6-68
- System Up Time: 0 day(s) 0 hours 55 minutes 25 seconds
- LED Status: Extender is too close to the Router. Poor Wi-Fi coverage
- Backhaul Type: 5 GHz Wi-Fi

At the top right of the main content area, there is an 'Auto-refresh' toggle (turned on) and a 'Refresh' button.

SYSTEM

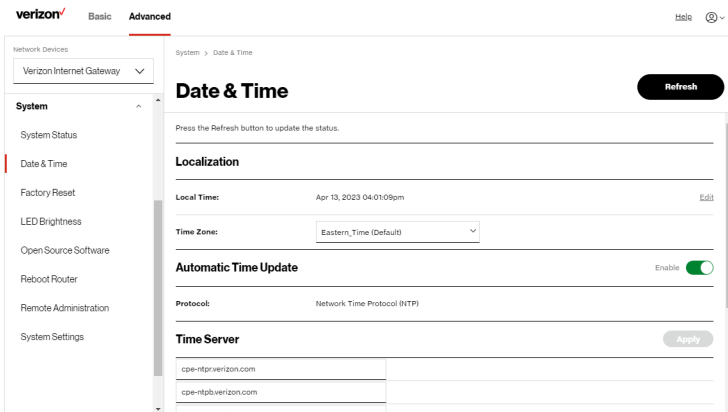


5.3b/ DATE & TIME SETTINGS

You can set the time zone and enable automatic time updates.

To configure the settings:

1. From the **Advanced** menu, select **System**.
2. Select **Date & Time** in the **System** section.



3. Select the local time zone. Your Gateway automatically detects daylight saving times for selected time zone.
4. In the **Automatic Time Update** section, click **Enable on** to perform an automatic time update.
5. Define the time server addresses.
6. Enter the IP address or domain name of the time server, then click **Apply** to save changes.
7. To refresh the page, click **Refresh**.

5.3c/ FACTORY RESET

You can use this functionality to save and load configuration files. These files are used to backup and restore the current configuration of your Gateway.

SYSTEM

Only configuration files saved on a specific Verizon Internet Gateway for Business can be applied to that Verizon Internet Gateway for Business. You cannot transfer configuration files between Gateways.

***Warning:** Manually editing a configuration file can cause your Gateway to malfunction or become completely inoperable.*

Restore Options

You can restore your configuration settings to your Gateway factory default settings. Restoring the default settings erases the current configuration, including user defined settings and network connections. All connected DHCP clients must request new IP addresses. Your Gateway must restart.

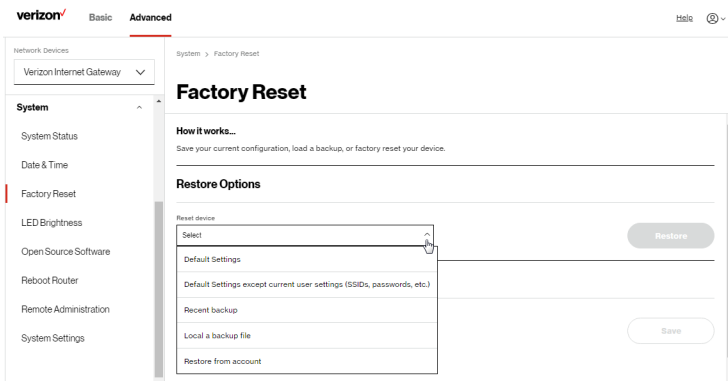
Prior to restoring the factory defaults, you may want to save your current configuration to a file. This allows you to reapply your current settings and parameters to the default settings, as needed.

***Note:** When restoring defaults, the setting and parameters of your Gateway are restored to their default values. This includes the administrator password. A user-specified password will no longer be valid.*

To restore your Gateway's factory default settings:

1. Click **Factory Reset** in the **System** section.
2. Select **Default Settings** or **Default Settings except current user settings**.
 - **Default Settings** – will erase all router settings including user settings for SSID and Passwords.

- **Default Settings except current user settings** – will erase all router settings but will retain the user settings for SSID and passwords.



3. Click the **Restore** button. The factory default settings are applied and your Gateway restarts. Once complete, the Login page for the First Time Easy Setup Wizard displays.

To load the configuration file:

1. Select **Factory Reset** in the **System** section.
2. To load a previously saved configuration file, select **Recent backup** or **Load a backup file** then click **choose file**.
3. Browse to the location of the file, and click the **Restore** button to begin the configuration uploading process.
4. Accessing the **My Fios App** or the **My Verizon** account also allows you to restore the previously saved settings. Select

SYSTEM

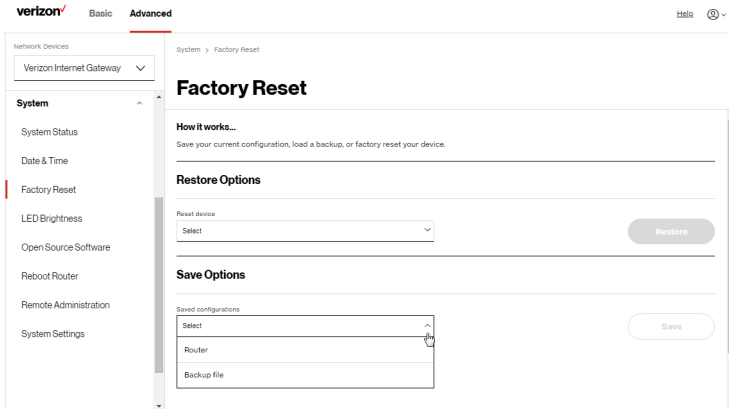
Restore from account and use **My Fios App** or **My Verizon** account to restore the saved settings to the Gateway.

5. Click the **Restore** button. Your Gateway will automatically restart with that configuration.

Save Options

To save the configuration file:

1. From the **Advanced** menu, select **System**.
2. Select **Factory Reset** in the **System** section.



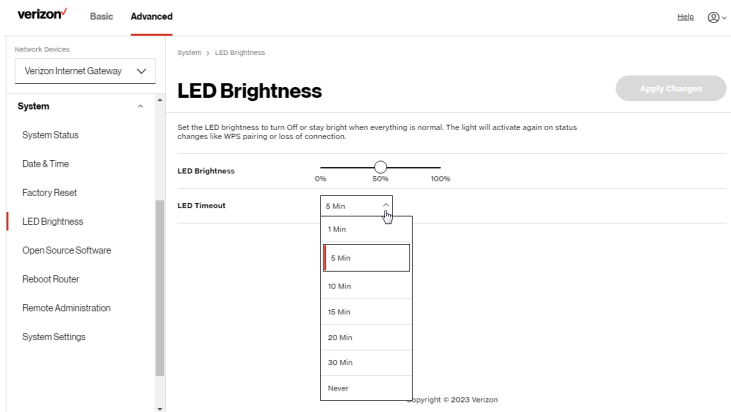
3. Select **Router** or **Backup file** to save the current configuration, then click **Save** button.
4. If you select **Backup file**, the configuration file is saved to you web browser's download folder.
5. Click **Save** button to begin the configuration backup process.

5.3d/ LED BRIGHTNESS

The Verizon Internet Gateway for Business allows you to set the LED brightness to turn Off (0%) or stay bright (50% or 100%) using the user interface.

To control the LED brightness:

1. Select **LED Brightness** in the **System** section.

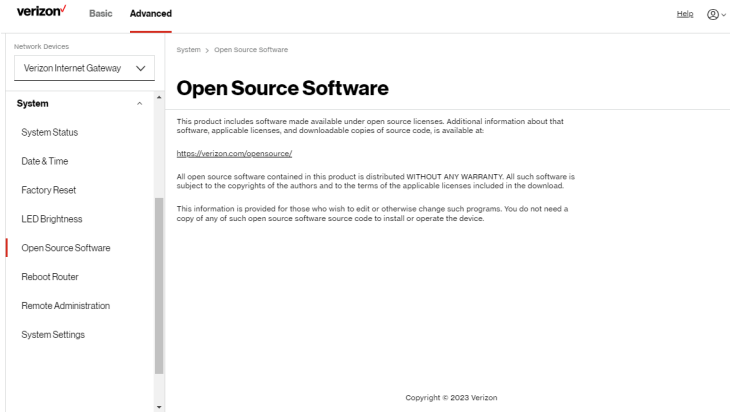


2. Slide the bar to adjust the brightness of the LED.
3. Select your preferred timeout period (in minutes) from the dropdown list for the LED dimming setting. The Status LED will automatically turn off after the timeout period.
4. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

Note: *The light will activate again on status changes like WPS pairing or loss of connection.*

SYSTEM

5.3e/ OPEN SOURCE SOFTWARE



To view: From the **Advanced** menu, select **System** from the left pane and then click **Open Source Software**.

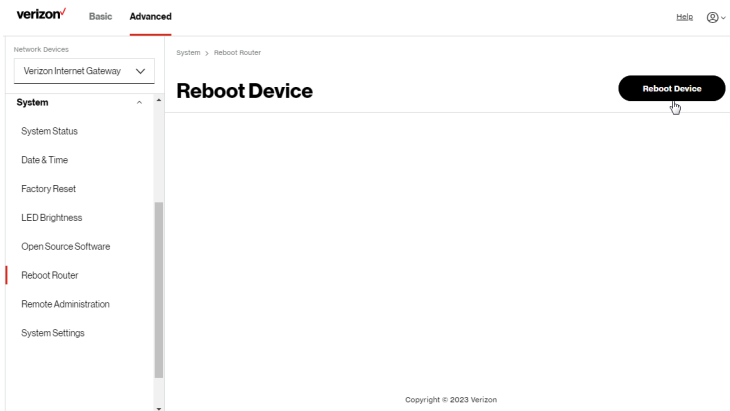
5.3f/ REBOOT VERIZON INTERNET GATEWAY FOR BUSINESS

Warning: Only select *Reboot Router* if instructed to do so by Verizon support.

You can reboot your Gateway using the Reboot Router feature. Refer to 1.1a/ Reset Button for factory reset function.

To reboot your Gateway using the user interface:

1. Select **Reboot Router** in the **System** section.



2. To reboot, click **Reboot Device**. Your Gateway will reboot. This may take up to a minute.
3. To access your Gateway user interface, refresh your web browser.
4. After the Status LED on the front panel turns solid white, you will automatically be sent to the web browser login page.

5.3g/ REMOTE ADMINISTRATION

Caution: *Enabling Remote Administration places your Gateway network at risk from outside attacks.*

You can access and control your Gateway not only from within the local network, but also from the internet using **Remote Administration**.

SYSTEM

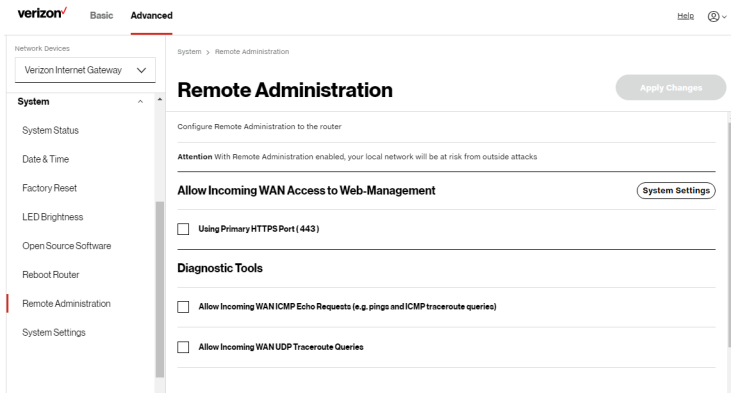
You can allow incoming access to the following:

- **Allow Incoming WAN Access to Web-Management** - used to obtain access to your Gateway's UI and gain access to all settings and parameters through a web browser.
- **Diagnostic Tools** - used for troubleshooting and remote system management by a user or Verizon.

Remote administration access of Web Management may be used to modify or disable firewall settings. Web Management services should be activated only when absolutely necessary.

To enable remote administration:

1. Select **Remote Administration** in the **System** section.



2. To enable access, select the check box.
3. To remove access, clear the check box.
4. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

5.3h/ SYSTEM SETTINGS

You can configure various system and management parameters.

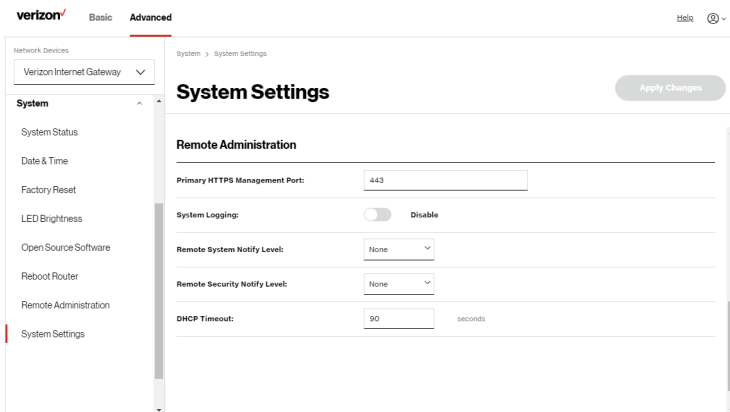
To configure system settings:

1. Select **System Settings** in the **System** section.

The screenshot shows the Verizon System Settings page. The left sidebar is expanded to the 'System' section, with 'System Settings' selected. The main content area is titled 'System Settings' and contains two sections: 'Router Status' and 'User Settings'. The 'Router Status' section includes fields for 'Router's Hostname' (FSH021VA), 'Local Domain' (mynetworksettings.com), and 'Location' (Other). The 'User Settings' section includes a 'User name' field (Admin), a 'Set new password' field (minimum 8 characters), and a 'Retype new password' field. An 'Apply Changes' button is located in the top right corner.

The screenshot shows the Verizon System Settings page. The left sidebar is expanded to the 'System' section, with 'System Settings' selected. The main content area is titled 'System Settings' and contains three sections: 'Unsuccessful Login Attempts', 'Router', and 'Remote Administration'. The 'Unsuccessful Login Attempts' section includes a dropdown menu set to '10' and the text 'maximum attempts'. The 'Router' section includes a checkbox for 'Automatic Refresh of System Monitoring Web Pages' (unchecked), a checked checkbox for 'Prompt for Password When Accessing via LAN', and a checked checkbox for 'Warn User Before Configuration Changes'. The 'Remote Administration' section includes a 'Session lifetime' field (600 seconds) and a dropdown menu for 'Number of concurrent sessions that can be logged into the router' (10). An 'Apply Changes' button is located in the top right corner.

SYSTEM



2. In the **Router Status** section, configure the following:
 - **Router's Hostname** – enter the host name of your Verizon Internet Gateway for Business.
 - **Local Domain** – view the local domain of the network.
 - **Location** – select your current location of the Gateway from the dropdown list.
3. In the **User Settings** section, you can view the administration user that can currently access your Wi-Fi network. In addition, you can modify the login password and manage the number of unsuccessful login attempts the administration user can enter before your Gateway temporarily denies all further login attempts by the user.

-
4. In the **Router** section, configure the following by selecting the check box:
 - **Automatic Refresh of System Monitoring Web Pages** – activates the automatic refresh of system monitoring web pages.
 - **Prompt for Password when Accessing via LAN** – causes your Gateway to ask for a password when trying to connect to the network.
 - **Warn User Before Configuration Changes** – activates user warnings before network configuration changes take effect.
 - In the **Session Lifetime** field, specify the length of time required before re-entering the login password after your Gateway has been inactive.
 - In the **Number of concurrent sessions that can be logged into the router** field, select the number of users that can access your Gateway at the same time.
 5. In the **Remote Administration** section, configure the following:
 - Enter the **Primary HTTP Management Port**.
Refer to 5.3g Remote Administration for using this feature.
 - In the **System Logging** section move the selector to **on** to activate system logging.

SYSTEM

- **Remote System Notify Level** – specify the type of information, such as none, error, warning, and information, received for remote system logging.
 - **Remote Security Notify Level** – specify the type of information, such as none, error, warning, and information, received for remote network security logging.
 - In the **DHCP Timeout** section, specify the DHCP timeout.
6. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

06 /

TROUBLE SHOOTING

6.0 Troubleshooting Tips

6.1 Frequently Asked Questions

This chapter lists solutions for issues that may be encountered while using your Verizon Internet Gateway for Business as well as frequently asked questions.

Although the majority of internet connectivity is automatic and transparent, if an issue does occur accessing the internet (e.g. complete loss of connectivity, inability to access services, etc.), you may need to take additional steps to resolve the problem.

TROUBLESHOOTING TIPS

Note: The advanced settings should only be configured by experienced network technicians to avoid adversely affecting the operation of your Gateway and your local network.

6.0/ TROUBLESHOOTING TIPS

6.0a/ IF YOU ARE UNABLE TO CONNECT TO THE INTERNET:

- The first thing to check is whether your Gateway is powered on and is connected to the internet. Check the Status LED on the front of the Gateway. Be sure to refer to the “1.1c/ LED” on page 8 to determine status of the Gateway.
- If the prior tips do not resolve your connection issue, try power cycling the Gateway by unplugging the power cord from the power supply and wait 2 minutes. During the 2 min. wait period, also power cycle the network device (e.g. the computer, tablet, etc.) and then plug the power cable back into the Gateway. After 3-5 minutes, recheck the Status LED and try again to access the internet.
- If rebooting your Gateway does not resolve your connection issue, try resetting the Gateway back to its factory default state by manually pressing the reset button on the bottom panel of the Gateway for 3+ seconds (the Status LED should go off) to begin resetting your Gateway. Your Gateway will perform a factory reset and return the Gateway to default settings. The Gateway will return to service in 3-5 minutes depending on your network connection. Check Status LED and if it is solid white, try again to access the internet.

6.0b/ IF YOU ARE UNABLE TO CONNECT TO YOUR VERIZON INTERNET GATEWAY FOR BUSINESS USING WI-FI:

- Be sure your Wi-Fi device is within range of your Gateway; move it closer to see if your connection improves.
- Check your network device's Wi-Fi settings to be sure your device's Wi-Fi is on (enabled) and that you have the correct Wi-Fi network and password (if using a Wi-Fi password) as configured on your Gateway.
- Be sure you are connecting to the correct Wi-Fi network; check to be sure you are using your Gateway's SSID. In some cases, if using a Wi-Fi password, you may need to enter the Wi-Fi password into your network device again to be sure your device accepts the password.
- Check to be sure you are running the latest software for your network device.
- Try turning your network device's Wi-Fi off and on, and try to connect.
- If you have made any changes in your network settings and turning your network device's Wi-Fi off and on does not help, try to restart your network device.
- You may need to turn the Wi-Fi settings from on to off, and back to on again and apply the changes.

TROUBLESHOOTING TIPS

- If you are still unable to access your Gateway, you may need to try connecting to the Gateway using another network device. If the issue goes away with another network device, the issue is likely with that individual network device's configuration.

6.0c/ ACCESSING YOUR VERIZON INTERNET GATEWAY FOR BUSINESS IF YOU ARE LOCKED OUT

- If your Gateway connection is lost while making configuration changes, a setting that locks access to Gateway's UI may have inadvertently been activated.

The common ways to lock access to your Gateway are:

- Scheduler - If a schedule has been created that applies to the computer over the connection being used, your Gateway will not be accessible during the times set in the schedule.
- Access Control - If the access control setting for the computer is set to block the computer, access to your Gateway is denied.

To gain access, restore the default settings to your Gateway.

6.0d/ RESTORING YOUR VERIZON INTERNET GATEWAY FOR BUSINESS' DEFAULT SETTINGS

There are two ways to restore the default settings of your Gateway. It is important to note that after performing either procedure, all previously save settings on your Gateway will be lost.

For additional information regarding the Restore Defaults feature, refer to section 5.3c/ Factory Reset/Restore Options.

- Using the tip of a paperclip or similar object, press and hold the Reset button on the bottom of your Gateway for over three seconds.
- Access the UI and navigate to the Advanced Settings page. Select the 5.3c/ Factory Reset option. After saving your configuration, if desired, click the Factory Default radio button. For additional details, refer to the 5.3c/ Factory Reset/Restore Options section of this guide.

Note: If you reset or reboot your Gateway, you may also need to disconnect your Gateway's power supply for a few minutes (3 or more) and then reconnect the power cable.

6.0e/ LAN CONNECTION FAILURE

To troubleshoot a LAN connection failure:

- Verify your Gateway is properly installed, LAN connections are correct, and that the Gateway and communicating network devices are all powered on.
- Confirm that the computer and your Gateway are both on the same network segment.

TROUBLESHOOTING TIPS

If unsure, let the computer get the IP address automatically by initiating the DHCP function, then verify the computer is using an IP address within the default range of 192.168.0.2 through 192.168.0.254. If the computer is not using an IP address within the correct IP range, it will not connect to your Gateway.

- Verify the subnet mask address is set to 255.255.255.0.

6.0f/ TIMEOUT ERROR OCCURS WHEN ENTERING THE URL OR IP ADDRESS

Verify the following:

- All computers are working properly.
- IP settings are correct.
- Your Gateway is on and connected properly.
- The Gateway settings are the same as the computer.

For connections experiencing lag or a slow response:

- Check for other devices on the network utilizing large portions of the bandwidth and if possible temporarily stop their current utilization and recheck the connection.
- If lag still exists, clear the cache on the computer and if still needed, unplug the Ethernet cable or disable the Wi-Fi connection to the computer experiencing the slow connection and then reconnect or enable the Wi-Fi connection and try the connection again.

In rare cases you may also need to:

- Unplug the Ethernet cable to your Gateway and restart the Gateway, wait 1-2 mins. and insert the Ethernet cable again.
- Under limited circumstances you may use a port forwarding configuration on the Gateway, based on the application you are using (refer to the 5.0e/ Port Forwarding section or Verizon's support online help for more details).

6.0g/ FRONT LED AND WPS BUTTON

Front LED Mode	Status	LED Pattern
Bootup	System off	Off
	System booting	Soft blink white
	Firmware update	Fast blink white
Cellular signal (or after single click pair button)	Passing signal	Solid white
	No signal/cold SIM	Solid red
	No SIM card	Hard blink red

TROUBLESHOOTING TIPS

Front LED Mode	Status	LED Pattern
Regular usage	Setup complete	50% bright white
	Wi-Fi disabled by user	Solid green
Pairing	WPS pairing	Hard blink blue
Other	Factory reset	Fast blink lime
	Firmware error	Soft blink red

The rear panel's WPS Button allows quick access to the Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) feature and handset paging/paring mode.

6.0h/ REAR LIGHTED INDICATORS

Ethernet Port LED Mode	Status	Left LED	Right LED
Wired LAN connection * Threshold level can be decided based on port capability	Ethernet > 100M* Link	Off	Solid white
	Ethernet > 100M* Activity	Off	Blinking white
	Ethernet < 100M* Link	Solid yellow	Off
	Ethernet < 100M* Activity	Blinking yellow	Off
	No Ethernet connection	Off	Off

6.1/ FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

6.1a/ I'VE RUN OUT OF ETHERNET PORTS ON MY VERIZON INTERNET GATEWAY FOR BUSINESS. HOW DO I ADD MORE COMPUTERS OR DEVICES?

Plugging in an Ethernet hub or switch expands the number of ports on your Gateway.

- Run a straight-through Ethernet cable from the Uplink port of the new hub to the Gateway.

Use a crossover cable if there is no Uplink port/switch on your hub, to connect to the Gateway.

- Remove an existing device from the Ethernet port on your Gateway and use that port.

6.1b/ HOW DO I CHANGE THE PASSWORD ON MY GATEWAY UI?

To change the password:

1. On the main screen, select **Advanced**, then select **System Settings** in the **System** section.
2. In the **User Settings** section, set a new password.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

6.1c/ IS THE WI-FI OPTION ON BY DEFAULT ON MY GATEWAY?

Yes, your Gateway's Wi-Fi option is activated out of the box.

6.1d/ IS THE WI-FI SECURITY ON BY DEFAULT WHEN THE WI-FI OPTION IS ACTIVATED?

Yes, with the unique WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access II) key, also called the Wi-Fi Password, that is printed on the sticker on the back of your Gateway.

6.1e/ ARE THE GATEWAY'S ETHERNET PORTS AUTO-SENSING?

Yes. Either a straight-through or crossover Ethernet cable can be used.

6.1f/ CAN I USE AN OLDER WI-FI DEVICE TO CONNECT TO MY GATEWAY?

Yes, your Gateway can interface with 802.11b, g, n, ac or ax devices. The Gateway also can be setup to handle only n Wi-Fi cards, g Wi-Fi cards, b Wi-Fi cards, or any combination of the three.

6.1g/ CAN MY WI-FI SIGNAL PASS THROUGH FLOORS, WALLS, AND GLASS?

The physical environment surrounding your Gateway can have a varying effect on signal strength and quality. The denser the object, such as a concrete wall compared to a plaster wall, the greater the interference. Concrete or metal reinforced structures experience a higher degree of signal loss than those made of wood, plaster, or glass.

6.1h/ HOW DO I LOCATE THE IP ADDRESS THAT MY COMPUTER IS USING?

In Windows 8 or Windows 10, click the Windows button and select **Settings**, then click **Network & Internet** and **Status**. Click the **Properties** button for details of IP address.

On Mac OS X, open System Preferences and click the Network icon. The IP address displays near the top of the screen.

To find the IP address from the router GUI:

1. From the **Basic** menu, select **Devices** from the left pane.
2. Click the Settings icon to access the **Device Settings** page for that device to view detailed IP address information for the device.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

6.1i/ I USED DHCP TO CONFIGURE MY NETWORK. DO I NEED TO RESTART MY COMPUTER TO REFRESH MY IP ADDRESS?

No. In Windows 8, Windows 10 and Mac OSX, unplug the Ethernet cable or Wi-Fi card, then plug it back in.

6.1j/ I CANNOT ACCESS MY GATEWAY UI. WHAT SHOULD I DO?

If you cannot access the UI, verify the computer connected to your Gateway is set up to dynamically receive an IP address.

6.1k/ I HAVE A FTP OR WEB SERVER ON MY NETWORK. HOW CAN I MAKE IT AVAILABLE TO USERS ON THE INTERNET?

For a web server, enable port forwarding for port 80 to the IP address of the server. Also, set up the web server to receive that port. Configuring the server to use a static IP address is recommended.

For a FTP server, enable port forwarding for port 21 to the IP address of the server. Also, set up the web server to receive that port. Configuring the server to use a static IP address is recommended.

6.11/ HOW MANY COMPUTERS CAN BE CONNECTED THROUGH MY GATEWAY?

Your Gateway is capable of 254 connections, but we recommend having no more than 132 connections. As the number of connections increases, the available speed for each computer decreases.

07 /

SPECIFICATIONS

7.0 General Specifications

7.1 Connections

The specifications for your Verizon Internet Gateway for Business are as follows.

This includes standards, cabling types and environmental parameters.

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Note: The specifications listed in this chapter are subject to change without notice.

7.0/ GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Model Number:	FSNO21VA
Technical Standard:	LTE Category 18, 5G NR Sub 6
Frequency band:	4G LTE Band: B2/B5/B13/B48/B66 5G Band: n2/n5/n48/n66/n77
Wi-Fi Standard:	802.11 a/b/g/n/ac/ax
Dimensions:	164 mm x 160 mm x 84 mm
Weight:	970 g
Certifications:	FCC, UL
Operating Temperature:	5° C to 40° C (41° F to 104° F)
Storage Temperature:	-45° C to 70° C (-49° F to 158° F)
Operating Humidity:	5% to 90%
Storage Humidity:	5% to 95% (non-condensing)

7.1/ CONNECTIONS

DC Input:

source adapter: 12V/3A

Ethernet:

RJ-45 Gigabit
LAN ports x 4, WAN port x 1

08 /

NOTICES

8.0 Regulatory Compliance Notices

This chapter lists various compliance and modification notices, as well as the NEBS requirements and GPL.

REGULATORY COMPLIANCE NOTICES

8.0/ REGULATORY COMPLIANCE NOTICES

8.0a/ Class B Equipment

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/ TV technician for help.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the grantee of this device could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

FCC regulations restrict the operation of this device to indoor use only.

RF Exposure:

To comply with FCC RF exposure compliance requirements, the antenna used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 28cm from all persons (indoor), and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

8.0b/ NEBS (Network Equipment Building System) Statement

An external SPD is intended to be used with FSNO21VA.

WARNING: The intra-building ports of the equipment or subassembly is suitable for connection to intra-building or unexposed wiring or cabling only. The intra-building port(s) of the equipment or subassembly **MUST NOT** be metalically connected to interfaces that connect to the OSP or its wiring. These interfaces are designed for use as intra-building interfaces only (Type 4 ports as described in GR-1089) and require isolation from the exposed OSP cabling. The addition of Primary Protectors is not sufficient protection in order to connect these interfaces metalically to OSP wiring.

REGULATORY COMPLIANCE NOTICES

Caution: The Verizon Internet Gateway for Business must be installed inside the home or office. The Gateway is not designed for exterior installation.

8.0c/ GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

This product includes software made available under open source licenses. Additional information about that software, applicable licenses, and downloadable copies of source code, is available at:

<https://verizon.com/opensource/>

All open source software contained in this product is distributed WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY. All such software is subject to the copyrights of the authors and to the terms of the applicable licenses included in the download.

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